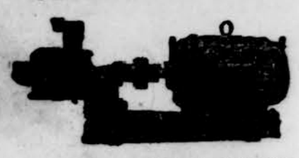
Regd. No. B. 1065 CITY EDITION Regd. No. B. 1065

PUMPS & PUMPSETS



THE INDUSTRIAL & AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING CO., 9, Forbes St., BOMBAY 1.

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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VOL. XXVI NO. 273 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1938 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Smuts Out To Fight It Out With Hitler

WARDHA PARLEYS

Mahatma's Suggestions To Travancore Deputation

TALKS WITH SIND PREMIER

WARDHA, Nov. 16.

The Travancore State Congress Delegation had another two hours interview with Gandhiji at Shegaon this afternoon and explained to him the situation in Travancore. It is stated that Mahatma Gandhi made some suggestions, which will be placed before the Working Committee of the State Congress, which will finally decide their future programme and line of action. It is learnt that Mahatmaji advised them to remain perfectly non-violent in all directions.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Chairman of the Congress Parliamentary Sub-Committee, Khan Bahadur Allah Baksh, and Acharya Kripalani met Mahatma Gandhi at Shegaon to-day and returned to Wardha in the evening. It is understood that they discussed the Sind political situation.

SIND CABINET ISSUE

It is also understood that Premier Allah Baksh discussed with the Sardar the implications of the Parliamentary Sub-Committee's statement issued from Wardha on September 9 regarding the Congress attitude in respect of the Sind Ministry. Discussions will be resumed to-morrow at Shegaon after which Khan Bahadur Allah Baksh will leave for Bombay 'en route' to Karachi.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES

The Tarvancore delegation leaves Wardha to-morrow evening. Some members of the Delegation will make a halt at Bombay to meet Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will leave for Bombay on the evening of November 18.

It is understood that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will arrive in Wardha on November 20.

The Hon. Pandit R. S. Shukla, the Premier of the C.P. and the Hon. Pandit D. P. Mishra will arrive here to-morrow and will meet Sardar Patel.

Mr. C. F. Andrews, who is now here, will open the Students' Federation Conference at Nagpur on Saturday.—A.P.

CONGRESS CABINET

To Meet At Wardha In First Week Of Next Month

BOMBAY, Nov. 16.

The Associated Press understands that the Congress Working Committee will meet at Wardha during the first week of December, possibly on December 5 and subsequent days.

The meeting will have to consider many outstanding questions such as the demand in the Indian States for Responsible Government, the Income-tax Bill in the Central Assembly, and other matters.

STOP PRESS

OPEN GATES OF ZION

LONDON, Nov. 16.

A meeting of the Zionist General Council in London attended by eighty delegates representing the Zionists throughout the world has appealed to the British people to open wide "the Gates of Zion" for the return of the Jewish people.—**Reuter.**

PEACE PARLEYS IN RAJKOT JAIL?

Dhaber Insists On Presence Of Sardar As First Condition

BOMBAY BATCH CONVICTED: MORE DEFIANCE OF BANS

RAJKOT, Nov. 16.

Twelve out of the fifteen Bombay volunteers who were arrested were released seven miles away from Rajkot last night.

Bombay volunteers have been served with notices prohibiting their entry into the State limits. They have resolved to break the orders.

NOTHING MORE. SAYS CADELL

"My terms of settlement are announced long before. It is now for the people to end this impasse."

NOTHING DOING. SAYS DHABER

No more talks for a settlement can be undertaken without the guidance of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

RAJKOT DEWAN IN BOMBAY

No Political Mission But Private Visit

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Sir Patric Cadell, Dewan of Rajkot, who arrived on Wednesday by 'plane, said in an interview to the "Chronicle" representative that his arrival had no political significance. He just came, he said, to receive Lady Cadell who is arriving to-day (Thursday) by the Mail Boat.

Regarding the rumour that he was to meet Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Sir Patric said that there was no truth in it. The question of my meeting the Sardar does not arise, he said, as the Sardar is out of Bombay."

Continuing he said that news of police atrocities was incorrect. The police simply carried out their duty according to law.

Asked about the resignation of the Magistrate and other officers, Sir Patric said that there was no truth in it.

Sir Patric added: "It is now for the people to end this impasse. My terms were announced long before. If the people of Rajkot agreed, peace would be immediately restored."

Sir Patric is leaving Bombay to-day (Thursday) by Kathiawar Mail for Rajkot.

Dhaber Sentenced To 6 Months

RAJKOT, Nov. 16.

Mr. Dhaber, the leader of the Rajkot Praja Parishad, who was arrested last week was sentenced to six months simple imprisonment on his having refused to furnish security of Rs. 1,000 for good conduct.

Send-off To Third Batch Of Satyagrahis

Mr. Nagindas Master, Vice-President, Mr. S. K. Patil, Secretary, and Mr. Bhavanji Arjun Khimji the treasurer of the B. P. C. C. were among the prominent persons present at the Central Station on Wednesday night, when Mr. Durlabhji Parikh and his batch of Satyagrahis left for Rajkot, and garlanded them after a hearty send-off was given by a large enthusiastic gathering.

RESIGNATIONS IN RAJKOT

Protest Against Repressive Policy

RAJKOT, Nov. 16.

Mr. Mahendra Singhji, Assistant Superintendent of Police and Mr. Pobaru, Inspector have both resigned their posts to-day. Their resignations are believed to be by way of protest against the present policy of the State authorities. However, it is not yet known whether their resignations have been accepted.

Another attempt at negotiations for a compromise was made tonight when Mr. Talakshi Doshi, saw Mr. U. N. Dhaber in jail The result of the talks are not known. But the "United Press" understands that Mr. Dhaber made it plain that no talks for a compromise could be undertaken without the guidance of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

Earlier in the day 12 members of the 2 batches from Bombay were released in the dark hours of the early morning near village Kalipat, eight miles from Rajkot.

The first batch of Jamnagar volunteers who arrived here today were not arrested. They were led by Mr. Vakabhai and were enthusiastically ovated on alighting from the station. Mr. Vakabhai assured Rajkot State subjects on behalf of the Jamnagar State subjects of the latter's fullest sympathy and support.

MANIBEN'S SPEECH

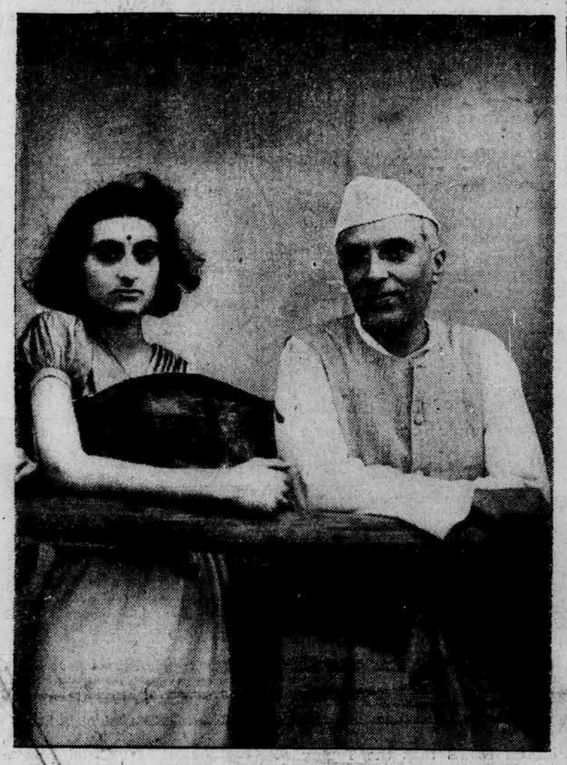
Miss Maniben Patel, daughter of Sardar Patel who returned after a tour of the villages gave detailed account of the heroic sufferings of the villagers gathered during her tour. The public meeting which she addressed was visibly moved by her account.

BOMBAY BATCH CONVICTED

Messrs. Ramjibhai Doshi, Virchand Panachand Shah and seven others who came in the first batch from Bombay were sentenced to-day to three months' imprisonment and Rs. 300 fine eacn. —United Press.

Dr. Jayabhai, President, Sevasangha. Dhrangadra wires to say that at a public meeting held there on Tuesday wishing success to the States' people struggle for Responsible Government, an amount of Rs. 151 was collected for Rajkot Fund

JAWAHAR ARRIVING TO-DAY



Smuts Won't Shirk War

S. W. Africa Is Sacred Trust And Essential For Union's Safety

MARITZBURG, Nov. 16.

"We are going to defend South Africa and its vital interests including South-West Africa to the uttermost" declared Gen. Smuts in a speech.

South-West Africa was entrusted to South Africa as a sacred trust by the League and if necessity arose, South Africa would fight for South-West, because it was essential for their safety.

Gen. Smuts added: "Mr. Pirow has gone to Britain to see that we get from the British Government and manufacturers the means of defence, vitally necessary for the protection of the Union."—Reuter.

INDIAN AIRMAN'S REMAINS CREMATED

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Nov. 16.

The remains of the Indian airman, Jayavant Ganpatrao Pathare, who fatally crashed in a field near Ashford on Thursday, were cremated to-day afternoon at Golders Green.

A number of Indian students were present on the occasion

NO RETURN OF TANGANYIKA

Governor's Communique On Britain's Policy

DARESSALAM, Nov. 16.

Considerable excitement is aroused here by reports of a meeting of the Tanganyika League at which Doctor S. B Malik, Indian Member of the Tanganyika Council, read with the authority of the Governor a Communique issued by Sir Mark Young

The Governor in the Communique referred to Mr. Chamber-

(Continued on page 4, col. 4)

DHULPET MURDER CASE

All 24 Accused Sentenced To Transportation For Life

(From Our Correspondent).

HYDERABAD RESY., Nov. 16.

The curtain was rung down today in Dhulpet Murder Case, in which Umraosingh, Joint Editor of "Musawath," Bombay and 23 others figured as accused charged with the murder of Allah Bandhe Mian and Nawaz Khan, during the communal riots which broke out in April last.

The jury consisting of nine members, after deliberating for five hours returned the verdict by a majority that the accused were responsible for the murder of Allah Bandhe Mian, but not guilty of the murder of Nawaz Khan.

Mr. Justice Khalleluzaman delivering the judgment sentenced all the 24 accused to transportation for life (20) years on the charge of the murder of Allah Bandhe Mian under Section 243 Asafiah Penal Code.

Further the accused were sentenced to one year rigorous imprisonment according to the opinion of the assessors under Section 266 for causing grievous injuries to Ibrahim Alikhan and to six months' rigorous imprisonment under Section 124 for rioting with deadly weapons.

Accused Umraosingh was sentenced to three years' rigorous imprisonment under Section 301 on the charge of luring the deceased into the lane.

The Judge ordered that the sentences should run concurrently.

POLICE PRECAUTIONS.

Elaborate police arrangements were made in the High Court premises. 100 constables were detailed for duty at various places including certain officers who were equipped with loaded pistols.

It might be recalled that Mr. K. F. Nariman was first engaged to appear in this case, and subsequent to his entry into the State being banned, Mr Bhulabhai Desai took up brief on behalf of the accused, and later relinquished it, when Brijbihari Tawakkalfy of the Federal Court was summoned to defend the accused.

Comedy Of Ban On Dr. Pattabhi

Police Officer's Effort To Detrain Him Proves Futile: Arriving In Bombay To-day

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT),

HYDERABAD (Deccan), Nov. 16.

Doctor Pattabhi Sitaramayya, President of the All-India States' People's Conference, passed through Secunderabad this morning en route to Bombay from Bezwada.

It will be recalled that the Nizam's Government recently banned the Doctor's entry into the State. An officer of the Hyderabad State police met Doctor Pattabhi at a station between Bezwada and Secunderabad and informed him that as the Nizam's Government had banned his entry into the State, he should travel by another route.

Pattabhi's Retort

Dr. Sitaramayya is reported to have demanded that he be shown the order to that effect. He also informed the officer that by whichever route he travelled to Bombay from Bezwada, he would pass through the Nizam's territory and therefore, he could not be stopped from doing so.

The police officer then withdrew, and Dr. Pattabhi continued his journey without interruption.

This incident was related by Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya to a number of local leaders who met him at Secunderabad station. He was on his way to Bombay to attend the meeting of the Working Committee of the Indian States' People's Conference to-morrow, and had to travel through the Nizam's Dominions, his route from Bezwada being via Secunderabad and Wadi. A police officer named Narayanswami Naidu accosted him at Dornakal station, and without serving any order, asked Dr. Pattabhi to abandon his journey and retrace his steps to Bezwada, as his entry into the State was banned. The police officer had no written or authorised order to show Dr. Pattabhi, but said that the order was to have been served on him at an earlier station. The officer did not have the original, as it was sent there, and he had only a copy of the order.

Dr. Pattabhi was stubborn and refused to take cognisance of the copy of the order and told the police officer that nobody could prevent him from travelling as he pleased. Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya and Mr. B. Ramakishnarao, who happened to travel by the same train from Madras were lustily cheered at all stations from Rupalayam up to Kammameth and were garlanded by a large crowd. Cries of "State Congress Zindabad," "Gandhi-ki-Jai," "Pattabhi Sitaramayya-ki-Jai" and "Ramkishnarao-ki-Jai" rented the air in almost all the station.

MISS PADMAJA JOINS

Dr. Pattabhi and Mr. Ramkishnarao were joined by Miss Padmaja Naidu at Kazipet, as she happened, by sheer coincidence, returning to Hyderabad from Delhi. Dr. Pattabhi alighted at Secunderabad to catch the Bombay train where elaborate police bondobust was made, and the Doctor was not even allowed to go out of the platform just to have his morning coffee at the Welcome Restaurant, situated opposite the Railway Station. A number of local leaders, including Mr. K. S. Vaidya Hanumanthrao Narsingharao saw Pattabhi off at Secunderabad.

A. I. STATES' PEOPLE'S CONFERENCE

Working Committee Meeting

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, President of the All-India States' People's Conference will arrive today (Thursday) by the Madras Mail in the morning at 6 a.m. to attend the Working Committee meeting of the All-India States' People's Conference which meets to-day in the office of the All-India States' People's Conference (138 Medows Street, Fort) at 3 p.m. to transact the following business. 1. Repressive policy of the Administrations in the various States of India. 2 Mode of election of delegates for the next session. 3. Dates and venue of the next session of the Conference. 4. Growing demand for Responsible Government in various States of India and other constitutional matter.

NIZAM GOVT.'S APPEAL TO DELHI?

Plea For Stoppage Of Satyagrahis From British India

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR, Nov. 16.

The first batch of Satyagrahis from Nagpur, who will offer civil disobedience in Hyderabad State will leave for Hyderabad to-morrow evening.

IT IS STRONGLY RUMOURED THAT NIZAM'S GOVERNMENT HAVE APPROACHED THE INDIA GOVERNMENT WITH THE PLEA THAT SUITABLE ACTION SHOULD BE TAKEN TO PREVENT THE INFLUX OF SATYAGRAHIS FROM BRITISH INDIAN PROVINCES UNDER THE PRINCES PROTECTION ACT.

ENGLAND BEATS IRELAND

LONDON, Nov. 16.

At Manchester, in International Football match, England beats Ireland by seven goals to nil.—**Reuter.**

ALLEGED TORTURE

Police And Village Officials On Trial

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, Nov. 16.

Eighteen persons, nine of whom are police and eight village officials, are being prosecuted at Raipur on charges of having resorted to torture, wrongful confinement, common intent and abetment. These offences are stated to have been committed by the accused in the course of investigation of a case of house-breaking and 23 witnesses have already been examined. The village officials have now applied to the court that they are willing to make a clean breast of the whole affair and should be made approvers. Orders are awaited.

In the England football team for the International match against Ireland to be played at Manchester, Morris (Wolverhampton) replaces Sproston, injured.

In the Irish team Twoomey (Leeds) replaces Breen.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE." if repeated the same evening in the BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

26. MATRIMONIAL

Well-known young Hindu Artist, from highly cultured and respectable family, with decent income desires to marry in any community; please communicate with latest photo: Box No. 11038, Bombay "Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Posts and Telegraphs—Wanted experienced Temporary Building Overseer able to prepare estimates for Repairs and original construction of Buildings and supervise the same. Pay Rs. 54 per month provisionally fixed but liable to be reduced. Applications in own handwriting with copies of certificates should be submitted to Divisional Engineer, Western Wireless Division, Bombay before 23rd. November 1938. (9907)

72. TO LET IN SUBURBS

At Dadar Gokhale Road (North) Near Samarth Vyayam Mandir, opposite Sunjeri House, Spacious Airy, decent three Room Blocks, Big Galleries with all conveniences (suitable for a Hospital and shops) from 1st January 1939. Apply on premises. (11045)

303. MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted Lorries Cement Concrete mixer machine. Water squeezing pump in running condition on sale or hire. 'Phone 25979. (11047)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents to secure orders for the famous Bhavani Carpets. For terms apply to Krishna & Co., Bhavani. P. O. S. India. (11036)

Wanted—Sole Selling Agents in Bombay on commission basis for Kumar Chemicals (Birla Bros. Ltd.) Toilet Goods and Pharmaceutical Products manufactured by a renowned German Chemist. Must invest Rs. 5,000 and carry stock. Apply sharp to Kumar Chemicals and Pharmaceutical Works, (Birla Bros. Ltd), 8, Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta. (11044)

Wanted Agents for the sale of shares of the Baroda Cinetone Ltd. See or apply to Managing Agents, Palace Road, Baroda. (9872)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent-Insertions	Rs. 4-6-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Certificates for Nine Ordinary Shares and One Deferred share Nos. 060910/914, 261352/354, and 346960 and D 47305 of the Tata Iron and Steel Company Limited, standing in the name of Saraswatibai w/o Ganesh Narsinv Gadre have been LOST or MISLAID and the undersigned has applied to the Company to issue duplicate certificates for the said shares. Any person who has a claim in respect of the said shares should lodge such a claim with the Company at its registered office, Bombay House, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, within one month from this date, else the Company will proceed to issue duplicate share certificates.

Dated 16th Nov. 1933.

(Sd.) SARASWATIBAI, widow of Ganesh Narsinv Gadre.

(9908)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. V. I. MUNIM is no longer in the service of the Continental Garage of No. 11 Hughes Road, Bombay, and that he has no authority to transact any business or receive payment of any amount on behalf of the Continental Garage.

Persons dealing with or making payment to Mr. V. I. Munim on behalf of the Continental Garage will do so at their own risk.

The Continental Garage,
R. BENZ,
Proprietor.

Dated this 16th November, 1938.
11, Hughes Road, Bombay.

9911.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to Public that a Registered Deed of Mortgage executed by one Burjorji Pestonji Tata of Bombay in favour of our client Mr. Beramji Cursetji Choksey in or about February, 1937, in respect of the share, right, title and interest of the said Mr. Tata has been stolen from our client's place of residence at Dhobi Talao, Marine Lines, 3rd Lane, Bombay on 14th November, 1938. Any one dealing with the said Deed of Mortgage in any manner whatsoever will do so at his own risk.

Dated this 15th day of November, 1938.

JHAVERY & CO.,
Attorneys for Mr. Beramji, Cursetji Choksey.

9906

335. BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Business opportunity Dealers & Persons desirous of having sole selling right for American Motor reconditioning product—Overhaul—may arrange personally with representative R. G. Rajan & Co., Madras—distributors for India staying 18, Modern Hindu Hotel, Frere Road, Fort, Bombay daily before 11 A. M. till 19th November. (11048)

318. ESTATES & PROPERTIES

A Bungalow to be sold at Victoria 3rd Cross Lane, Byculla, write Box No. 11042, "Bombay Chronicle."

Excellent site for factories, 5 minutes' walk from Mahaluxmi Station, area about pucca built 350 brass also large plot of land. apply Box 11032, "Bombay Chronicle."

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Golden Chance must not go from your hand. Ease your worried mind, consult M. S. Pandit. Correct predictions regarding love, marriage, examinations, travels, business, etc. Guaranteed cure of chronic diseases, by Spiritualism. Free three days more. Court House, Dhobitalao. Consultation: 1 to 7. (11035)

Public Notices

WANTED

FOR KAMARAN ISLAND, RED SEA

An ELECTRICAL FOREMAN who holds a First Class certificate of Competency from the Licensing Board of the Government Electrical Department, and who has had good, practical Experience of running and overhauling DIESEL ENGINES of not less than 50 H.P. (preferably Petter Engines). Pay of post Rs. 150-10-200 per mensem plus free bungalow with furniture according to scale, lighting, fuel, water and ice, tourist class passage, pay will commence at half rate from date of embarkation and full rate from date of assumption of duties at Kamaran. Appointment will be for a period of five years subject to confirmation after a probationary period of six months.

On appointment the candidate will be subject to the rules and regulations of Government applicable to Kamaran. All leave will be regulated under Appendix 10-A of Fundamental Rules of the Government of India. The appointment carries no pension or gratuity and is terminable on three months' notice on either side.

Only men with necessary qualifications of approved character and abstentious habits need apply. Applications stating age, with testimonials (in duplicate and a recent photograph (which will not be returned) to:—

Messrs. COWASJEE DINSHAW & BROS.,
Agents for the Government of Aden in India,
121, Medows Street, Fort
BOMBAY No. 1.

(9829)

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT
O. O. C. J.

SUIT NO. 1396 OF 1936.

KISHANPRASAD SHYAMLAL, ... Plaintiff.
vs.
BABULAL TALIWALLA & Anr. ..... Defendants.

To,
SHYAMLAL LAXMINARAYAN,
The 2nd Defendant.

PLEASE NOTE that the Taxing Master, High Court, has fixed the 25th November, 1938, at 5 P.M. for taxation of our Bill of Costs herein when please attend.

Dated this 16th day of November, 1938.

HIRALAL M. MEHTA & COY.,
2nd Defendant's Attorneys.

9913.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SHORT CAUSE SUIT NO. 1666 OF 1938.

Messrs. HAVERO TRADING CO., LTD., a Joint Stock Co., registered under the Laws of Holland being the proprietors of the Agfa Photo Co., carrying on business at Hornby Road, within the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiffs.
Vs.
Messrs. METRO MOVIETONE a firm, carrying on business of producing Cinema Films at No. 4, Versova Road, Andheri, in Thana District ..... Defendants.

To,
Messrs. METRO MOVIETONE.
A FIRM.

The Defendants abovenamed.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiffs have filed the above suit to recover from you the sum of Rs. 3,767-0-0 with further interest on Rs. 3,275-13-0 at 9 per cent per annum from 1st September, 1938, till Judgment, costs of the suit and interest on Judgment at 6 per cent per annum till payment and that the hearing of the said suit has been fixed on the 7th day of December, 1938, when you are summoned to appear in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an attorney of this Court and that in default of your so appearing the suit will be heard and determined in your absence

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 10th October, 1938.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI,
For Prothonotary & Senior Master.

Messrs. BHAISHANKER KANGA & GIRDHARLAL,
Attorneys for the Plaintiffs.

9909.

Public Notices

NOTICE OF MISSING DOCUMENT.

Re: Lalbaug Estate, Plot No. 2 Cadastral Survey No. 26/74, Parel Division

The Deed of Lease, dated 3rd September, 1918, in respect of the above property in favour of our client Enos Kondaji has been MISSING or MISLAID. Any person finding the same or claiming any interest in the property is requested to communicate with the undersigned.

Dated this 16th day of November, 1938.

HIRALAL M. MEHTA & CO.,
Attorneys-At-Law.
Cama Chambers, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay 1.

9910.

NOTICE.

THE STEEL CORPORATION OF BENGAL, LD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS for the Preference Shares of the Corporation will remain closed from the 23rd to the 30th November, 1938 both days inclusive for the purpose of payment of Interest due on the Preference Shares of the Corporation for the period ending 30th November, 1938. Payment will be made only to those members whose names are registered in the Books of the Corporation on the 23rd November, 1938 or to their Mandatees.

No application for Warrants will be necessary. Claims on behalf of holders of Shares held on blank transfers will not be entertained.

By Order of the Board,
BURN & CO.,
Managing Agents,
12, Mission Row,
Calcutta, 14th November, 1938.

9905.

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.
Government Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF CHEMIST & DRUGGIST SHOP

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on Friday the 18th November 1938 at 12 noon (S.T.) at Anand Bhuvan, Princess Street, by order of Sha. Motilal Hiralal & Co. the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Mortgagors D. V. Khanolkar and P. D. Khanolkar trading under the name of The Pioneer Medical Supply Co:—

Stock in trade of the Chemist and druggist shop including English and Indian Patent Medicines furniture, including show cases, cupboards, chairs, table etc.

Terms:—25 Per cent Deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF COLOURS, PAINTS & SOAP

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on Saturday the 19th day of November 1938 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at the godown at No. 111-115 Modi Street, Fort, by order of Sheth B. Kesardas, the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Mortgagor Kekhusroo Byramji Antia carying on business in the name of K. Byramji & Co.:—

Casks of chrome colours, lake colours, Potted paste meats, Flevo milks, Green peas, Toffee, canned sardines, Waterproof paints stoving enamels, cellulose enamels, Lemon squash, soap etc

Terms:—25 per cent deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

EROS CAFETARIA

OPENING SHORTLY!

CAKES!
CONFECTIONERY!
CHOCOLATES!

"OUR OWN SPECIALITIES"

Under the personal Supervision of

Mr. Victor ALASIA

'Phone 31502

Agriculture Must Be Made To Yield Better Return

DAHANUKAR'S SUGGESTIONS TO NATIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION

Mr. M. L. Dahanukar, President of the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce in the course of his address at the Eleventh Annual General Meeting of the Chamber on Wednesday said:

Our thanks are due to Seth Walchand Hirachand, the founder of the Chamber, who retires after rendering eminent services to it during all these years and after securing for it a definite place in the commercial world. Let me express, on your behalf, our gratitude to him and say that we shall continue to seek his counsel and help whenever necessary as we do have a claim on him as the Chamber's first President.

NATIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION

A planning commission for all India, will begin to work at an early date. It is to consider the formulation of a plan of comprehensive industrial development of major and minor industries including key-industries for the country. I welcome the step, so far as it goes, as one in the right direction and taken none too soon. It is a matter for satisfaction that this work is to represent a collective effort in that Governments of the non-Congress Provinces and important Indian States are going to co-operate and that the planning commission is to include representatives of Indian Commerce and Industry.

There is however one word which I would like to add in this connection and it is this. The main problem in a poor country such as ours is to increase the available margin of surplus in the individual's budget. It is a question in the main of raising the purchasing power of the masses who are too poor to-day. Any real economic planning will therefore have to give thought to this and see how it can be done. Naturally, if the efforts of the Planning Commission are to succeed, they will have to cover much wider ground of national economy and consider several matters other than a mere setting up of new industries, adjustment of which matters seems necessary, to derive the expected advantages of planned economy. Any scheme of planned economy will therefore have to consider how our agriculture, which forms an important part of our national economy, can be reorganised so as to yield a better return to those engaged in it, how cheaper credit can be made available for them and how economical marketing of produce can be introduced. Other means such as better housing, roads, etc. also will have to be found out and pursued whereby larger purchasing power can be diffused in the mass of people and greater exchange of goods due to increased volume of internal trade rendered possible. Everyone will give his best wishes to the Planning Commission and wish it every success.

TRADE DISPUTES BILL

The Bill attempting to promote a peaceful and amicable settlement of Industrial Disputes by methods of conciliation and arbitration will soon be on the Provincial Statute book. This Chamber had expressed itself in general agreement with the object of such a Bill, as they believe in the growth of healthy trade unionism in the interest not only of the various industries and their workers, but in the interest of the good of the community as a whole. The Chamber had also submitted its views on some of the important provisions of the Bill.

Although, on the whole, Government of Bombay have tried to steer a middle course re: the Trade Disputes Bill and tried to be fair both to the employers and the employed, from the way things have moved in the Legislative Assembly it seems that it would not have been possible for Government to meet the opposition point of view further, unless they were prepared practically to abandon the very object of the Bill.

INDIAN DEFENCE

Reference had been made in my speech at the last quarterly general meeting to the question of our country's Defence. None will dispute the need of the country to have a strong defence position particularly in the midst of the world as we find it to-day. If the political alignments in the East as well as the West and the recent events in Europe which had brought the world on the brink of war and from which it had so narrow an escape, have any moral, it is that they make the need of a strong defence greater and more insistent. Whatever the past, India's Defence position to-day is weak, the Naval and Air arms of her Defence being particularly so. These need to be brought up to the recognised present day standards of strength and efficiency without any additional cost to her exchequer which is already bearing a heavy burden on account of military expenditure.

I cannot but observe that the situation in which India finds herself to-day is in no small measure the creation of Britain herself. The immediate increase of a crore and a half of rupees in the country's military expenditure as a result of the application of new service conditions to the British Army here in the very first year (and which promises to grow in the years to come) despite the assurance given by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief at the last winter session of the Council of State that Government of India were aware of India's inability to bear further burden of military expenditure and that opportunity would therefore be taken to bring this to the notice of the War Office and despite Britain giving up her claim to an annual contribution by India of £100,000 for naval security and Britain's offer to India of a sum of £600,000 to India in 3 years, comes as a surprise

INDIAN SHIPPING

I cannot but once again refer here to the urgent need of securing an adequate development of our shipping industry, notwithstanding its being a great key industry, is of peculiar national importance not only from an economic point of view but from a naval point of view as well. The merchant marine of a country is aptly described as the "navy of supply" and it constitutes what is called a second line of defence of a country in times of emergency. It need hardly be pointed out that India with her vast coast line can lay no claim to-day to a merchant marine of a size commensurate with her needs either economic or otherwise. And this is due to inaction on the part of the Government of the land. They have been expressing their pious wishes and doing very little concrete to further the interests of national shipping in India. Coastal trade, which is considered to be the preserve of national shipping of a maritime country in 27 out of 32 countries of the world, is not so recognised here. The kind of opposition put up by Government even to a private Bill in the Legislative Assembly even although it fell far short of the requirements of the situation and needed radical alteration in the direction of making it obligatory on Government to license to begin with at least 51 per cent of the coastal tonnage to be Indian owned; shows that Government are now virtually trying to go back on their accepted policy of encouraging the development and expansion of Indian national shipping in the coastal and overseas trade.

RATE WAR

Before leaving this question o. Indian shipping I cannot help referring to the rate war at present going on between the Steamship Companies engaged in the trade on the Konkan Coast. Since enough has been said on this subject during the last two weeks, I do not wish to go over the same ground again. You will agree with me when I say that everyone will welcome an early settlement of this question by mutual agreement between the parties concerned and I trust that fresh efforts will be made in time towards this end, if those already made have not succeeded.

The report of the work done by your Committee in the year which has just concluded (1937-38) is already in your hands and you will be able to see therefrom that it has been possible to do an amount of useful work.

DR. SUMANT MEHTA BACK FROM TOUR

(From Our Correspondent).

BARODA, Nov. 13.

After the completion of Bhadran session, workers of Baroda State Prajamandal, in all the districts of the state are very active and meetings have been arranged in many places to explain the meaning of responsible government and the implications of all resolutions passed at the Bhadran Session.

Dr. Sumant Mehta has to-day arrived here after a successful tour of Navsari District when he addressed about half-a-dozen meetings and explained the message of Bhadran Conference.

Brisk enrolment of members is going on everywhere.

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RAJA GOPICHAND
Daily: 5, 7-45 & 10-30
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Kwanto	1st Dec.	18th Dec.
Jedmoo	20th	30th ,,
Yoifuku	8th Jan.	24th Jan.

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CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY

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THE MARVELLOUS WISDOM OF NATURE

A man seldom remains idle, but sometimes during peaceful moments, when he has time for reflection, he feels a profound admiration for the wisdom of Nature.

Here are a few examples taken from the animal and vegetable kingdoms.

Flowers that are fertilised by insects, have vivid and pleasant colours: those that are fertilised by the wind, sway on flexible stalks. When the former are in flower, there are actually insects that ensure fertilisation, for instance, bees and butter-flies. The latter flower more particularly in the spring and during the autumn.

In this way a permanent balance is established and Mother Natufe takes care that this balance is not disturbed.

Billions of mosquitoes swarm over the earth, in the tropical, sub-tropical and temperate regions. Unfortunately, all mosquitoes are not harmless, and the man in the street cannot easily distinguish the dangerous species.

Now science has established that the awful malarial fevers are transmitted to man by the anopheles. Happily, all anopheles do not inflict a dangerous sting. The male anophele is a confirmed vegetarian, who doesn't sting and lives on the juice of fruits, but it is the female that is to be feared. When she stings, she inoculates man's blood with malaria parasites.

Although there are only a certain number of mosquitoes that play the part of transmitting agents, this does not prevent millions of men dying of malaria every year. But here, also Mother Nature has not left humanity in the lurch; in the form of quinine, a product extracted from cinchona bark, she furnishes both a preventive and curative remedy.

According to the Malaria Commission of the League of Nations, you only need to take a daily dose of 6 grains of quinine throughout the fever season, to be protected from attacks, whilst the dose prescribed for a cure is from 15 to 20 grains of quinine per day during 5 to 7 days. Each fresh bout is treated in the same way. There is no necessity to have recourse to additional treatment.

In this way, if Nature sends us maladies, she supplies us with the remedy at the same time; nevertheless, she does not easily yield her secrets, and it has required centuries to find the remedy for malaria.

ARE YOU LOSING YOUR GRIP?

How often you find that your work just will not come straight and you seem to have no grasp of affairs at all. How often you think you can hardly survive the business day! How very often everything seems boring to you! Psycho analysts tell us that this is a state of nervous breakdown. You must build up your energy and renew the flagging nerve cells by a course of S tearns' Tonic. It is amazing what an effect this tonic has on the whole system. Prepared from the extracts of Cod Livers, Stearns' Tonic also contains valuable minerals of which Iron is the most important. Besides being rich in Vitamins, it will stimulate the appetite, enrich the blood and give energy, vigour and vitality. Try a bottle of this invaluable tonic and benefit as others have benefited. Those suffering from sleeplessness find that they are sleeping better and waking more refreshed and alert than for years past. Those suffering from nervous strain have felt the benefit immediately and later relate they haven't a nerve in their bodies. All good chemists and stores stock it.

STEARNS' TONIC

ST7

CONGRESS VICTORY IN DHARWAR

Seven Candidates Returned Unopposed In Dt. Local Board Election

(From Our Correspondent).

DHARWAR, Nov. 15.

Congress bids fair to capture the Dharwar District Local Board.

Seven Congress candidates have been returned unopposed.

Among them are Mr. V. N. Jog, M.L.A., Mrs. Krishnabai Panjikar for the Women's reserved seat, Messrs. D. Y. Sambrani and F. D. Ghodke for the Harijan reserved seats, Mr. P. S. Gojanur and others.

Rao Bahadur B. L. Patil, the President of the present Board has been returned unopposed as an Independent from Dharwar West.

For the remaining 36 seats there are 69 candidates in the field. Congress is contesting all the non-Mahomedan and also one of the five Mahomedan seats. Polling of votes will take place on December 17.

Vile Parle Civic Election Results

(From Our Correspondent).

VILE PARLE, Wednesday.

The scrutiny of voting papers of the A Ward took place the whole of yesterday and it was late last night when the results were declared amidst tumultuous cheering by the large crowd of supporters of the respective candidates.

The Congress secured only two seats out of the six seats they contested for.

Mr. Dikshit topped the poll with 2378 votes while Mr. Kalbag whose chances seemed to be precarious was returned with 2091 votes. His hidden support was not visible to the naked eye but discerning eyes who were watching this election were confident that this old public worker would retain his seat. Mr. Limaye who was a newcomer scored very well and his voting strength was 1736. Mrs. Chemburkar, the fourth Independent candidate who was expected to top the poll, ran neck to neck with Mr. Limaye, while the only Congress candidate Mr. V. B. Seth came fifth with 1536 votes. For the Harijan reserved seat, Mr. Waghela (Congress) defeated his rival Mr Gangurde by a large majority. The latter will forfeit his deposit.

Andheri Election

(From Our Correspondent)

ANDHERI, Wednesday.

The scrutiny of ballot papers for the Andheri area began early this morning. In the D Ward, for the three seats Dr. B. S. Patil (Independent) topped the poll with 803 votes while Messrs. Barfivala and Salstekar (both Congress) secured 568 and 538 respectively. The defeated candidate is Mr. Narmad Vaidya (Congress) who polled only 219 votes. Mr. Vaidya is the President of the Andheri Taluka Congress Committee.

Scrutiny of E Ward ballot papers was then taken up. By 12 noon, 450 ballot papers were scrutinished. The position seems to be that Mr. Samant leads while Messrs. Moreshwar Patil, Kantilal Shah and Joseph Gomes are closely following him. Both Mr. Vasant Patil and Mr. Alban Gomes are not faring well. There are four general seats in this Ward.

LEAVE GRANTED TO TAUNTON

Standing Committee Honours Kemal's Memory

The Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation assented to the grant of leave to Mr. I. H. Taunton, Municipal Commissioner, at its meeting held on Wednesday.

The Commissioner intended to apply to the Government for leave from 15th November 1938 or subsequent date of relief till December 23 with permission to affix the Christmas holidays, and had requested the assent of the Standing Committee.

The matter had been postponed at the last meeting of the Committee, as it was hoped that orders would be passed by Government regarding the assumption of his new office by Mr. Taunton. Since nothing had been known up to date about the intentions of Government, the Committee permitted Mr. Taunton to apply for leave.

At the outset Mr. A. P. Sabawala, the Chairman of the Committee referred to the passing away of Kemal Ataturk. He paid a tribute to the labours of Kemal which had raised Turkey from a dying bed to the position of an advanced State.

The members of the Committee indicated their respect to the departed leader by standing up in silence.

FREE FORECAST FOR 1939

(DURING THIS MONTH ONLY.)

PROF. SEKHAR, The Celebrated Indian Astrologer will give you a FREE Forecast for 1939 which describes your finance, health, home, marriage, profession, future, etc., clearly and correctly. Send your exact time (if known) and date of your Birth with your Full name and correct address. Enclose 0-4-0 stamps to cover clerical and Postal expenses.

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RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

(IN FORCE FROM OCTOBER, 1938)

Arrivals at and Departures from Victoria Terminus

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 10
Peshawar Lucknow (Exp.)	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	7 50	17 40
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9 00	0 45
Madras Express	10 10	15 00
Poona Mail	10 25	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 15	18 50
Nagpur Express	13 50	21 35
Poona Fast (Pass.)	17 00	11 50
Poona Express	19 24	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 00

B. B. & C. I. Railway

Time-table in force from 1st October, 1938.

Arrival at and Departures from Bombay Central.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	13.50
Delhi Express	6 0	22 15
Gujarat Mail	6 45	22 00
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15 (Mon)	21 15 (Sat)
*The Flying Ranee Surat	9 48	15 10
The Flying Ranee, Surat	10 58	18 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 33	9 25

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

AIR MAIL TIMINGS

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER.

	Arr.
Frontier Mail (On Saturdays only for Homeward Passengers)	8 40

The following air mail time table is in force in Bombay:—

LONDON—BOMBAY (Juhu).

Planes call at Karachi, Bhuj, and Ahmedabad.

Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday at 1 p.m.

Delivery: Monday (two deliveries) 8 a.m. and 3-30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday 3-30 p.m

BOMBAY (Juhu)—LONDON.

Planes call at Ahmedabad, Bhuj and Karachi.

Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O.:—Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 7-30 a.m. Departure from Juhu 10-15 a.m.

BOMBAY (Juhu)—Colombo.

Planes call at Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly

Latest hours of posting at the G. P. nesday and Saturday 11-30 a.m. Depar-O.:—Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wedture from Juhu 1-30 p.m.

COLOMBO—BOMBAY (Juhu).

Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 9-45 a.m. Delivery, Sunday 12-30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, 1 p.m

BOMBAY (via Calcutta)—SINGAPORE and AUSTRALIA.

Latest hour of posting:—Sunday, Monday and Friday 6-30 p.m.

AUSTRALIA—BOMBAY (via Calcutta)

Delivery:—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 11 a.m

BOMBAY (via Calcutta)—HONGKONG CHINA AND JAPAN.

Latest hour of posting:—Monday and Friday 6-30 p.m.

HONGKONG—BOMBAY (via Calcutta)

Delivery:—Tuesday and Saturday 11 a.m.

BOMBAY—KATHIAWAR.

Planes call at Bhavnagar, Rajkot, Jamnagar and Porebunder.

Departures from Juhu: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday 7-15 a.m.

Arrivals:—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 6 p.m.

"TIMES OF INDIA" ANNUAL

The "Times of India" Annual has always carried the palm in the Christmas publications in this country. The standard of which has been set up in the past is more than maintained in the New Year number, which is now out. Being, moreover, a centenary issue, it will be warmly welcomed by its readers. Printed on art paper, profusely illustrated the annual is a delight to the eye. The many beautifully coloured plates are as usual the main attraction of the issue. The articles cater to a variety of tastes, among the contributors being St. Nihal Singh, S. T. Sheppard and Lord Birdwood. One, however, notes with surprise the absence of a table of contents. The annual is priced at rupees two only.

It is understood a deputation of sufferers of the Bannu raid will shortly wait upon the Premier and request him to arrange immediate distribution of the sum of Rs. 20,000 sanctioned already by the Provincial Government.

All-India Weather

(From Our Correspondent)

Poona, Nov 16.

The following are the maximum-minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at various stations during twenty-four hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

Station	Temperature Max.	Min.	Rainfall Past 24 Hours	Since Total 1st Nov.	Difference to Normal
Agra	88	51	—	—	—0.1
Amraoti	83	58	—	—	—0.3
Akola	89	54	—	—	—0.3
Ahmedabad	91	65	—	—	—0.6
Ajmer	83	53	—	—	—
Ahmednagar	86	52	—	—	—0.5
Ambala	84	40	—	—	—0.3
Allahabad	91	55	—	—	—0.2
Benares	88	55	—	—	—0.1
Bareilly	85	54	—	—	—0.1
BOMBAY	83	68	—	1.1	+0.8
Bangalore	79	57	—	0.1	—2.2
Bhopal	84	58	—	—	—
Baroda	90	55	—	—	—
Belgaum	83	57	—	0.4	—1.1
Bahawalpore	82	48	—	—	—
Bijapur	86	56	—	0.1	—0.8
Bellary	86	62	—	0.1	—1.5
Bhavnagar	88	63	—	—	—
Chittagong	84	64	—	4.4	+3.1
Calcutta	88	61	—	0.1	—0.5
Cuttack	88	61	—	—	—1.1
Cawnpore	92	57	—	—	—0.3
Calicut	88	71	—	1.3	—2.5
Colombo	86	71	—	2.6	—6.0
Cheerapunji	65	48	0.1	3.7	+1.1
Cocoanada	84	65	—	—	—4.4
Cochin	85	72	—	2.3	—2.9
Dehra Dun	77	49	—	—	—0.2
Delhi	81	51	—	—	—0.1
Dehra I. Khan	83	44	—	—	—0.1
Darjeeling	49	41	—	0.1	—0.3
Desa	89	60	—	—	—
Dalhousie	—	—	—	—	—0.6
Fort Sandeman	64	38	—	—	—0.1
Gorakhpur	85	57	—	—	—0.1
Hyderabad (Dn.)	85	53	—	—	—0.8
Hyderabad (Sd.)	87	56	—	—	—
Indore	84	52	—	—	—0.2
Jhansi	84	55	—	—	—0.1
Jubbulpore	96	53	—	—	—0.4
Jacobabad	97	52	—	—	—
Jaipur	85	50	—	—	—
Karwar	80	64	—1.8		+0.1
Karachi	83	65	—	—	—
Kodaikanal	60	42	—	2.5	—1.8
Khandwa	90	52	—	—	—0.3
Lucknow	88	56	—	—	—0.1
Ludhiana	86	49	—	—	—0.1
Lahore	88	48	—	—	—
Lyallpur	84	50	—	—	—
Multan	82	48	—	—	—
Mysore	81	58	—	0.4	—1.4
Madras	86	67	—	—	—8.2
Marmagoa	88	69	—	1.0	—
Malegaon	87	55	—0.1		—0.3
Mussoorie	59	41	—	—	—
Mahableshwar	75	57	—	1.3	+0.5
Murree	57	39	—	—	—0.1
Mount Abu	74	57	—	—	—
Masulipatam	84	67	—	—	—4.4
Mandalay	84	63	—	4.0	+2.4
Mangalore	90	70	—	2.1	—0.4
Meerut	—	—	—	—	—0.1
Mercara	73	57	—	1.0	—1.3
Nagpur	88	50	—	—	—0.6
Ootacamund	62	22	—	0.7	—3.0
Patna	85	59	—	—	—0.1
Peshawar	75	43	—	—	—
Poona	86	54	—	0.1	—0.6
Pachmarhi	75	47	—	—	—0.4
Port Blair	86	76	—	5.9	+0.6
Quetta	54	32	—	—	—
Ranchi	78	54	—0.2		—0.1
Rawalpindi	80	41	—	—	—0.1
Rangoon	89	73	—	9.9	+8.0
Ratnagiri	88	68	—	2.9	+2.3
Rajkot	93	52	—	—	—0.2
Sialkot	80	54	—	—	—0.1
Srinagar	63	27	—	—	—0.2
Sholapur	88	57	—	—	—0.8
Shillong	59	41	—	4.1	+2.8
Simla	56	42	—	—	—0.7
Surat	91	63	—	—	—0.1
Salem	89	67	—	—	—2.6
Trichinopoly	88	72	—	0.6	—2.4
Trivandrum	86	72	—	2.9	—1.5
Vizagapatam	84	66	—	—	—2.6

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 cents.

POONA, WEATHER.

POONA, Nov. 16.

A few light showers are reported in Assam and southeast Madras. Sibsagar reports a quarter of an inch. A Western disturbance is affecting the extreme north.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 16-11-1938.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.016 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a. m. 74.0 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 70.7 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 82.7 degrees 6.2 (below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 67.6 degrees 4.6 (below normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 84 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. NE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 6 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 141 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 19 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. the whole sky cloudy (eq. 10) 2

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 16-11-38

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 77.8 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.19 inches and a compensated aneroid 30.00 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

EARTHQUAKE REPORT

An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin about 2320 miles away with its epicentral region near latitude 4.5 deg South and longitude 98 deg. East of Central Sumatra in the Indian Ocean was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 2 hours 37 mts. (I.S.T.) on Wednesday the 16th November, 1938.

AROUND THE COURTS

Mansoor Manzoor (30) was arrested by the Vigilance Branch police yesterday, at about 12 o'clock, at Vithalbhai Patel Road, near Kennedy Bridge, on a charge of soliciting for prostitution.

The accused was placed before the Magistrate at Girgaum Police Court to-day, and was ordered to be remanded to police custody.

Abdul Samad Abdul Kadar and two others were arrested by the Lamington Road Police yesterday, on a charge of theft of Rs. 201 from a shop, at Grant Road.

All the accused persons were placed before Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court, this morning. They were ordered to be released on bail till Nov. 28.

Arrested on a charge of assaulting a 'pan' shopkeeper at the junction of Grant Road, yesterday at about 2 p.m., Abdool Sallai Mohamed Afzal was placed before the Presidency Magistrate, to-day, at Girgaum Police Court, and was ordered to be released on bail till Nov. 28.

HARIJAN WORK IN CENTRAL INDIA

The Secretary of the Harijan Sevak Sangh, Delhi writes:

With a view to give impetus to the Harijan work in the Central Indian States and Rajputana and start new centres of work in co-operation with the State authorities, Srimati Rameshwari Nehru, a member of the Executive Committee of the All-India Harijan Sevak Sangh and Sjt. A. V. Thakkar, the General Secretary of the Harijan Sevak Sangh are starting on a tour from the 20th November.

The tour will last from 20th November to 24th December and in course of their tour they will visit Gwalior, Sheopuri, Datia, Rewa, Bhilsa, Bhopal, Rajgarh, Narsinghgarh, Mehidpur, (Holkar State) Ujjain, Dewas, Indore, Maheshwar, (old capital of Holkar State) Earwani, Dhar, Ratlam, Banswara, Dungarpur, Udaipur, Mandsaur, Pratabgarh, Kotah and Jhalawar.

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in

Industrial India

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Thrill after thrill from start to finish . . . .

FIRST WINTER MEETING

3rd Day, Saturday 19th Nov.

4th Day Thursday 24th Nov.

ADMISSION RATES

SEASON TICKETS

Gentlemen ... Rs. 50. Ladies ... Rs. 25.

1st ENCLOSURE

Gentlemen ... Rs. 3. Ladies ... Rs. 2.

2nd ENCLOSURE ... ... Rs. 1-4

(All prices inclusive of Tax).

Special return bus services each Race day from:— Colaba, Dadar, Ballard Estate. Frequent Train Services to and from Mahalaxmi- Booking on the Course.

BOMBAY RACES

Rajnandgaon Ban On A-I.T.U.C. Chief

Banerjee Served With Order Prohibiting Him From Entering Town

RAJNANDGAON, Nov. 16.

Dr. Suresh Chandra Banerjee, President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, arrived here this morning. Immediately after alighting from train he was served with an order from the Rajnandgaon State authorities prohibiting him from entering the town. The Police Superintendent with about 100 armed police and a large number of workers were present at the station.

Dr. Banerjee did not violate the order, and wrote to the Dewan of the State stating that his objects in visiting Rajnandgaon were to see Mr. R. S. Ruikar and study the local conditions. No harm would have been done by his presence in the town for one day.

As the workers refused to leave the station without hearing a few words from him, Dr. Banerjee said that their fight was a part of the big fight in the country. If workers continued fighting till their grievances were redressed, not only their demands but the salvation of the country would be achieved.

Dr Banerjee will arrive in Nagpur tomorrow.

Ruikar Abandons Fast

RAJNANDGAON, Nov. 16.

Mr. R. S. Ruiker abandoned his fast yesterday evening in pursuance of Mahatma Gandhi's and Mr. Subhas Bose's advice.

Mr. Sherlekar, Vice-President of the Nagpur Town Congress Committee, conveyed the following message from Mahatma Gandhi to Mr. Ruiker:—

"I sent you a wire from Nagpur on the 11th instant. Understand the same was not received by you. I ask you to abandon the fast. I am trying my best with the authorities".—United Press.

75 PRESS WORKERS ARRESTED

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 16.

The Ahmedabad press workers decided last night to defy the police order not to raise slogans while picketing near the "Sandesh" press which is affected by the hartal.

A large police force under all the City police officers were present on the scene. Great sensation prevailed.

According to the decision taken last night, batches of picketers came at regular intervals to defy the order of the police. As they raised slogans, the police effected their arrest. Upto midnight the total number of arrests reached 75.

When the police saw no end to this, some batches were pushed out of scene; but the police had to arrest them when the same batches came again.

After midnight calmness prevailed and bulk of police retired.

TITAGARH STRIKE

Situation Gets Worse: One Stabbed To Death

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16.

The strike in the Jute Mills in Titagarh area is continuing without any fresh developments.

The promulgation of an order under Sec. 144 Cr. P. C. yesterday had its salutary effect and there was no further serious conflict anywhere.

Stray cases of assault of a communal nature in bustees and coolie quarters are, however, still continuing.

The situation is well under control of the police, who were reinforced by another detachment requisitioned from Barrackpore last night.

LATER.

SITUATION GETS WORSE

The situation at Titagarh became worse towards evening. A Hindu was fatally stabbed and several other cases of assault were reported.

Mr. K. A. Hill, District Magistrate of Twenty-four Parganas, visited the area in the evening. It is stated that a detachment of Eastern Frontier Rifles was sent to Titagarh from Barrackpore. Both Mr. N. G. Roy, Sub-Divisional Officer of Barrackpore and Mr. P. V. Wright, Assistant Superintendent of Police, were on the spot.

Enquiries show that about 25 persons have been injured and altogether thirty arrests have been made. The police are trying to trace the culprits responsible for the murder of the Hindu.

Efforts are being made to hold another peace conference at Titagarh to-morrow afternoon when Mr. Hill is expected to be present. —A. P.

HEADING FOR GENERAL STRIKE

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16.

A note of warning to the mill-owners that, a "general strike of the jute workers of Bengal is fast becoming inevitable," is sounded by Mr. Niharend Dutt Mazumdar, M.L.A., President of the Bengal Labour Party, in the course of a statement to the press in connection with the jute workers' strike, which commenced out yesterday in Titagarh and Rajgunge areas.

Mr. Dutt-Mazumdar recalls how the jute growers of Bengal have been agitated for some time past over the recently promulgated Bengal Jute Ordinance which "has resulted in about 30,000 workers being thrown out of work and a loss of no less than seven and a half lakhs in wages every month for the jute workers."—A.P.

JAMSAHEB TO SEE VICEROY

(From Our Correspondent).

RAJKOT, Nov. 16

It is stated in responsible circles that Darbar Virawala had gone to Jamnagar on a short visit and that he was seen moving in Jamnagar with members of the Royal Family. He has returned from Jamnagar, but has still not left for Natwarnagar. His presence has created suspicions.

The Jamsaheb is starting on 17th November to Bombay from where he is proceeding to Delhi to see the Viceroy.

Bengal To Have 12 Ministers ?

Settlement With Krishak Party

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16.

Another walk-out was staged by the "left-wingers" when the Executive Committee of the Bangiya Krishak Proja Samity resumed its adjourned meeting this morning to discuss the question of acceptance of the fresh terms for a settlement offered by the Chief Minister Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq.

After the walk-out the meeting continued with depleted attendance and ultimately accepted the terms offered by the Chief Minister on behalf of the Ministerial Coalition.

Well-informed circles believe that this agreement between the ministerialist party and a section of the Krishak Proja Assembly Party will soon be followed by the appointment of Mr. Shamsuddin Ahmed, Leader of the Krishak Proja Assembly Party as the twelfth minister of the Bengal Cabinet.

It is further believed that the two new Ministers, Mr. Tamizuddin Khan and Mr. Shamsuddin Ahmed, will take oaths of office and secrecy by the end of this week.—A.P.

BENGAL'S TWO NEW MINISTERS

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16.

Further enquiries in connection with the decision to increase the strength of the Bengal Cabinet from 10 to 12 reveal that a formal announcement about the inclusion of Maulvi Tamizuddin and Mr. Shamsuddin Ahmed is expected to be gazetted shortly. They will take the oath of office on Saturday next.

The Assembly Congress circles here seem to have received news of this "defection" on the part of Maulvi Tamizuddin and Mr. Shamsuddin with mixed feelings.

In the course of discussion with a "United Press" representative a responsible official of the Assembly Congress Party said that it was not unlikely that the younger section of the Ministerial Party would resent this inclusion to the neglect of those who had been steadfastly loyal to the Ministry. —United Press.

NEW BENGAL MINISTERS

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16.

The Associated Press understands that following upon negotiations with Mr. Tamizuddin Khan, M.L.A., and Mr. Shamsuddin Ahmed, M.L.A., the Chief Minister has recommended to His Excellency the Governor their inclusion in the Bengal Cabinet.

On later inquiry the Associated Press is reliably informed that the Governor intends to appoint Messrs. Tamizuddin Khan and Shamsuddin Ahmed as members of his Council of Ministers.—A.P.

NO BARGAIN WITH GERMANY

Tanganyika Must Remain Under British Flag

E. AFRICAN INDIAN CONGRESS RESOLVE

BOMBAY, Nov. 16.

The future of the Tanganyika Territory should be left to be decided by the people residing in that country, declares the East African Indian National Congress, in the course of a resolution passed at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Congress at Nairobi recently.

The resolution adds that His Majesty's Government should not bargain with Germany on the fate of Tanganyika, but that the present administration on the basis of British Mandate under the League of Nations, should remain.

The Committee has also passed a resolution according support to the Tanganyika League, in this respect, but without prejudice to its own views.

The object of the Tanganyika League is to retain Tanganyika Territory under the British flag and to obtain a definite assurance to this effect from the Imperial Government.—A. P.

DARESALAAM BACKS TANGANYIKA

DARESALAAM, Nov. 16.

Attended by representatives of numerous races and nationalities, the biggest meeting ever held here passed a unanimous resolution recording its determination to resist handing over Tanganyika to Germany.

It was followed by another enormous open-air mass meeting where Indian and native speakers expressed similar sentiments.

Never before, it is said, has there been such solidarity of opinion in Daresalaam between all sections of the community.—Reuter.

NO RETURN OF GERMAN COLONIES

(Continued From Page 1)

lain's negative reply to a question in the Commons whether the Government were contemplating a transfer of territory on any terms, and added that Mr. Malcolm MacDonald had authorised him to state that Mr. Chamberlain's answer was to be understood as meaning that His Majesty's Government were not contemplating a transfer of any territories under British administration.—Reuter.

BRITAIN WON'T RETURN COLONIES

LONDON, Nov. 16.

The policy as regards colonies was given prominence at question time in the Commons.

Mr. MacDonald dealing with representations from Tanganyika said that a telegram had been sent to the Governor yesterday authorising him to announce that the Premier had given an answer the previous day to the effect that the British Government did not contemplate a transfer of any territory under British administration. (Loud Cheers).—Reuter.

FRANCE OPPOSED TO RETURN OF COLONIES

PARIS, Nov. 16.

M. Daladier to-day re-affirmed that no Colonial cessions had ever been or would be contemplated by France and also denied that the question of Colonies would be discussed at the meeting next week with Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Halifax.—Reuter.

BOMBAY CABINET

Will Reassemble In City On Nov. 21

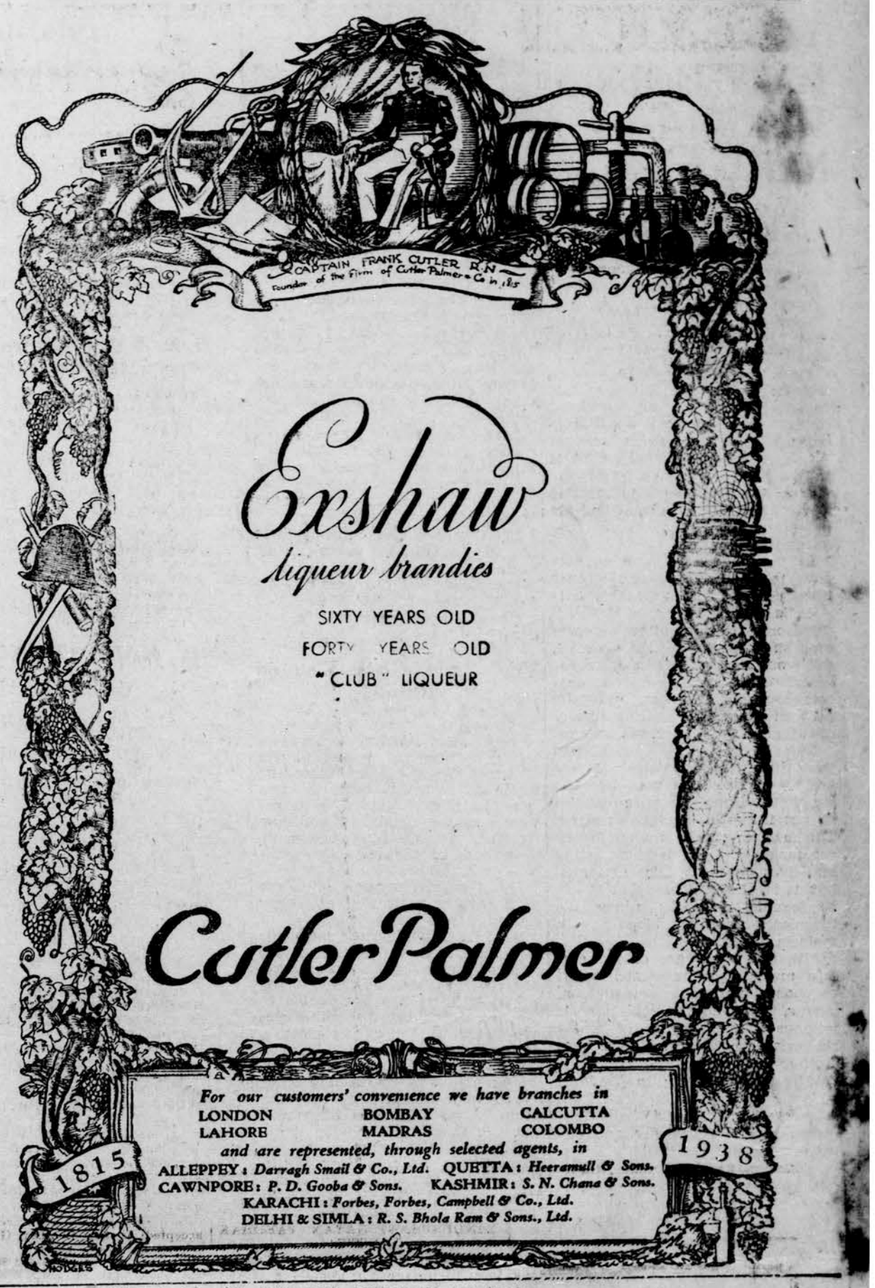
The Government will move from Poona to Bombay on or about the 19th of this month and will reassemble in Bombay on the 21st.

The Ministers who will reach Bombay on 21st will remain there for a couple of days, after which they will disperse for a week's rest.

The Hon'ble Mr. Morarji Desai, Revenue Minister, who suffered from severe attack of influenza recently, and has since been keeping indifferent health, will leave Poona for Vajreshwari in Thana District on Thursday the 17th instant. He will stay there for about a week.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. Y. Nurie, Minister for Public Works will leave Poona by car on 19th to inspect the Poona-Bombay Road, which is under construction. He will leave Bombay the next day for Ahmedabad to attend a Villagers' Conference. After visiting some Indian States, he will reach Bombay at the end of the month.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister, has not as yet decided where he will take the much-needed rest, after his tour in Karnatak next week.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For our customers' convenience we have branches in
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Genasprin
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HEADACHE
Nothing will stop a Headache as quickly as Genasprin. Two tablets in a little water will relieve any type of Headache in a few minutes. And Genasprin may be taken with absolute safety by anyone in any condition of health—it is absolutely pure and cannot upset the digestion or harm the heart.
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Here's the way to Good Healthy Hair
DO THIS every week
Massage 'Vaseline' Hair Tonic into the scalp before every shampoo. It stimulates circulation that feeds the hair roots, loosens tight scalp muscles, checks dandruff and falling hair.
DO THIS every day..
Comb a few drops of 'Vaseline' Hair Tonic into the hair before grooming . . . It keeps the hair good looking and in place, yet avoids that "patent-leather" look. Corrects dryness. Try it.
Vaseline HAIR TONIC
at all good shops
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SEC. 144 IN JEHANABAD

PATNA, Nov. 16.

Section 144 Cr. P. C. has been promulgated in Jehanabad, in Gaya district, following a disturbance resulting in injuries to five Muslims.

It is stated that the trouble arose out of an alleged abduction of a Hindu girl.—A. P.

PARIS, Nov. 15.

A French commercial mission of twenty members left for Bucharest, Sofia and Belgrade.—Reuter.

Sunday Shows at Excelsior

On Sunday there will be only two shows of the Marcus Show at 3-30 p.m. and 6-30 p.m. There will be no night show.

PATHE
The FINEST Theatre in Bombay!
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m. 'Ph. 41561
LAST TWO DAYS!
The mightiest Spectacle-Thrill any picture ever gave you
IN OLD CHICAGO
Tyrone Power · Alice Faye · Don Ameche
A 20TH CENTURY-FOX SUPER
DON'T FAIL TO SEE IT!
REDUCED Prices for all SHOWS!
SAT. NEXT:—
"Rebecca Of Sunnybrook Farm"
It's Shirley's Best Musical!

EROS
INDIA'S FINEST THEATRE
WHERE PICTURES DO THE TALKING
Theatre Manager: E. H. DuCasse
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Unprecedented Rush Greets Frank Capra's Epic Screen Masterpiece.
"YOU CAN'T TAKE IT WITH YOU"
A COLUMBIA Super Picture
Nearly 20,000 People have already seen it!! The Plans are getting filled up!! Rush before it is too late for you!!!
"YOU CAN'T TAKE IT WITH YOU"
Brings you the philosophy of Joy and Happiness with Laughs Galore!
Also Latest Universal British News
Book seats now....Plans Open Phone 22519.

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DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
FERNAND GRAVET
JOAN BLONDELL in
"THE KING & THE CHORUS GIRL"

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DAILY AT 3:30-6:30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045
ON THE SCREEN FOR THE FIRST TIME!
All the heroic adventure, stirring romance and endless excitement of the story the author of "Treasure Island" always considered his best!
ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON'S
Kidnapped
with a cast of 5000, featuring . .
WARNER BAXTER
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RALPH FORBES · H. B. WARNER · ARTHUR HOHL
E. E. CLIVE · HALLIWELL HOBBES
MONTAGU LOVE
20th FOX

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Kartak Vad 10, 1995
Muslim: Ramzan 24, 1357
Parsi: Khordad 13, 1368
Hightide: 7-45 21-02
Lowtide: 1-40 14-27
Sunrise: 6h 46m
Sunset: 6h 1m
Standing Committee, 3 p.m. (B.T.)

Domestic Occurrence

OBITUARY

Theodore Leslie Crombie, B.A. (Oxon.), Bar-at-Law, of Aberdeen, a member of the United Lodge of Theosophists, passed away yesterday, the 16th of November, 1938. Funeral at Aryasangha, Narayan Dabholkar Road, Malabar Hill, at 8-30 a.m. to-day, the 17th of November.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The outward English mail steamer s.s. 'Strathnaver' is due alongside Ballard Pier at 2 p.m. to-day (Thursday).

DR. JAVLE FOR CORPORATION

Dr. M. C. Javle, J.P., ex-Mayor of Bombay proposes to stand as a candidate for the forthcoming Municipal Elections from 'G' Ward, Division No. 1 (Dadar and Mahim).

'G' WARD D. C. C.

Monthly meeting of the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee will be held to-day (Thursday) at 7-30 p.m. in the Congress Committee's office.

THE UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS

The Lodge will celebrate its ninth anniversary by holding a special meeting to-day (Thursday) at 6-15 p.m. in its hall at Jehangir Wadia Building, opposite Flora Fountain.

KALYAN MUNICIPALITY

The first meeting of the newly-elected Board of the Kalyan Municipality was held on Tuesday evening when Mr. M. P. Oka, was elected President and the Rev. J. W. S. David, Vice-President of the Municipality.

SOUTH INDIAN ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the S. I. Association there will be a free music performance by Mr. P. R. Radhakrishnan, at 6 p.m. (S.T.) to-day (Thursday) in the premises of the Association.

'HINDUSTHANI GAYAN VARDHAK SANSTHA'

The seventh concert, under the auspices of this Sanstha (of Vocal Music) by Bai Saraswatibai Phatarpekar will be held on Saturday, the 19th instant at 9-30 p.m. at Forbes Gujarati Hall, opposite Amin Nursery, Girgaon, Bombay.

CAPITOL
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
B. B. C.'s Favourite Star
HARRY ROY
IN A MUSICAL MELANGE
"EVERYTHING IS RHYTHM"
With "Princess Pearl"
(Daughter of Raja of Sarawak)

ON WITH THE DANCE!
With BiSoDoL, you don't have to worry!
Very often stomach disturbances—indigestion, stomach ache, and nausea—are caused by excessive acidity, which is aggravated by over-indulgence. For these disturbances, doctors prescribe BiSoDoL—the modern, fast-working antacid which alkalizes and soothes the stomach without irritating
A teaspoonful of BiSoDoL in a glass of water is enough to produce almost immediate results—good-bye acid stomach!
BiSoDoL relieves sluggishness and fatigue due to over-indulgence; neutralizes acidity, purifies the breath. 8311
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The Modern, Proved Antacid

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

BROADWAY—"Midnight Intermezzo" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Everything is Rhythm" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Gopal Krishna" Daily at 3-30 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Marcus Show". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EROS—"You Can't Take it with you" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Beyond The Horizon" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Postman' Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Poornima" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m
METRO—"Kidnapped". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Tukaram" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bramhachari" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Booloo" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"In Old Chicago" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Raja Gopichand" Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
REGAL—"The King and the Chorus Girl". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Adhikar" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m
WELLINGTON—"Swiss Miss" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"The Secretary" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

'Kemal Day'

In pursuance of 'Kemal Day' proclaimed to be observed on November 18, the Bombay Primary Muslim League No. 6, 'B' Ward, will convene a general meeting to express sorrow at the demise of Ataturk (Mustafa Kemal Pasha), at Bombay Juma Masjid, on that day after Juma prayers.

'KEMAL DAY' IN 'C' WARD

A public meeting under the auspices of 'C' Ward Primary Muslim League No. 1, and 'C' Ward District Muslim League, will be held in the office of the League at Ismail Curtay Road at 10 a.m. (S.T.) to-morrow (Friday) in observance of 'Kemal Day'.

POSTAL NOTICES

Correspondence other than letters and postcards for British East Africa, Tanganika Territory, Zanzibar, Rhodesia, Nyasaland and the Union of South Africa and all correspondence for Portuguese East Africa, Seychelles and Lawrence Marques per s.s. 'Kenya' will be accepted at the Bombay General Post Office as shown below:—

Registered and unregistered correspondence upto 12 noon on Wednesday the 23-11-1938.

Parcels will also be accepted upto 5 p.m. on Tuesday, the 22-11-1938.

Correspondence other than letters and postcards for Mauritius, and all correspondence for Reunion and Madagascar Ports will also be accepted upto 12 noon on Wednesday, the 23-11-1938, for despatch by the above steamer. Letters and postcards for Mauritius specially superscribed for transmission by this steamer will also be accepted upto 12 noon on Wednesday.

As the Fast Gulf Mail steamer s.s. 'Varela' is now due to sail on 17-11-38 after the arrival of English mail steamer s.s. 'Strathnaver' which is expected to arrive in Bombay on 17-11-38 at 2 p.m. the following will be the latest hour of posting of correspondence and parcels at the Bombay G. P. O. for the offices in Iraq, Iran and Persian Gulf.

Unregistered correspondence upto 3 p.m. on 17-11-38.

Registered correspondence upto 2-30 p.m. on 17-11-38.

Parcels correspondence upto 12 noon on 17-11-38.

The latest hour of posting in the Town Sub Offices will be notified by those offices, and it will be so regulated as to ensure the receipt of the postings in the Bombay G. P. O. in time to be included in the last despatch from that office.

Registered and unregistered packet mails and superscribed registered and unregistered letters and postcards for Mauritius and all correspondence for Reunion per extra s.s. 'Indrapoera' via Madura, Colombo and Batavia will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3 p.m. on Saturday, the 19th and 9 a.m. on Sunday, the 20th instant.

Parcels for Germany for despatch by German steamer s.s. 'Freinfels' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6 p.m. on Friday, the 18-11-38.

LALA LAJPATRAI DAY

To-day's Meeting At Jinnah Hall

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and the Girgaum District Congress Committee a public meeting will be held at Jinnah Hall to-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p. m. (S. T.)

Mr. Nagindas Master will preside and Messrs. S. K. Patil, Motichand Kapadia, M. R. Masani, D. S. Babreker. P. R. Lele, Ashok Mehta and others will address the meeting.

LALA LAJPATRAI ANNIVERSARY

To-day (Thursday) at 7 p.m. at the Arya Samaj Hall at Girgaum Back Road, a public meeting will be held to celebrate the anniversary of Lala Lajpatrai, when several speakers will address the audience.

Jawaharlal Arriving In Bombay To-day

Reception Arrangements At Mole Station

APPEAL TO PUBLIC TO MAINTAIN ORDER AND DISCIPLINE

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee write:

After his historic European tour, expending well-nigh over 5 months, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, ex-President of the Indian National Congress, will be once again in our midst to-day. According to the latest information, the steamer s.s. "Strathnaver" by which he is returning to India will arrive at the Mole Station (Ballard Pier) to-day (Thursday) at about 3 p.m. (S.T.) Panditji will immediately be taken on landing to the special "Shamiana" put up by the B.P.C.C. on the spacious lawn a little off the quay on the North Western side of the Mole Station, where arrangements for public reception have been made. Here he will at first be received and garlanded by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and other Congress organisations, followed by numerous public bodies and commercial Associations who have expressed their desire in advance to participate in the reception. After the garlanding is over, Panditji will address a few words. This will conclude the reception ceremony. Panditji will then drive to his residence.

GUARD OF HONOUR

Volunteers of the Bombay Seva Dal, including Congress Sevikas, and other volunteers representing various volunteer Corps in the City will give a Guard of Honour to Panditji to the accompaniment of the Congress Band.

Admission to the reception Shamiana will be by special cards issued by the B.P.C.C. Cardholders are requested to please note the change in time in the reception arrangement. The reception in the Shamiana will commence a little after 3 p.m. (S.T.) The guests are, however, requested to be present at the reception place at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) to avoid rush and confusion. Congress volunteers will be posted at the Green Gate to assist the Police in directing guests and their cars to the places arranged. The cars of Congress guests will be parked along the road leading to the Hughes Dry Dock by the side of the Shamiana. The entry into the dock will be via the Green Gate.

All volunteers are required to be present at the Mole Station at 1-30 p.m. (S.T.) sharp in uniform.

To avoid inconvenience to other passengers travelling by the same steamer, public are hereby requested not to crowd inside the Mole Station. We have every confidence that the public will cooperate with the organisers and the volunteers in maintaining order and discipline at the reception Pandit Jawaharlal's car will come out through the Green Gate and will pass through the Ballard Road. The car will drive slowly so that it may be possible for a large crowd of people to have "Dharshan" of Panditji.

Address At Azad Maidan To-morrow

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will address a public meeting at the Azad Maidan to-morrow (Friday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.)

CHINA AND SPAIN FILMS

Will Be Shown At West End On Sunday Morning

The first Motion Pictures ever taken of the famous Eighth Route Army will be shown at the West-End Theatre, Lamington Road, on Sunday, 20th instant at 10 a. m. (S.T.) when Babu Subhas Bose and Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru are expected to be present.

China Aid Progressive Film Committee presents the following films:—

CHINA STRIKES BACK.
BEHIND THE SPANISH LINES.
SPANISH A. B. C.
WAR NEWS REELS MADE IN CHINA.
(a) Chinese Martial Songs.
(b) Road To Russian Turkistan.
(c) China Old And New.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru says: "These are not only of great topical interest but should especially appeal to the public. In view of the steps that are being taken to send a medical unit to China on behalf of the Congress the film "China Strikes Back" should be particularly welcomed."

Subhas Babu says:

"These films should enable our people to catch the inspiration that is moving the masses of China and Spain and should strengthen the bonds that unite the oppressed peoples all over world."

Rates:—Rs. 5-12; Rs. 3-6; Rs. 2-4: Rs. 1-2 and 9 as.

Tickets are available at: The Indian Civil Liberties Union, Bombay Mutual Building, Room 57; Gandhi Seva Sena, Nair Building, Sandhurst Road; and the West-End Theatre, Lamington Road.

GOLD SHIPMENT FROM BOMBAY

During the week ending November 12, 1938, gold to the value of Rupees Twenty-two lakhs was exported from Bombay by sea.—A. P.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

Prof. P. A. Wadia will begin his classes in Economics in the University, South Wing from to-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. The other classes will commence from Monday, the 28th November. Detailed information can be had from the office of the Association, K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, 134-136, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

Courtesy Week In Bombay

Will Be Inaugurated By Mayor On Nov. 19.

BOMBAY, Nov. 16.

The Mayor of Bombay will inaugurate the Courtesy Week which will be observed in the City of Bombay from November 19 to 26.

The purpose of the observance, it is explained by the Safety First Association, is to make the general public increasingly conscious of the enormous waste of lives and limbs caused by traffic accidents and to demonstrate the possibility of reducing this national loss by individuals as well as collective action through the courtesy and consideration for others.

The activities during the week will be essentially of an educational nature. Nearly a thousand scouts drawn from Bombay Local Scout Associations will patrol the streets and will endeavour through courteous persuasion to induce the various users of the road and pavement to use them properly.

If a pedestrian argues or refuses to follow the direction from them, the Scouts have been instructed to tell him that he is risking his life by using the road instead of the pavement, then smile, salute and approach the next pedestrian.—A.P.

POPPY PROGRAMME PRIZES

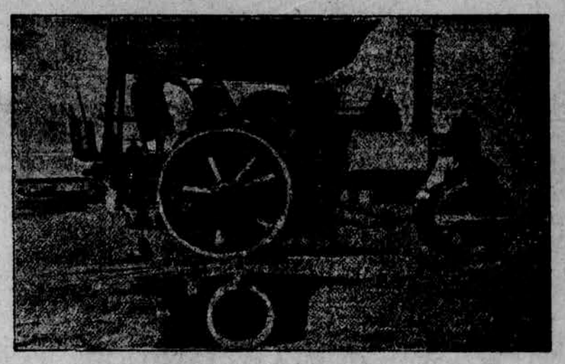
In the office of the Secretary of the W.I.A.A. Lady Blackwell this morning opened the sealed envelopes containing the numbers she had selected some weeks ago which carry gifts to the purchasers of Poppy programmes The Hillman Minx goes to the purchaser of programme No. 19985 and the following numbers carry the gifts beside them:

19,985 Hillman Minx Motor Car
14,278 Radio Set
20,001 Singer Sewing Machine
13,430 Marble Clock
18,755 Kodak Camera
10,322 Tennis Racquet
17,359 Table Lamp
20,663 12 "H.M.V." Dance Records
12,489 Travelling Rug
24,091 Three flights over Bombay
18,239 Box of Cigars
23,428 Two Bottles "White Horse" Whiskey
15,173 A Bottle of Champagne
11,111 A Cake
12,113 Statuette Vase
10,025 Shaving Set and Mirror

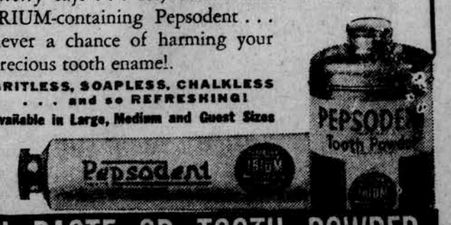
The two most successful sellers of programmes were Minoo M. Patel, of the Regal Cinema, who sold over one thousand of them and Mrs. P. E. Winton who sold over 600.

WORRIED BY PIMPLES AND ECZEMA
Sought Relief in Vain for Two Years
COMPLEXION PERFECT AFTER SIX WEEKS OF KRUSCHEN
This lady was greatly worried eruptions of pimples and blotches. Naturally, she tried every way of getting rid of them, and at last she discovered the remedy which made her complexion perfect again. Here is what she writes:—
"For the past two years my face was covered with hard pimples and red blotches, and I also had eczema on my neck and fore-arms. I tried every lotion, cream and ointment there was to be had, without the slightest effect. I was so worried Fortunately I decided to give Kruschen a trial, and without any exaggeration, within six weeks my face was without a blemish, and I have not had a sign of eczema since. I take Kruschen regularly every morning, and would not be without it." (Mrs.) J A
Pimples and eczema are frequently due to impurities in the blood—irritant poisons which sluggish body organs are failing to expel from the system. Kruschen Salts keep the body organs functioning normally and healthily, so that all blood impurities are regularly and completely expelled. When pure, refreshed blood begins to circulate through your veins, skin irritation is quickly allayed, pimples disappear, the skin takes on a smooth healthy texture.
Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

PENTANGULAR TOURNAMENT
STUDENTS SEASON TICKETS
For
Bonafide boys and girls students and Lady-Teachers.
Concession rate Rs. 3 only (including tax)
Available from Principals of Schools and Hon. Sec. Bom. H. S. A. Association, c/o Imperial High Sch., Gowalia Tank Rd.
No Season Tickets for Students at the Stadium.

HUME PIPES FOR CULVERTS

STRENGTH PUT TO TEST
ADVANTAGES:
Quick construction; Economy in cost and supervision; No uncertainty of inferior material and work. Better Flow.
Owing to the smooth internal surface in pipes smaller vents than masonry are enough.
Hume Pipes are used by all important Railways, States, Local Boards, Municipalities for culverts and road crossings.
USE HUME STEEL PIPES FOR HIGH PRESSURE WATER SUPPLY, DRAINAGE LINES, ETC.
30 FACTORIES in INDIA, BURMA and CEYLON.
THE INDIAN HUME PIPE CO., LTD.
H. O. BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY.

IRIUM THRILLS MILLIONS

Lola Lane, star of Warner Bros. Pictures appearing in "Four Daughters."
Irium in Pepsodent Tooth Paste is thrilling millions — morning after morning, by the new dazzling whiteness of their teeth! Never before has there been such radiance with a tooth paste so utterly safe . . . Yes, there's never a risk with IRIUM-containing Pepsodent . . . never a chance of harming your precious tooth enamel.
GRITLESS, SOAPLESS, CHALKLESS . . . and so REFRESHING!
Available in Large, Medium and Guest Sizes


USE PEPSODENT TOOTH PASTE OR TOOTH POWDER
. . . BOTH CONTAIN IRIUM

Telephone No. 22037 Telegrams: "CHRONICLE."
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1938

MEDICAL EDUCATION

In reply to a question in the Legislative Assembly on Thursday Dr. Gilder, Minister for Health, stated that the question of converting the Government Medical Schools at Poona and Ahmedabad into colleges training for University degree course viz., M.B.B.S., was at present under consideration of Government. He added that there was a general consensus of opinion in India that the standard of education throughout country in allopathic medicine should be uniform and that several associations of medical licentiates had urged upon Government the necessity of abolishing L. C. P. C. course. If it were only a question of converting both the schools into colleges, much could be said in favour of the proposition, as there is a wide demand for at least one additional medical college in the province. But Dr. Gilder made it clear that the idea was to abolish altogether the shorter licentiate course on the plea that there should be one uniform standard of allopathic medical education throughout the country. It may be noted in this connection that the All-India Conference on Medical School Education held at Delhi last week adopted a resolution recommending that "one uniform minimum standard of training and qualification for practitioners of modern scientific medicine should be established throughout India at an early date and that this standard should be such as shall satisfy the requirements laid down by the Medical Council of India."

Reasonable Alternative

The resolution does not make it clear whether it is proposed to secure the uniformity by abolishing the licentiate course or by making it uniform in all provinces. The latter alternative is quite reasonable as it not only ensures uniformity but also retains the simpler course, which is essential for the purpose of securing an adequate number of allopathic doctors for the rural areas. But though the resolution itself is not explicit, the circumstances that led to the Conference, the trend of several speeches made there and Dr. Gilder's statement in the Bombay Assembly make it clear that it is seriously proposed to secure "one uniform minimum standard" by abolishing the licentiate course and by making the graduate course the minimum standard.

Harmful Proposal

This proposal may appear to be a reform inasmuch as it seeks to raise the minimum standard of medical education. But in reality it is very harmful at the present stage of medical education since it will considerably reduce the number of qualified allopathic practitioners. Already the number of such practitioners is very small, there being on an average only one dispensary, public or private, for 100,000 of the population in rural areas. There are only 28 medical schools in the country, though we need at least twice as many for the vast country. They are so few because they are so costly. Medical Colleges are far more costly and the proposal to abolish all such schools as cannot be converted into colleges will mean the abolition of more than half of these 28 schools. Moreover, the college course is so frightfully costly that it will attract comparatively few students, and these are hardly likely to go to rural areas after they become qualified practitioners at an enormous cost. It is, therefore, necessary in the interests of rural medical relief, to retain, for at least a decade or two more, the present schools and the simpler licentiate course for which the schools train their students. Wherever possible a school should be developed into a college. But when there is sufficient demand for the higher as well as the simpler course, either a school should exist side by side with a college or the college should train students for both the courses. In short the problem must be viewed from the standpoint of adequacy of medical relief in rural areas. When the need is far more medical schools, let not the axe be laid on the existing ones.

Roosevelt's Declaration

The storm of anger which was aroused in America by Nazi savagery in Germany remains, it is reported, unabated. And like a true representative of his people President Roosevelt has given expression to public feelings from his own exalted and responsible position. The language is, of necessity, studiedly restrained, but it is by no means obscure or equivocal. Referring to the deep shock which Nazi atrocities have dealt to public opinion in America, President Roosevelt publicly declares that "I myself could scarcely believe that such things could occur in twentieth century civilisation."

Contrast this attitude of the President of the U.S.A. with the representative of an equally great democratic (sic) Power, Great Britain. The answers that Mr. Neville Chamberlain thought fit to give in Parliament on the subject of Nazi atrocities were remarkable, only but quite unmistakably, for his hesitation to commit himself in any way whatsoever. This contrast throws further light on Mr. Neville Chamberlain. But to return to President Roosevelt it is a pity that he still speaks of International Affairs principally in terms of his own hemisphere. American experience of Western "Democracies" may be bitter. But it is absurd to hope that the Americas can be insulated or saved from trouble by being insulated. Recent events in Europe and Far East prove that it is necessary both morally and otherwise for the U.S.A. to take its proper place in a comity of non-totalitarian States.

A Remarkable Atlas

Messrs. Victor Gollancz, who have rendered invaluable services to the man-in-the-street, by helping him intelligently to understand world problems, have recently brought out a really remarkable volume: "The Atlas of To-day and To-morrow" (10/6 net). They justly claim the Atlas to be incomparable. It is a pictorial representation of World History since 1875—the beginning of the scramble for colonies era—and an unfailing pointer to the political and economic tendencies of the present-day world. The Atlas, which contains 209 maps, is divided into six parts. "The Struggle for the Division of the World," "Great Powers and Colonial Empires," "The Struggle for World Markets," "The Struggle for the Control of Communications," "State, Nationality, Religion and Race" and "State and Society." With its explanatory notes and figures, the Atlas constitutes not only a clue to the understanding of the real meaning of what is happening to-day, but also an almost sure guide to what may happen to-morrow and the day after. The Publishers, the author, Alexander Rado, and M. Rachman, who executed the maps, deserve congratulations for bringing out this out. But special felicitations are naturally due to the author, who can deservedly feel proud of this *chef d'oeuvre* of his.

The Marcus Show

By D. F. Karaka

It is very rarely that a musical show is reviewed on this page. The Marcus Show, which opened at the Excelsior on Tuesday night deserves the distinction.

It was once said that Robert Taylor came in answer to a maiden's prayer. Well, Marcus, you've come in answer to many prayers. In this part of the world we ceased to believe that manna still fell from heaven, men, women and children will be grateful to you!

I went to the opening on a press ticket. As a piece of serious advice to those of the theatre management who are responsible for allotting press tickets, let me say that it is tempting Providence too much to give the gentlemen of the press seats in the 'K' row and in the Balcony. I think the theatre managements of this country would do well to show a little consideration to those on whom they depend for such criticism as is bound to influence public opinion and fill the box office.

I mention this fact because a show can sometimes be ruined by a handful of dissatisfied journalists. Remember that, Mr. Excelsior Theatre. But nothing could spoil the Marcus show. From A to Zee, it is a cut above anything that has come this side of the Arctic since Columbus discovered America. It has got class with the capital "A". It is as if Cochran and Goldwyn had been published in small editions, wrapped up in cellaphane and sent out by air mail as a Christmas present to India. It is clean, and bearing in mind local conditions, I think it is beautifully produced. So that Mr. Leon Miller, the producer, is put at the top of the class as the ideas man. Incidentally his one act, one scene, three part but one player production which filled in one minute between scenes was responsible for my falling off from my seat. It sort of made the Marx Bro. look silly.

I don't know who was responsible for the decor, but whoever it was, has an eye for colour and line. The angle of the superstage in the Japanese set, which slopes down is just that extra something which lifts the set from music hall to—in my language—the West End. I think nature ought to consult the decor man of the Marcus Gang when painting its next rainbow, unless you tried painting it with Nu-enamel.

Exceptionally Good Comics

The first big cheer went up for George Schreck. The Gods—which incidentally was packed with the best audience in years—cheered it well over a minute, holding up the next item till he came and took his bow. And if you don't think Schreck is good, well you better get your tongue seen to. He could any day lift up the London Palladium and hold it for as long as he likes. And the Palladium knows a thing when it's funny.

In fact all the comics were exceptionally good—Ben McAttee the the Boys (particularly the little one with the bald patch); Sparky Kaye as the dummy and George Charland as the "nice boy". The dialogue was slick, though I feel that take-off of the radio—the Free and Easy Hour—would do better to be taken right off. It's come this way before.

The Songs

"With a song in my heart", I yelled for Ruth Durrell, the prima donna, who sang "Un bel di vedremo" and without all the heavy trimmings of the type of matron who usually comes to sing such numbers. Ruth Durrell was more a prima donnette. Sort of small and cutish.

Sharon de Vries, which is the name of a young lady and not a Windemere lake, got me all hot and bothered in her version of the "Kiss". The wiggly finger of hers will drive a whole heap of people crazy, before she leaves this city. I have already been practising it all morning. In the "Kiss" number, which she did all by herself, she made me realise, that one should never let your right hand know what the left hand does or is it *vice-versa*?

Senorita Sofia Alvarez sang "La Comparsita" just like it used to be done in the Villa Rosa in the Place Blanche, or in Spain before the revolution. Both her Tango numbers and the whole of Mexican Melody were excellent. But just stay there and sing Senorita. Don't worry about Passo-doubling. Just get close to that mike and let's have "Caminito", "Gaduffa", "Viejo Amore", "Yira Yira" and we Tonis in the audience will make de double passz at you. But stick to tangos, if only to bring

(Continued On Page 12, Col. 4)

FROM MASARYK TO HITLER

Ideological Background Of Nazi Anti-Semitism

(By 'OBSERVATEUR')

Developing his conception of politico-cultural 'cyncratism' the late Masaryk said:

Hand in hand with the political relations between nations, the cyncratism culture and population developed. The cultures mingled, the races and nations also mingled. The mingling of the races we can trace everywhere, with us as in other places. There isn't such a thing as what is called pure blood. We have not got it, we are not pure-blooded Slavs, just as neither the Germans, Frenchmen, or Englishmen, and so on have got it. Nobody, nowhere. All that talk about some pure, or superior race is a myth. Europeanism and Europism arose just from that very mixing, just by that mutual enrichment of the blood and of the spirit.

Europe And Democracy

These words of Thomas Masaryk assume to-day a new and tragic significance when Hitler has succeeded, with the assistance of Chamberlain and Daladier, in inflicting considerable damage, if not totally destroying, the one country in Europe that exemplified in her political evolution the ideal of democracy for which both Masaryk and Benes worked with such admirable devotion. But they also underline the fundamental divergence between the Nazi totalitarianism based on racialism and European democracy that is inseparable from the total achievement of modern European civilisation and the historical process of progress as the representative European mind understands and accepts it. Masaryk's ideas of historical wisdom which the words quoted in this article express in its essence had had a place for conflict—history records it in all epochs too such as underlies the Nazis' action, they were comprehensive and philosophical. They are the ideas of the enlightened European mind: and they uphold an unshakable faith in democracy as the basic ideal of European international and social existence.

Making Of A Myth

The Nazi myth of race has long been exploded as completely baseless. It is a myth, created and propounded by Fascists both of Germanic and Latin races today, that lacks in the support of scientific ethnology: and how appallingly ignorant and credulous, not to say infantile, are the persons who pretend to believe in it is proved by the incredibly fantastic statements published by the alleged 'race-scientists' and Nazi political leaders. Whether, as writers like the well-known Italian diplomat Count Sforza point out in unambiguous terms, the inherent German mentality demands it as a spiritual necessity and that it renders sterile any capacity for intellectual greatness or achievement or whether we associate with it the heritage of typically German mysticism and intolerance of non-Germanic races and cultures, the fact remains that it is being exploited to-day for purely political reasons by the Nazi rulers.

Hitler's Confession

Even before the Nazis created the superstructure of race-science and the Rosenbergs and Goebbels' were launched as its most active and audacious missionaries, Hitler himself in his 'Mein Kampf' describes how he evolved his anti-semitism. It has a great deal to do with "gallophobia" or "gallomania" and the praises of the great 'civilised nation'—France. He did not approve, he confesses, the aggressive anti-semitism of the "Volkblatt" but the arguments advanced by it made him reflect and then he made the revolutionary discovery that the Jew was the head of the social democracy. No wonder he and his henchmen should lump together social democrats, Marxists, pacifists and Jews indiscriminately and, in fact, should include all humanity that rejects the gospel of Nazism in the category of the 'Jewish swine' (the German word for it is certainly quite impressive and constitutes one of the outstanding glories of the German language.

Role Of German People

At a time when the most brutal and barbaric human persecution that seemed to have ended with medaeval times is in progress and the masses of Jewish population are subjected to it, the civilised world can judge—and is actually pronouncing its judgment—whether this great race is 'criminal' as its persecutors so audaciously are protesting or, whether they themselves do not justify the use of the adjective. The German people themselves and the sane elements even amongst the Nazi Party have condemned as best they could the outrages with which they are associated: and it is only fair to admit that the representative German people have always strongly disapproved the acts of violence and cruelty that could not but revolt any civilised person. The Nazi leadership had to check the excesses on several occasions before as a concession to public sentiment and despite strict Nazi censorship, such incidents have always been reported outside Germany. And this should make us discriminate between the German people and the

(Continued on Page 11, Col. 4).

FRANKLY SPEAKING

NOTEWORTHY ADMISSION

So Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Winterton did after all admit that the latter's allegations to the effect that Russia had not offered help to Czecho-Slovakia were unwarranted. As we suggested on the occasion, Lord Winterton's charges merely exposed the desperation of a guilty conscience which was casting about for all sorts of absurd and mythical excuses to explain away its own exclusive guilt. Lord Winterton's charges were, however, so blatantly untrue that even critics of British "realism", used to many a perversion of truth, were amazed. Any way, it is something that Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Winterton should have publicly expressed regret although at such late hour. M. Maisky, said Lord Winterton, had been good enough to consider the incident closed. This is a tribute to the graciousness and good sense of the Russians which are well worth emulation by their British critics.

DANGER TO KENYA INDIANS

It is unnecessary to say that we have nothing but profound sympathy for the Jews of Germany. And we welcome every effort that may be made to give them relief and refuge. We have, therefore, quite naturally no objection to the scheme for settling a number of them in Kenya. But we do most certainly object to the exclusion of Indians and Natives from these Highlands. India cannot accept the theory of reserving all the good land in Kenya for Europeans and herding the natives and Indians in a bad and small area. That is why it is not enough merely to "place" the Indian point of view before the British Government as Sir G. S. Bajpai told the Central Assembly the Government of India had done.

FRANCO'S DEMAND

The fighting on the Ebro front is, not unnaturally, going in favour of the Spanish rebels. What is more noteworthy is that, according to Reuter's diplomatic correspondent in London,

General Franco is demanding wide belligerent rights before agreeing to the British plan of withdrawal of volunteers, under which limited belligerent rights were to be granted to both sides, only after the Non-Intervention Committee was satisfied that substantial withdrawal of volunteers had been made.

We will not be surprised if General Franco does succeed in getting these belligerent powers on his conditions. A democracy is being doomed to destruction. And the tragedy is due first to Italy and Germany and secondly—more decisively also—to the policy pursued by the "democratic" Premier of Great Britain.

POLITICAL EXILES

The Government of India have done bare justice to Lala Hardayal by permitting him to return to India. It would have been more graceful on their part not to demand from him an assurance that he would not participate in any unconstitutional agitation. The law of the land could have been trusted to deal with him properly if he were to undertake any unlawful activities. We do not see why the Government should not unconditionally permit the return of Raja Mahendra Pratap and other political exiles if the Provincial Governments concerned recommend their return. The Provincial Governments should make it a point of honour to secure the return of these exiles to their native provinces. Is there no end to their exile or a limit to the vindictiveness shown towards them?

A CIVIC COMPLAINT

The location of industrial concerns in residential areas has often proved a cause of complaint in Bombay as in other big cities. That the health of citizens is of paramount consideration and that nothing should be done or allowed to its detriment is now generally accepted and modern municipalities are armed with the requisite powers to safeguard public health. It appears that the establishment of a paint factory in the Albion Terrace Estate opposite the Byculla station has proved a source of nuisance to the residents of the locality. On a representation being made to the municipality, the Medical Relief and Public Health Committee recommended the cancelling of the factory licence, which was accepted by the Corporation. The owner of the factory was duly ordered to vacate the premises. Subsequently, however, the Corporation rescinded its previous resolution owing to some inexplicable reasons. The 'bona fide' grievance of the residents of the locality thus remains unredressed. The reversal of its earlier decision by the Corporation has naturally caused a good deal of surprise and comment. The residents concerned as well as the public in general are entitled to know the reasons that have prevented the authorities in allowing the factory to continue in spite of the repeated and justified protests.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Some folks never expect to get what they expect.

A fish in the hand is worth a dozen in the angler's story.

The successful man is the first to recognize his own mistakes.

Many a picture illustrates the story of the artist's hard luck.

You need not fear that a man can't hear a word of cheer if it's pronounced "beer."

In the case of the police magistrate, some one has remarked that his work is a fine art.

India Must Sympathise With Jews

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The indebtedness of the world to the Jewish community is beyond question; Christianity was their gift to the world, not to speak of geniuses as Thomas Mann, Einsteen and Spinoza. India owes much to the sympathy of a Jewish Secretary of State for India during one of the momentous crises of her constitutional history. She has had the direct benefit of the philanthropy of more than one Jew (Sir Ellie Kadoorie may be mentioned). It is but fit and in accordance with the noble traditions of India, that the Voice of India should proclaim its profound sympathy towards the miserable plight of another ancient people. The Congress is the Voice of the nation: will it be too much to hope that the A.I.C.C. would adopt and pass a sympathetic resolution welcoming Jewish refugees who may seek shelter in India?—Yours, etc.

RAJA GOPAL.

WITHOUT COMMENT—

Subsequently Conservative backbenchers were canvassing support for a motion asking the House of Commons to declare that no agreement should be made under which British colonies or mandated territories would be transferred to Germany "without the consent of the people of Britain."
—Reuter.

* * * *

Comrade Jamnadas Mehta objects to the Kania Committee of Inquiry because its terms of reference imply that some disturbances did take place on the occasion of the One-Day Strike.

We agree with Comrade Mehta. As a matter of fact nothing of the kind happened on that day. For decisive proof of this we need do no more than cite that attempt made a week ago by Comrade Mehta's allies and colleagues to adjourn the House on the question.

* * *

And it is, of course, quite untrue that the boycott is due to any reason like a desire to shirk an inquiry.

We are about to understand that Comrade Mehta and his B.P.T.U.C. have decided to cooperate with the Inquiry Committee which has been constituted by, and is to submit its report to, the I.L.P. of Dr. Ambedkar.

* * * *

In the event of a war involving Britain, "our attitude", declares the South African Minister For Defence, "is that decision would be taken by the people of the Union through Parliament on the merits of the case."

We are gratified to note that India's lead is being accepted by members of the British "Commonwealth" of Nations.

* * * *

The League of Nations, says Anglo-India, "for all its faults, does enshrine those ideals which Indians hold dear."

Entomb, brother, entomb.

* * * *

The recent articles in the German Press about British Imperial activities compel us to revise our opinion about Nazis a little bit.

However strongly we may feel over the savagery against Jews we cannot but acknowledge with respect.

(1) Their thorough knowledge of British history and

(2) their nose for skeletons in the Empire cupboard.

* * * *

Apropos of our London correspondent's report that Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Winterton have admitted the latter's allegations against Russia to be untrue, we are in a position authoritatively to declare that the report is a tissue of falsehood.

Eh? The authority?

Simple. It is the silence of Reuter on the subject. And what could be more conclusive?

* * * *

On his arrival in London the King of Rumania was received by King George who introduced to the former Mr. Neville Chamberlain among others.

It is not reported that His Roumanian Majesty then paled or shuddered.

* * * *

Writing on this visit, a French newspaper says that "the reply King Carol takes back may have decisive consequences for the future of the Balkans generally."

But before taking the reply back, he would do well to have a talk on it with Dr. Benes.

* * * *

Mr. Neville Chamberlain, it is officially announced, will not accompany the King and Queen on their visit to Canada and the U. S. A.

This is because of pre-occupation with State business and certainly not due to any hesitation on Mr. Chamberlain's part to face the Canadian statesmen or Mr. Roosevelt.

* * * *

"You want to marry my daughter? But you know she is my only daughter?"

"Yes, but I only want one wife."

HANDS OFF GERMANY!

Nazi Press On British "Impertinence"

ACCUSERS ARE ACCUSED

Jallianwalla Baug, Palestine And Waziristan Flung Back In Britain's Face

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT).

LONDON: November 15.

"The Zwoelfuhr Blatt" devotes its entire front-page in heavy black types to "Britain's Latest Impertinence."

Amritsar Recalled

IT RECALLS THE MASSACRE AT AMRITSAR AND SAYS THAT AS A REPRISAL FOR KILLING TWO ENGLISH WOMEN, GENERAL DYER KILLED 500 AND WOUNDED 1,500 "HINDUS" FOR WHICH A BRITISH NEWSPAPER AWARDED 14,000 STERLING FOR HIS "COURAGEOUS ATTITUDE."

In Palestine

The paper narrates events in Palestine and adds: "When a British officer was fired at, it was answered by blowing up a whole village into bits and Britain exacted a high contribution from the poor population, arrested 400 Arabs and courtmartialled several of them. During the July-October "fighting for their homelands," the Arabs in "their desperate fight" killed 42 Englishmen; but the British killed 1,069 Arabs as a reprisal.

In Waziristan

"The Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung" declares: "We remember that during the ill-fated Disarmament Conference Britain energetically advocated the use of bombing air-planes, which were engines of destruction. This happened at the time of the Waziristan trouble. Only these weapons could be successfully employed there. Several of these were also used in Iraq against the insurgent Kurds and against the Assyrians."

Hands Off Germany

"The Voelkischer Boebachter" under the heading: "Inhuman Methods," declares that British history is an example of incessant bloody Terror. It adds that the British should leave Germany alone with their school-mistress-like rebukes and arrogant criticism.

Roosevelt Perplexed At Nazi Savagery

WASHINGTON: November 15.

"NEWS DURING THE PAST FEW DAYS FROM GERMANY HAS DEEPLY SHOCKED PUBLIC OPINION IN THE UNITED STATES," declared President Roosevelt, at a Press Conference.

He added: "I MYSELF COULD SCARCELY BELIEVE THAT SUCH THINGS COULD OCCUR IN TWENTIETH CENTURY CIVILISATION."

The President said that he had ordered Mr. Wilson home "with a view to gaining first-hand picture of the situation in Germany."

President Roosevelt then carefully explained that Mr. Wilson in diplomatic language had been summoned home and not recalled.

No protests had been made to Berlin about treatment of Jews or the reported damage of American property. The Inter-Governmental Refugees Committee in London was trying to extend its help and take care of the increasingly difficult situation. The President added that he himself would give great deal of thought as to where the German refugees might be placed, but time was not ripe for any statement. No change was contemplated in the American quota system of immigrants.

The President also affirmed that he and his advisers were considering an increased air-force as the first step to ensure protection for the safety of the American Republics and Canada. His defence studies he said, embraced protection for the whole of the hemisphere rather than the United States alone. He did not anticipate any defection from complete solidarity in the defence move.

STORM OF INDIGNATION IN AMERICA

NEW YORK Nov. 16

The storm of anger which swept through the United States over the treatment of Jews in Germany shows no sign of abatement.

The giant German liner "Bremen" sailed on its home voyage to-day after a remarkable demonstration of hostility from 3000 shouting men and women bearing placards endeavouring to get as near the vessel as the police would allow. The "Bremen" left at her scheduled time to concerted chorus of booing to which the liner retorted with three decisive toots of her siren.—

POLICE CONTROL CROWDS

A huge crowd marched up and down the waterfront as the "Bremen" left. Police reinforcements, 500 strong, had been detailed to control them. Every precaution was taken to ensure the liner's safe sailing. Two police-boats accompanied her to the open sea and the ship's sides were closely examined to ensure that there were no bombs.

The New York Police Commissioner states that the State Department has requested him to see that German ships and the German Consulate in New York are protected.

"DENUNCIATION" OF NAZIS

"The New York Times" Washington correspondent commenting on President Roosevelt's statement concerning the anti-Semitic measures in Germany says that "the denunciation was made in language as sharp as ever employed by the President against a course pursued by a foreign Government, with whom the United States is in friendly diplomatic relations.

"The Herald Tribune's" Washington correspondent says that the denunciation is in effect a direct verbal blow by the head of the American Government aimed at the German Government

PLEA FOR ACTION

A delegation of Churchmen and Educationalist from States adjacent to the Capital has petitioned the State Department for economic action against Germany.

Mr. McReynolds, Chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the House of Representatives, declared that those who are working for lasting peace throughout the world can only hope that the expression of indignation on the part of civilised man universally will bring to a prompt halt the retrogression, which we hoped had died with the dark ages.

ATTACK ON PARTY IN POWER

"The Staats Zeitung," New York's principal German (language) newspaper, attacks "the desecration of the German name through fanatics in the ranks of the Party in power, who are trying to drag a great people into the mire with their sadistic lowness. We know that the German-American will condemn this mob rule.—Reuter.

GERMANY'S RETORT TO BRITAIN AND U. S. A.

BERLIN, Nov 15.

German newspapers and wireless to-night continue the campaign of criticism of British actions in Palestine, combined with abuse of the United States for alleged misdeeds in Panama, Mexico and elsewhere

The "Angriff" splashes an article denouncing the "brutal policy of suppression" pursued by the British in Palestine

"Hamburger Fremdenblatt" attacking America declares that the Lynch law is a typical American institution and the action of American warships in Panama, Nicaragua and Mexico ought to be remembered by Americans before they criticise the German treatment of Jews. The paper adds that the German people are answerable only to their own conscience. Newly born world power in Germany will not tolerate any meddling with her internal affairs.

ANGLO-AMERICAN TRADE PACT

Big Increase In Import & Export Trade Expected

LONDON, Nov. 15.

The Anglo-American Trade Pact is expected to come into effect from January 1, 1939, for a period of three years, says Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent.

It is further expected that it will be renewable thereafter for an indefinite period.

It is predicted that the outcome of the agreement will be an equal increase in the volume of imports and exports between Britain and the United States.

While this may still leave the balance in favour of the United States, the percentage of the increase in Britain's exports will be far greater than the increase in her imports.

A BALANCING FACTOR.

Another balancing factor is the fact that for the first time in the Anglo-American trade negotiations, American trade with Britain's Crown Colonies, where the trade balance is overwhelmingly unfavourable to the United States, has been taken concurrently into consideration.

It is stated that negotiations were conducted upon a triangular basis: firstly, Britain and the Crown colonies; secondly the United States; thirdly, Canada, the view of experts in London is that the Agreement will have mainly good results in respect of All British Empire trade.

An immediate result is expected to be a large increase in British exports to the United States during the first quarter of 1939, which should be felt before the increase in imports from the United States.

Owing to the expansion of business, America at present is calling for further supplies of materials.—Reuter.

GREAT RECEPTION TO KING CAROL

LONDON, Nov. 16.

London gave King Carol and Prince Michael a great reception when they left Buckingham Palace in an open carriage and drove to Guildhall, where they were welcomed by the Lord Mayor and a large company of distinguished people, including Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Halifax. An illuminated address of welcome was read and a few presentations were made to the King, after which King Carol accompanied by Prince Michael, the Duke of Gloucester and the Lord Mayor, headed the procession to Luncheon Hall.

Addressing the Assembly and tendering his thanks for the reception given to him and his son by the people of England, King Carol said that "in my veins flows the same blood as that of your king, which I am convinced, has contributed to this splendid welcome. Moreover, in more recent time, neither I nor my people can forget that Rumania belonged to the same mighty army of Allies fighting for the same cause, and for the same faith".—Reuter.

Philadelphia Ban On Heavyweight Champion

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 16.

As a sequel to yesterday's Thomas-Galento fight is that Harry Thomas has been banned from reappearing in Philadelphia, because his showing is regarded as unsatisfactory.—Reuter.

FIRST STEP FOR AMERICAN PROTECTION

Increased Air Force: Roosevelt's Message To Press Conference

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.

President Roosevelt made it clear at the Press Conference, at which he spoke freely of Defence, that the new United States arms programme contemplated complete co-operation with other Governments and "does not rest solely on the shoulders of the United States".

The President carefully explained that Mr. Wilson in diplomatic language had been summoned home and not recalled. No protests had been made in Berlin about the treatment of Jews or the reported damage of American property. The Inter-Governmental Refugees Committee in London was trying to extend its help and take care of the increasingly difficult situation. He himself would give great deal of thought as to where the German refugees might be placed, but time was not ripe for any statement. No change was contemplated in the American quota system of immigrants.

The President also affirmed that he and his advisers were considering increased air force as a first step to ensure protection and safety of the American Republics and Canada.—Reuter.

IMREY FORMS NEW CABINET

BUDAPEST, Nov 16.

Dr. Imrey has formed a new Cabinet with five changes.

Dr. Imrey in a speech denied rumours that he was aiming at a dictatorship. He emphasised that he desired to improve relations with Yugoslavia. He announced that a modification of the recent laws in regard to Jews in Hungary was necessary in view of changes in the total and the distribution of Jews as a result of the return of territory from Czechoslovakia.—Reuter.

MASS DETENTION OF ARABS

JERUSALEM, Nov. 16.

Over 750 Arabs were detained, when British troops combed out nine Arab villages in Galilee. Some of those detained had records known to the police and a quantity of fire-arms and ammunition was also seized. As a result of the information gained by the military, large Arab gangs are now finding it increasingly difficult to operate.—Reuter.

JAPANESE FORCES THRUST BACK

Fighting On Outskirts Of Canton

CHUNGKING, Nov. 16.

Japanese troops, defending Canton, have been thrust back to the city proper according to a Chinese spokesman. He added that fighting is proceeding in the outskirts of Canton.—Reuter.

JAPANESE CLAIM

TOKIO, Nov. 16.

Chinese troops are in full retreat to the South on the 150-mile front between Manchang and Yochow, according to a Japanese message from Yangtse front declaring that even Chinese troops in Shasi, Capital of Hunan Province, are retreating, apparently as a result of the decision to abandon Shasi before Japanese onslaughts along the Canton-Hankow Railway.—Reuter.

CHINESE PREPARE FOR MAJOR BATTLE

CHUNGKING, Nov. 15.

Marshal Chiang Kai-Shek is confident and optimistic regarding the military situation, declares Reuter's special correspondent after a fortnight's stay at the Generalissimo's headquarters somewhere in Hunan.

In a tour of 3,000 miles through the Western Provinces Reuter saw no sign of an early cessation of hostilities but preparations everywhere for prolonged resistance.

The Chinese have completed the concentration of troops and supplies for the next major Battle in the Hunan Hills between Hengchow and Paoking.—Reuter.

AUSTRALIAN ORDER FOR BOMBERS

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 16.

An order for fifty reconnaissance bombers has been received from Australia by the Lockhead Aircraft Corporation, according to the "New York Times."—Reuter.

LABOUR MOTION TO CONDEMN NAZI TERROR

LONDON, Nov. 15.

The Parliamentary Labour Party has placed a motion on the order paper declaring that the House "Notes with profound concern the deplorable treatment suffered by certain racial, religious and political minorities in Europe, and in view of the growing gravity of the refugee problem would welcome an immediate and concerted effort among the nations, including the United States, to secure a common policy."

The motion is in the names of Major Attlee, Messrs. Greenwood, Grenfell, Noel-Baker and Sir Charles Edwards.—Reuter.

INDIANS IN CEYLON

No Assent To Village Communities Bill

LONDON, Nov. 16.

A series of questions on the Government's intentions regarding the constitution of Ceylon were answered jointly by Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, who said that he had received a number of representations from all communities on the subject and hoped shortly to publish dispatches which passed between the Governor and himself.

Mr. Raikes drew attention to a statement of the leader of the State Council that the exclusion of minority communities was deliberately planned by leaders of the majority community.

Mr. MacDonald said that he was aware that such allegations were made, but the Governor had informed him that no Sinhalese leader with whom he had spoken had expressed himself in favour of the appointment of a Sinhalese Ministry.

Mr. Raikes suggested that there was strong dissatisfaction among the Domiciled Indians as regards the proposed disfranchisement in local Government elections of Indian estate workers possessing residential qualifications.

Mr. MacDonald pointed out that he was unable to advise His Majesty to assent to the Village Communities Bill passed by the State Council and the Amending Bill now passed.—Reuter.

DEATH FOR LOOTERS

Nazi Order For Austria

VIENNA, Nov. 16.

Addressing workers at Steyr, Herr Buerckel, the Nazi leader of Austria, announced that Field Marshal Goering had authorised him to punish looters in future with death. The reason was that confiscation of Jewish property was being considered.

Discussing economic problem Herr Buerckel warned that workers must put national honour above best wages and remember that Germany was aiming at self-sufficiency.—Reuter.

NEW ROAD TO JOIN BURMA WITH CHINA

LONDON, Nov. 16.

"It is hoped an all-weather Road from Lashio to Wunnanfu will be open to regular traffic shortly. The practicability of constructing a Railway is, I understand, being examined by the financial interests concerned." This reply was given by Mr. R. A. Butler to a question by Mr. Hamilton Kerr, who asked the Prime Minister whether in view of Japan's action in "hampering foreign trade carried on by sea in the east of China" the Government would pay increased attention to the importance of Railway communication between Burma and South-West China and "co-operate with the Chinese Government" which had now the matter in hand in constructing both a Road and Railway, which would carry British exports "free from Japanese interference."—Reuter.

SEVEN PLAGUES RAVAGE VICTORIA

MELBOURNE, Nov. 16.

The seven plagues of caterpillars, grasshoppers, biting flies, flying ants, thrips and cut worms are ravaging the State of Victoria. The dust is also having a bad effect on crops, pasture and vegetables as well as humans. Drought has caused a 75 per cent fall in the wheat yield which was estimated at twelve million bushels.—Reuter.

Queen Of Norway Operated Upon

LONDON, Nov. 16.

Queen Maud of Norway underwent an abdominal operation in London. A bulletin states that the Queen came through the operation well, but the next few days cannot be without some anxiety.—Reuter.

"De Jure" Recognition To Italian Conquest

CANBERRA, Nov. 16.

The Commonwealth will accord "de jure" recognition to the incorporation of Abyssinia in the Italian Empire after the implementation of the Anglo-Italian Agreement, stated Mr. Lyons in the House of Representatives. He added that he hoped the agreement would revive Anglo-Italian friendship.—Reuter.

Joe Davis' New Record

LONDON, Nov. 16.

Joe Davis established a world Snooker record with a break of 137, beating his own record of 135.—Reuter.

'Britain Has Recognised Italian Empire'

Rome Interpretation Of Anglo-Italian Pact

ROME, Nov. 16.

A full-page headline blazoned in every afternoon newspaper to proclaim "Britain has recognised the Empire." Sgr. Gayda writes that the Italian nation salutes the day, which consecrates rights and powers of its Empire. The Anglo-Italian Pact runs parallel to but without altering the spirit and functions of the Rome-Berlin Axis and the Rome-Berlin-Tokio Triangle.

The Anglo-Italian Pact provisions apply to future as well as to present questions and should, therefore, be interpreted as an assurance against the possibility of new divergencies between Italy and Britain.

MORE PACTS TO COME?

Italy gives formal adhesion to the London Naval Agreement of 1936. She is also preparing to participate in negotiations of British and Egyptian Governments to regulate the problems affecting Egypt and Sudan. She is also ready to negotiate trade relations between Italy, Britain, India and British Colonies. We may, therefore, hope that new relations freed from hostile influences of third Powers and war parties may restore one of the vital forces of peace and order in Europe and the world.

JEWISH PROBLEM BEFORE BR. CABINET

LONDON, Nov. 16.

THE CABINET AT AN EIGHTY-MINUTE MEETING TO-DAY, IT IS UNDERSTOOD, CONSIDERED THE JEWISH PROBLEM. NO REPLY HAS YET BEEN RECEIVED FROM THE GERMAN GOVERNMENT TO THE STRONG BRITISH PROTEST AGAINST THE ASSOCIATION OF THE NAMES OF BRITISH POLITICIANS WITH THE MURDER OF HERR VON RATH.

JEWS' PROBLEM

The Cabinet may also have considered the feasibility of parallel approach by Great Britain and America to Berlin in regard to the treatment of Jews in Germany.

PARIS PARLEYS

When Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Halifax go to Paris next week, the whole course of events since Munich, including German attacks on Jews, will undoubtedly come under consideration.—Reuter.

PLEA FOR OPEN DOOR TO GERMAN REFUGEES

LONDON, Nov. 16.

"Not prudence but audacity is now required to deal with the refugee problem, according to Earl Selborne in his speech at a Church Assembly, discussing the situation of refugees Christians and Jews from Germany.

Earl Selborne exclaimed: "Surely all Governments and Parliaments in the British Empire should do a great thing and suspend Immigration Laws and suspend the protracted paraphernalia of Government passports and visas in Berlin and Vienna. If they waited for an inter-Governmental plan to be framed, the Jews will all be dead before it is put in operation."

NEED OF ACTION

Other speakers agreed that the only way to Christianise their indignation was to turn it into action. The Archbishops of Canterbury and York stressed the magnitude of the problem. The former hoped that whatever policy was adopted in Palestine there would be some means of ensuring for the Jews a spot, where they would not be regarded as outcasts and aliens.

A resolution was carried welcoming the formation of a Christian Council for German-refugees and requesting the Finance Board to frame a scheme to raise at least £50,000 to help Christian refugees.—Reuter

Gandhiji's Message To Spain

BARCELONA, Nov. 15.

Letters from Mr. Gandhi and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru have been received by Signor Negrin. Mr. Gandhi's letter states "I do not have to tell you that my whole heart and full sympathy are for you and that I sincerely wish that complete liberty will mark the end of trials through which you are passing.

The letter is accompanied by a message from Pandit Nehru stating "Permit me to add my personal greetings to you and the Spanish people for whose complete success I hope. I shall never forget the impression made upon me during my visit to Spain. Courage and determination of the Spanish people, who are facing all sorts of privations are admirable and are a source of inspiration.

"I am convinced that victory will be yours and it will be a great day for the world of liberty and democracy when the Spanish republic emerges triumphant."—Reuter.

JEWISH SHOPS TO BE ARYANISED

BERLIN, Nov. 16.

Only about one-third of the Jewish shops and business in Germany will be Aryanised while the remaining two-thirds will disappear entirely on January 1, according to a statement the Ministry of Economics which says that Aryanising will be carried out chiefly in retail shops.

The fact that retail and wholesale Jewish businesses must close by January 1, it is officially stated, does not mean they may carry on business until then. The intervening time may be used only to liquidate business. No shops will be opened for Jews only. Jews must buy in Aryan shops. Jews who live in blocks or flats built on the community principle may be given notice to quit. the official statement continues. Possibly Jews owning private houses may be compelled to offer a room for flat-dwellers.

VIOLA TREE DEAD

LONDON: Nov. 16.

The death has occurred of the actress Viola Tree.—Reuter.

World Achievement.

This Little Earth

London may well be envious of Boston in America, for that famous city boasts a Mapparium built by Chester Lindsay Churchill of New York.

This unique construction is a colossal glass globe of the world, and its name means "a place for a map." The visitor enters to find himself on a glass bridge crossing the "inside" of the globe.

Around him are glowing colours, produced from the light entering the globe from outside.

If the visitor looks up, he sees the North Polar Star shining above his head. Beneath his feet lie the Weddell Sea and the Antarctic. At eye-level is an electric clock running all along the Equator and showing the hour in any part of the world.

The curvature of the glass is geographically correct, corresponding to that of the Earth. More than 600 sections of glass were cast, painted, fired in a kiln, and fitted into place in a bronze frame which represents the lines of latitude and longitude, ten degrees apart. The scale is about 22 miles to an inch, the diameter of the globe being 30 feet.

The visitor finds himself continually discovering points which ordinary maps have not made clear to him. Perhaps, he already knew that Madrid is almost on a line with New York, but did not realise that the same invisible line goes on through Naples, Constantinople and Jehol. Such discoveries multiply as the map is more thoroughly examined, and it has been found that observers are loth to leave the bridge inside this fascinating globe.

State Aid To Industries

Bombay Assembly Recommendation To Govt.

(From Our Special Correspondent)

POONA, Nov. 16.

The Bombay Legislative Assembly which met to-day to discuss the Trades Disputes Bill as amended by the Bombay Council postponed consideration thereof till to-morrow Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, Speaker, presided.

Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister, moved that the House do take into consideration amendments' to the Industrial Disputes Bill as passed by the Upper Chamber.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta suggested that consideration might be postponed as they were not provided with copies of the Bill in the form as amended by the Council. He also argued that they had not sufficient time to study those amendments and table their own. Mr. Kher stated that he did not wish to inconvenience members and agreed that consideration of the Bill might be taken up to-morrow.

The Speaker thereupon adjourned consideration of the Bill to to-morrow when the House will meet at eight in the morning.

Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Local Self-Government then moved the resolution about giving aid to indigenous industries in the province.

The motion was as follows: This House is of the opinion that for the Development of Industries, Government may, in appropriate cases, give aid to the indigenous enterprises in the Province by one or more of the following ways: (1) By lending or subscribing part of the Capital needed; (2) By guaranteeing minimum return on invested Capital; (3) By placing available technical advice at the disposal of the person concerned, (4) By giving such other facilities as may be deemed necessary, provided that in giving such aid, Government may direct that the maximum return on invested Capital shall be restricted to a reasonable limit and may lay down such further conditions as may, in public interest, be deemed necessary and also that no such aid shall be given as may result in unfair competition with the existing industries.

Commending the resolution to acceptance by the House Mr. L. M. Patil said that Governments policy so far in the matter of industrial development was only of advising on industrial matters and of promoting of research and industrial schools. Government now thought of adumbrating a forward policy in these matters and give active help towards the advance of industries in the province. Madras and Mysore Governments had already done much in this direction. Western countries were much ahead of India in this respect and it was high time that India adopted methods to give fillip to industries and Government had therefore decided to promote industries of province by aiding them financially and otherwise.

Mr. S. H. Jhabvala moved an amendment to the resolution seeking to aid specially small scale industries and suggesting that technical advice should be gratis. Mr. G. K. Phadke supporting the resolution said that aid should be given only after due inquiry into each concern.

INTERESTS OF LABOUR

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta supported the resolution.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta did not agree with the suggestion that help be extended only to small industries. He also wanted that the interests of Labour were also protected, when selecting industries for help.

Minister Mr. L. M. Patil replying to the debate said that Government would help both small and large-scale industries. Government had before their eyes, industries like paper making, artificial silk, aluminum, power alcohol and others for giving help to. The Minister opposed Mr. Jhabvala's amendment.

The original resolution was then carried and the House adjourned to 8 a.m. to-morrow.

BRISK WORK IN BOMBAY COUNCIL

Medicos' Bill And Local Boards Act Amendment Pass All Readings

(From Our Special Representative)

POONA, Nov. 16.

The Bombay Legislative Council met to-day with Hon. Mr. Pakvasa in the chair and passed the Vaidas and Hakims Bill and Octroi Duty Bill through all the three readings.

At the outset the House took up consideration of the first reading of Vaidas and Hakims Bill.

Prof. Davar and Mr. Desai supported the Bill.

Mr. M. B. Virkar opposed the measure.

OBJECT OF GOVT.

Hon. Dr. Gilder replying to the objections raised during the debate on the first reading said that the only object of the Bill was that medical help, which public got, should come from competent hands. As for making compulsory knowledge of surgery and midwifery for practitioners of Indian medical systems, he drew attention of the House that the training courses of Indian systems at Benares, Patna, Aligarh, and Madras included these subjects.

The House then carried the first reading of the Bill.

FINE REDUCED

The House then took up the second reading and considered the Bill clause by clause. During consideration of the 38 Clauses of the Bill, only two amendments were accepted by the House, while the rest were rejected or withdrawn and the clauses were carried without much discussion.

The Minister accepted Mr. D. N. Deodhakar's amendment, modifying punishment of fine laid down in Clause 34 for a person practising the Indian systems without registration under the provisions of this Act. Whereas the original clause provided fine upto Rs. 500 for every offence, it was reduced to Rs. 100 in the first instance and upto Rs. 500 for subsequent offence.

Mr. Frederic Stones moved an amendment to Clause 36 to the effect that Naturopathy like Homoeopathy be excluded from the operation of this Bill. The Minister promised that Naturopathy also would be recognised by Government as soon as it was possible to provide for its training and it had attained a definite standard.

The amendment was then withdrawn and the House soon concluded the second reading of the Bill.

LOCAL BOARDS BILL

The third reading of the Bill then was carried "nem con."

Hon. Mr. L. M. Patil then moved his Bill to amend the Local Boards Act with a view to facilitate collection of Octroi by Local Boards. The Bill was carried through all the three stages without much discussion and the House then adjourned till 9 a. m. to-morrow.

(Continued from col. 4)

bedkar and Messrs. Nimbkar and Bokhari.

The speakers stressed that Bhagoji Waghmare died in the course of a struggle which had just begun and which would not end till workers established their own 'Raj.'

TRIAL MATCH ENDS IN DRAW

Hindleker Stays For Over An Hour And Makes 55 Runs

The trial match between the Hindu Representative and Raja of Jath's teams on the Hindu Gymkhana grounds ended in a draw on Wednesday.

Continuing their 1st innings the Raja of Jath's XI were all out for 280 in which Hindlekar played sound cricket and stayed for over an hour scoring 55 runs. V. S. Hazare made 35 (run out) while the Yuvaraja of Jath was 35 (not out) with five hits to boundaries.

The Hindu Representative XI opened their second innings and scored 70 for two wickets.

After the tea interval Jath XI opened their second innings and scored 71 runs for four wickets.

The match ended in a draw.

SCORES

Hindu Representative XI

(First Innings) 236

RAJA OF JATH'S XI

(First Innings)

Hindlekar, c Deodhar, b Prithviraj	55
Mushtaq Ali, c Prithviraj, b Merchant	11
Raja of Jath, st. Deepchand, b Godambe	3
C. K. Nayudu, c Prithviraj b Godambe	10
C. S. Nayudu, c Prithviraj b Godambe	19
C. Mehta, C Shete, b Merchant	7
V. Hazare (run out)	35
A Botawalla l.b.w. Nimbalkar	26
Yuvraj of Jath (not out)	31
R Gharat b Nimbalkar	4
C. Grimmet (did not bat)	
Extras	7
Total	208

BOWLING ANALYSIS

S. R. Godambe	3 for 51
K. H. Jobanputra	Nil for 48
V. M. Merchant	2 for 25
R. R. Wadkar	Nil for 30
R. B. Nimbalkar	2 for 42
Prithviraj	1 for 35

HINDU REPRESENTATIVE

(2nd Innings)

Deepchand c. Mushtaq Ali B. Hazare	4
K. Bose (not out)	30
R. Nimbalkar b, C. K. Naidu	29
Roshanlal (not out)	5
Rest did not bat.	
Extras	2
Total for two wickets (declared)	70

BOWLING ANALYSIS

V. Hazare	1 for 14
A Botawala	Nil for 13
Mushtaq Ali	Nil for 6
C. S. Naidu	Nil for 18
C. K. Naidu	1 for 17

RAJA OF JATH'S XI

(2nd Innings)

Mushtaq Ali b. Jobanputra	0
Raja of Jath (not out)	16
C. S. Naidu c, Chari b, Godambe	5
Yuvraj of Jath b Merchant	21
C. K Naidu st. Deepchand B. Wadkar	23
Extras	6
Total (for 4 wickets)	71

BOWLING ANALYSIS

Jobanputra	1 for 17
S. Godambe	1 for 18
V. Merchant	1 for 5
R. Nimbalkar	Nil for 8
R. Wadkar	1 for 17

WORKERS' PROCESSION

Passes Through Mill Area To Cemetery

A procession of 3,000 workers marched through the mill-area on Wednesday night with the bier of Bhagoji Waghmare, a worker of the Independent Labour Party who died of bullet wounds on Tuesday night at the K. E. M. Hospital as a result of Police firing near the Elphinstone Mill.

The body of Bhagoji Waghmare handed over to his family at 5-30 p.m. from the K.E.M. Hospital Mortuary and was later brought to the Kamgar Maidan where the workers assembled.

22 labour organisations including the Girni Kamgar Unions from Bombay, Kurla, and Sholapur, the B. B. and C. I. and G. I. P. Unions, the Independent Labour Party, the B.P.T.U.C., the 'National Front' and workers from several mills placed wreaths in memory of the departed worker.

Dr. Ambedkar and Messrs. Joglekar, Nimbkar, Dange, Mrs. Dange and several other labour leaders were present on the occasion.

The procession which started at 7 p.m. reached the Haines Road Cemetery at about 9-30 p.m. wending its way slowly through Supari-baug Road, Currey Road, Fergusson Road and Haines Road.

As it entered Fergusson Road, it halted at several chawls where workers placed wreaths.

All through the route, squads of police under officers were stationed. The volunteers of the I.L.P. looked to the orderly progress of the procession.

Prior to the burial, suitable speeches were made by Dr. Am-

(Continued in col 2.)

A SHORT STORY

LEFT END

BY STANLEY CORDELL

Johnny Quinn was crazy about the game, but he didn't have a chance. He weighed only 120 pounds and had spindly legs and a thin, delicate body. The first day he appeared on the field with a uniform somebody asked him who his tailor was, and everybody roared. Johnny grinned and said nothing. He must have known how ridiculous he looked in that uniform which was way too big for him. And it must have hurt him, but he didn't say a word.

For some reason Coach Parry kept him on the squad. No one knew why. I doubt if even Parry knew. Yet even then, Johnny was making an impression on the subconscious mind of the coach and of the rest of us too. None of us would have admitted it.

Johnny was still with us after the first game. More, he played in the first game. That wasn't hard to explain, because before the first half was over we had run up a score that made Paxton look like a high school team, and Parry began shoving in subs.

At any rate, it was after the first game that I beagn noticing Johnny and wondering about him. I wanted to find out things without asking Coach Parry. Curiously, I felt that Parry might be embarrassed. Party was a funny egg.

I'd drawn some conclusions after the Fayette game. Johnny played in that one too. Left end. And he made some beautiful tackles. It was incongruous—a little runt like Johnny Quinn bringing down 200 pounders. Once he scooped up the ball on a fumble and got away for a 15-yard gain.

He could run. Johnny Quinn could run like a deer. And he had a burning love for football. He wanted to play worse than he wanted to do anything. That explained a lot. That might have explained why Parry didn't drop him, but it wasn't all of the explanation. There was something more behind it that I didn't understand. I wanted to find out.

The boys didn't give him much credit. He seemed so unimportant and insignificant. It didn't seem logical to connect Johnny Quinn with brilliance in a football contest. His appearance wasn't in keeping with the stuff of which football heroes are made.

So I watched Johnny. I watched him all through the Southern game. I kept track and I noticed that he made more tackles than any man on the team. I noticed that there was no lost motion in the way he played. He never appeared confused. When he started he went places and got results.

Coach Parry noticed it too. "The runt was in there, eh?" he said to me after the game. He grinned, as though in apology. It was as though he hated to admit a little guy like Johnny Quinn had the stuff that makes football players.

"Yeah", I replied. "We'd be smart to let him play against State."

Parry looked at me, started to speak, then changed his mind. State was our big game. If a man were allowed to play against State he got his sweater and his letter and a lot of glory.

The State game was two weeks away. I decided to find out something more about Johnny Quinn if I could. I inquired into his private life, his habits, his likes and dislikes; tried to discover who his friends were. I found out that his closest friends was Professor Truesdale. Professor Truesdale taught psychology. Johnny Quinn was majoring in psychology. He spent a good deal of time outside of class with the professor.

I talked with Truesdale, and I found out things. I'd never given those things much thought before because they didn't go with being an assistant football coach. Now I thought about them.

I went to Coach Parry. "How about it?" I asked. "Does Johnny Quinn play against State?"

"Yes," said Parry.

I was glad. I didn't tell Parry why I was glad, but I felt we'd beat State.

We did. And mostly it was due to the work of Johnny Quinn. Oh, he didn't get the credit. Big Clay Kimball, the full back, and Myles Abel, the right half, got most of the credit. They made the touchdowns and they played brilliantly. But Johnny Quinn gave them support. You had to admit it. You had to recognize he played well. His picture was in the evening paper along with Abel's and Kimball's, and that night those who dropped into Johnny's room and congratulated and thanked him. That meant more to Johnny than anything else.

I was there at the time, and when they'd gone I said to Johnny: "Well, Johnny, you're smart. I mean, about that psychology stuff."

Johnny looked surprised. Then he grinned. That grin let down the bars and we talked. He told me how he'd always wanted to play football; how he'd realized his shortcomings. Then he took up psychology and learned about compensation. He learned tricks of human nature. But mostly he learned how to be smart, to think on his feet.

"There was always a dumbbell on the opposing team," he said. "When the signals are called this dumbbell would move his feet and glance in the direction a play was going. That's how I knew where to head. My tackle always came as such a surprise that the man with the ball was taken unawares. Parry couldn't afford to drop me, so long as I was producing like that, even though he and the others hated to admit I was any good."

I laughed. "What if there didn't happen to be a dumbbell on the opposing team?"

Johnny looked at me and slowly closed an eye. "It's more likely," he said, "not to find a smart guy on the opposing team."

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HINDUSTANI IN BOMBAY

Schools Committee Appreciates Govt. Decision To Award Grant

The Bombay Municipal Schools Committee which continued its deliberations on Wednesday afternoon noted with gratification a letter from the Director of Instruction stating that the expenditure incurred by the Municipality on Hindustani schools and on the introduction of the teaching of Hindustani shall be admitted for Government grant with effect from the current financial year.

The committee also accorded its approval to various other items and adjourned until the next session.

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MUTT AND JEFF—Speaking of Dummies, Did You Ever Hear of Jeff? By BUD FISHER

CERTAINLY, I GOT ON THE FOOTBALL TEAM! DON'T I LOOK LIKE I DID!
YOU A FOOTBALL PLAYER? HA-HA! DON'T MAKE ME LAFF!
YOU'LL BE SORRY WHEN I BECOME FAMOUS, YOU WILL!
WHAT DO YOU PLAY ON THE TEAM?
I'M THE TACKLING DUMMY! I DON'T KNOW WHAT I DO YET, BUT--
TACKLING DUMM--?
YOU'LL FIND OUT!
AT H'M HARD, GREENBAUM!
10-25
Fisher

World of Wireless

B. B. C. TELEVISION SERVICE

Possibilities Of Extension Explained

The possibilities of extending the BBC's television service, following the conversion of the old theatre at Alexandra Palace into a large television studio, were discussed by Mr C. G. Graves, Deputy-Director-General of the B.B.C., in a talk, on "National wavelength" that he broadcast on the eve of the opening of this year's Radio Exhibition at Olympia.

"What would you see", asked Mr. C. G. Graves, "on a home receiver (for which, incidentally, you do not have to pay any extra licence if you already have an ordinary wireless licence)? You'd see many of your favourite stars—Gracie Fields perhaps or Mr. Middleton; you might see plays like 'On the Spot' and 'Journey's End' tennis and golf demonstrations, newsreel films, ballets, fashion displays, cabarets. You could already have seen the Trooping of the Colour; the Derby; the Cup Final; the Cenotaph Service on Armistice Day; Rugger and Soccer Internationals; Wimbledon Tennis Championships, and two of the Test matches."

"And there's no reason to suppose that by buying a set now you're letting yourself in for something which will soon be out of date. On this point I would like to quote the P.M.G. who said in the House of Commons last February: "The public may purchase television sets without fear that they will become obsolete, or require substantial alteration, for a very considerable time to come."

INCREASED RANGE.

"Now the range of the present transmitter is proved to be greater than was expected. Although a thirty-mile radius is regarded as the service area of the station, many private viewers outside that area are receiving the programmes regularly and well. We are in touch with people near Northampton, in Norwich, Ipswich, Oxford, Tunbridge Wells, Brighton, Bournemouth and near Malvern, who get excellent reception."

"Of course, we're all looking forward to the time when television can be extended to other parts of the country. The problem of carrying the programmes to Birmingham, or some other important centre, either by cable or by wireless link, isn't an easy one. At present the B.B.C is eagerly awaiting the result of experiments which the Post Office are to carry out. In any case it will take time and money, but we know that difficulties will be overcome, so we can look forward ultimately to a national television service."

"Meanwhile we're just procured a second mobile unit for Outside Broadcasts, which will be used at Olympia, and increase the number of Outside Broadcasts in the programmes."

"In television, Great Britain, with its established home service, has a two-year lead on any other country American and other foreign friends of ours are impressed by what's been done here. We are creating a great national industry."

SOME OF RADIO DEALERS' PRACTICES

Proposals Of Merchants' Association

It has been found that radio dealers are being subjected to harassment in various forms by dishonest and unscrupulous firms and/or individuals who inflict heavy losses on their prey and go about with impunity adding to their list of victims. To safeguard our members from the attentions of these people, they are requested to report to the Association such cases involving undesirable practices giving full details so that the Association may take steps to put a stop to these malpractices by giving a timely warning to other members to put them on their guard against such persons or firms and effectively restricting their field of action. The procedure to be adopted in this case is identical to that under "Conciliation and Arbitration."

PROTECTION AGAINST DISHONEST CUSTOMERS.

It has been found that some persons have made it a habit of either asking for radio sets to be brought to their residences or personally taking them on the false plea of having a demonstration, but really for their entertainment, without the least intention of either buying or paying hire for their use. Members are requested to intimate the names and addresses of such persons to the Association who after due investigation by the working Sub-Committee may circularise the names to the members for their guidance as a precautionary measure against their being subjected to such abuse. Members are requested to refer to these lists prior to sending out sets on demonstration and in their own interest and that of the trade to refuse giving out receivers to such persons. In order to effectively check this evil, members are requested to limit the period of giving sets on demonstration at customers' residence to two days only. They are also requested to report to the Association the names and addresses of customers who on some pretext or the other overkeep radio sets on demonstration with them The names of such customers after due investigation by the Committee may be circularised to members as a precautionary measure. The observance of this rule is at present to be on a voluntary basis until such time as opinion on the subject among the majority of Members manifests itself in favour of its compulsory application. It is hoped that members will realize that the strict observance of this rule is in the interest of the radio trade and we appeal to them to strictly abide by it.

INCREASED BUSINESS FOR MEMBER FIRMS.

In the interest of the trade in general and of its members in particular the Association will also entertain complaints against its members from genuine customers. The Committee after due investigation will take suitable action, if necessary, to ensure fair dealings for the customers, thereby helping to promote cordial relations between buyers and sellers. It is essential that the public should have complete confidence in the members of the Association. Steps are being taken to inform the public that they can always rely on member firms for a fair deal, failing which the Association on application can be depended upon to come to their aid. This will encourage increased patronage by the public of the goods of member firms.

For the benefit of its members, the Association has organized an Information Bureau to deal with questions connected with broadcasting and the radio trade. Questions should be addressed to the Secretaries who will do their best to reply promptly.

B. B. C. DIRECTOR'S FIRST TALK TO LISTENERS

Prof. Ogilvie Gives His First Impressions

Mr. F. W. Ogilvie, who took up his appointment as Director-General of the BBC on October 1, made his first broadcast to listeners at Home and Overseas on October 17. We give below the text of his talk:—

The BBC is a body which has certain work to do. What I am doing to-night is probably well outside my proper business as Director-General. And, worse than that, it would clearly be unbearable—for listeners, I mean—if a Director or anyone else were to regard himself as free to come to the microphone in this personal kind of way at any time.

My reason for speaking to-night is simply this, that many listeners have asked that I should; and—well, you know of course that any suggestion from listeners, any suggestion whatever, is always looked into carefully.

In my appointment here I succeed a single-hearted and gallant architect of the air, Sir John Reith who carries with him the warm good wishes of the Corporation and of listeners in the task to which he has now set his hand. And I have joined a body which, in all its different fields of work, has before it the single aim of public service—in Home programmes of sound and television, in Empire programmes, in broadcasts in foreign languages. It is no doubt inevitable that the opinions of listeners should often differ about day-to-day programmes. But in a wider sense should we be agreed, I wonder, that these unparalleled inventions of broadcasting and television are gifts of science which our age holds in trust; that freedom of the air is something infinitely precious, and would you not agree that the BBC would fail in its purpose if it did not continue to aim at doing all it properly could to meet the very varied tastes and needs of people at Home, and to contribute internationally to mutual understanding, and so to the peace of the world?

First impressions in a new post are dangerous, but they are not invariably wrong. And if you were to ask me for mine, as a new-comer, I think, I should say this, that the broadcasting service is not a machine; it is people, working for people—actors, debators, musicians intent upon the flick of the studio light which is to put them across to you; commentators perched uncomfortably somewhere so that you can follow the football match or the procession; news editors working at a bulletin—shaping it at the tail, perhaps, while its head is already through your receiving set; engineers and craftsmen up and down the country attending, at any of the twenty-four hours, to the instruments upon which you depend. And in speaking of the staff, in the Regions as in London, I just want to say how much I appreciate the friendliness of the welcome given me by those I have met so far: from Mr. Graves, the Deputy Director-General, who was in charge from July to October, a period as critical and difficult, obviously, as any in the whole history of British broadcasting—from Mr. Graves to a messenger-boy who had to bring me round an urgent letter at a very late hour the other night—and seemed quite cheerful about it.

One personal word more. Since my appointment a few weeks ago, I have received expressions of greeting and good wishes from listeners in many parts of this country and the Empire, and in America and other countries overseas. These messages from friends, known and unknown, mean to me more than I care to say.

Bombay-Ahmedabad Road Plan Sanctioned

Construction To Begin Immediately: Cost Estimated At 60 Lakhs

POONA Nov. 16.

Linking up Bombay with Ahmedabad and thus with Kathiawar and Rajputana, forms an important item in Bombay Government's seven year plan of road development.

After two years of correspondence, the Government of Bombay have now, it is understood succeeded in obtaining the Government of India's sanction for the through Bombay-Ahmedabad road project. The Government of Bombay is immediately proceeding with the construction of the road, which is expected to be completed within four years.

The proposed Bombay-Ahmedabad road is expected to cost the Government of Bombay 60 lakhs of rupees including the cost of bridges across the Narmada, Mahi and Watrak rivers and across several rivulets The cost of that portion of the trunk road that will pass through the Baroda state and the construction of the bridge across the Mahi river within the State is expected to be borne equally by the Governments of Bombay and Baroda.

It is understood that Government will purchase the existing bridge over the Narmada from the B B. and C. I. Railway authorities and immediately take in hand the construction of the bridges on the Wartak and Mahi rivers.

It may be mentioned here that the linking up of Bombay with Ahmedabad, the next most important city in the presidency, has been a long felt need, but the Government of India had been opposing the project till now on the ground that it would compete with the rail roads and thus affect the railway revenue. The Government of Bombay have been in correspondence with the Government of India on the subject for the last two years.

It may be recalled in this connection that in January last a conference of the representatives of the Government of India, the Government of Bombay and railway authorities was held in Bombay when the Bombay Government authorities convinced the representatives of both the Government of India and the B. B. And C. I Railway about the urgent necessity of establishing direct road communication with Ahmedabad and the Bombay Government's viewpoint was acceded to. But the representatives of both the Government of India and the railway wished that certain restrictions should be placed on road traffic in the matter of carrying goods from one centre to another.

These restrictions on vehicular traffic, especially that type of traffic which would compete with the railways, would be decided upon in the light of the provisions of the motor vehicles act recently passed by the Central Assembly.—A P.

Karnatak Educational Conference

(From Our Correspondent)

DHARWAR, Nov. 14

In pursuance of the resolution of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee an All-Karnatak Educational Conference will be held at Dharwar on November 26 and 27.

Professor C. J. Warkey, Parliamentary Secretary to the Education Minister Madras will preside. The Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier and Education Minister, Bombay, has been requested to open the conference. It is understood that the Premier who will then be touring Karnatak with the Hon. Mr. A. B. Latthe, the Finance Minister, will respond to the request.

The main purpose of the conference is to bring about uniformity in the field of education in different parts of Karnatak, placed under different governments of Bombay, Madras, Mysore and Coorg.

The Secretary of the Punjab Muslim Students' Federation, Lahore, has sent a telegram to the Consul-General for Turkey at Bombay, expressing deep regret at the sad demise of Kemal Ataturk and regarding the same as an irreparable loss to the Muslim world.

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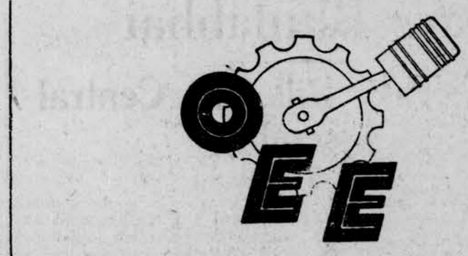

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The Office Efficiency Exhibition which is being held at the BEST Showrooms will show you how modern office equipment can help you in your own work.

The exhibition will be held at the BEST Showrooms, Electric House, Ormiston Road, Fort, from November 21st to November 26th, from 2-30 in the afternoon to 8 o'clock in the evening. Admission FREE.

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See and hear it to-day!

100% Tropic-Proof!
PHILIPS 1939 RADIO

No Anti-British Feeling, Says Bhulabhai

Income-Tax Bill In Central Assembly

(Continued from Page 14).

tween 8,000 and 24,000 some would gain and some would lose and above 24,000 everybody would pay more. That is to say, some 260,000 taxpayers or 5/6 of the total number would pay less.

WARNING TO HOUSE

Sir James warned the House against interested propaganda carried on against the Bill, specimens of which in the form of telegrams from a number of organisations in South India he read to members. Some of these telegrams declared that the Bill would ruin the Cottage Industry and, therefore, urged the Finance Member to "resist the Government's proposal". (Laughter). —

HONOURABLE BEGGAR

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, characterising his position as an honourable beggar in a decent cause, first dealt with the salient features of the Bill on which there was agreement among members of the Select Committee. In some of these points of agreement, though the choice before him and his Party, he said, was more in the nature of a Hobson's choice, the majority of the choice had turned out to be fortunate.

FIRST IMPORTANT CHANGE

The first important change that had been introduced he pointed out, was the provision for the constitution of an Independent Appellate Tribunal to which the assessee can go for redress. Under the present law, revisory powers are exercised by the Commissioner of Income-tax. When the new Tribunal comes into operation this power, along with his power of stating a case to the High Court, would disappear, The Commissioner, however, would have the power of directing the filing of appeals to the Tribunal against decisions of an Appellate Assistant Commissioner. The proposed Tribunal pointed out Mr. Desai, would have one member with legal qualifications and another with accountancy qualifications. This change he described as a substantial one in the right direction as far as redress for the assessee was concerned.

ARTIFICIAL DEFINITION

He next explained the change which was effected in what he described as an artificial definition of the term "dividend". The modification thus effected he claimed, ensured that no distribution falling under this term would be taxed unless there was a release of assets, that is to say a differentiation has been effected between a genuine addition to the capital of a concern and cash returns to shareholders. In making this distinction he stated, the Select Committee had in mind the progress of industry in the country.

RESTRICTION OF DEPRECIATION.

Another alteration effected, he pointed out, was as regards the proposals relating to depreciation which were contained in the original Bill. The alteration thus brought about, created provisions which removed the restriction of depreciation to the amount written off in the books of the assessee, removed the restriction to six years of the carry forward of depreciation and secured that depreciation, which was unabsorbed at the time when the Law is changed, would not be deducted from the original cost of plant, machinery, etc. in arriving at the written down value.

ACCIDENTAL FAILURE

Turning to the provisions dealing with compulsory returns on the part of the assessee, he claimed that they had succeeded in mitigating the hardships dependent on penalties for the non-fulfilment of this obligation. The change effected, provided that accidental failure to furnish the returns would not be visited with penalty. Further penalty following a failure to comply with the general notice for returns, has been restricted to assessees whose income was not less than Rs. 3,500. By this change, he pointed out, the harshness and rigour of obligatory returns have been considerably minimised, if not removed.

SUPER ANNUATION FUND

Mr. Desai, continuing referred to the provision as regards the taxing of non-resident foreigners. By this provision, he submitted, such persons were taxed through every person through whom the income was earned by the non-resident foreigners.

Another useful provision, he continued, was the one by which what in England was called the Super Annuation Fund has been brought into the same class as the Provident Fund in so far as taxation of income was concerned.

Mr. Desai had not concluded, when the House adjourned for lunch.—

Continuing after lunch, Mr. Desai passed on to points of difference and before doing so, he acknowledged the complimentary terms in which Sir James had referred to him. Mr. Desai said that on matters of agreement, Sir James candidly, assiduously and readily placed at the disposal of the Committee all the information his department had in their possession.

INSTANCE OF DIFFERENCE

Mr. Desai referred to Clause Four as an instance of difference, and explained that under the old Act, the basis of taxation was all income accruing or arising or received in British India. To this, the bill added a further class of income, namely, the foreign income of a resident Indian and it also differentiated between domiciled and non-domiciled resident. He pointed out that the difference arose over three points, namely, whether the time had arrived to tax a foreign income of a resident Indian, whether there should be the distinction between domiciled and non-domiciled resident and whether consideration should not be given to special types of income such as those of Indians owning agricultural property in Burma after separation.

NOT ANTI-BRITISH

In questioning the propriety of drawing distinction between domiciled and non-domiciled resident, he asked that he should be acquitted of any anti-British spirit. If he stood for India that did not mean he was necessarily anti-British.

"TRUST CLAUSE"

Turning to Clause 17 of the Bill, which he termed the "Trust Clause", he said that there was no justification for it. A similar formula, he suggested, would perhaps be to assess as the income of the settler, the income from every revocable trust. To assess all income arising to any person by virtue of a settlement or deposition, revocable or not, from assets remaining the property of the settler or disposer would be to cause unnecessary hardships.

He next criticised Clause 42 which gave income-tax officers the right of entry into premises. The wide powers of entry given in the original Bill, he pointed out, have been taken away by the Select Committee and entry is made possible only when the Commissioner has given a written authorisation. Even this, however, he felt would cause undue harassment.

"UNJUST & ATROCIOUS"

Referring to Clause 53 dealing with Double Income-Tax Relief, he reminded the House of the speeches made on the occasion of referring the bill to a Select Committee and said that the arguments advanced for maintaining this Clause was fallacious. It amounted to nothing short of the Indian shouldering the burden so that the Englishman may be relieved. And the Finance Member, he pointed out, to support this, appeared to argue that because the Englishman was taxed by his country, it was for the Indian to give him some relief. Why should not England forego this amount, asked Mr. Desai. The relief involved was only a matter of about 60 lakhs and this amount was a mere flea-bite to the British budget while such an amount would go a long way in India for nation-building activities. He characterised Clause 53, therefore, as unjust and atrocious.

Concluding he hoped that the House would bear in mind the points and suggestions that he had endeavoured to place before it when considering this Bill.

Mr. Desai who commenced his speech during the morning sitting took nearly two and a quarter hours.

"EXEMPT TRUSTS & WAKFS"

Mr. Azharali referred to the Finance Member's definition of the object of the Bill as taxing the rich more than the poor and urged Sir James Grigg to bear this in mind when amendments were taken up. He also urged the Finance Member to remember that the Bill would affect Government servants and that it was not desirable to create discontent among them. He pleaded for exemption of trusts and wakfs. He asked the House to remember that the Finance Member might go away but the Bill would remain; just as the Finance Member who changed the ratio went but the changed ratio remained in India.

"RAPACIOUS BILL"

Mr. Lalchand Navalrai felt that the Bill was rapacious and was for extorting money from the people. Sir George Schuster, he reminded the House, had attempted unsuccessfully to bring forward a similar piece of legislation. It was, therefore, courageous, he declared on the part of Sir James Grigg to attempt to pilot this Bill through the House. He was of opinion that for such an important bill unnecessary and undue haste was displayed in the Select Committee stage and he therefore appealed to the House to consider carefully every provision of the Bill which otherwise would be to kill Indians.

Mr. Navalrai had not concluded when the President adjourned the House till to-morrow.

The rising of the House to-day at 4-30 p. m. instead of 5 p. m. was at the special request of Muslim members on account of Ramzan and for the next four days the House will rise for the day at 4-30 p. m.—A. P.

LAHORE MOURNS DEATH OF LALA HANSRAJ

LAHORE, Nov. 16.

The funeral procession of Mahatma Hansraj which started this noon from the D.A.V. College Hall followed by 50,000 people including College, and school students, all bare-headed, wended its way through all principal thoroughfares of the city. The procession is expected to reach the cemetery at about 5 this evening.

Earlier the dead body was kept with floral wreaths in the D.A.V. College Hall where thousands of people went since early morning to pay homage to the famous educationist.

All educational institutions in the city, the University offices and the Government College remained closed. All Hindu shops, several leading Insurance Company offices and other offices also remained closed. Complete hartal is being observed.—United Press.

ASSEMBLY TRIBUTES TO HANSRAJ

LAHORE, Nov. 16.

The Punjab Legislative Assembly which met today at 1-30 p.m., on a motion of the Leader of the House, adopted a resolution condoling the death of Mahatma Hansraj, "who was the leading personality in social and educational sphere".

The Premier, Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, Leader of the Opposition, and the Speaker, Sir Sahabuddin, paid glowing tributes saying that every Punjabi, irrespective of caste and creed, felt proud of the service and sacrifices made by Mahatma Hansraj.—United Press.

DESPITE BUDGET DEFICIT

Assam Govt. Grants 33 P. C. Remission In Land Revenue

SHILLONG, Nov. 16

The "United Press" understands that the Government of Assam have decided to grant a remission of 33 per cent. in the land revenue for the year 1938-39, in case of holdings which are so small that they deserve to be called 'uneconomic'. Remission in other cases would be on a lower scale, graduated downwards according to the land revenue assessment of various districts. It is further learnt that these concessions would not be allowed in the case of lands settled as tea gardens.

The above concessions have been granted despite the existing financial position of the province, which is faced with a deficit of Rs. 10,00,000.—United Press.

INCOME-TAX BILL

Bombay Deputation Sounds Feeling At Calcutta

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

Mr. Ambalal Parikh and Mr. Abdul Rahman Kasim Mitha, who were specially deputed by the Central Income-Tax Committee of Bombay, arrived here to elicit public opinion, specially of the mercantile community, on some of the highly objectionable clauses of the Income-Tax Bill.

In connection with the clause relating to taxation on foreign income on accrual basis, they met a number of representatives of commercial bodies in Calcutta. They informed the "United Press" that the feeling against this clause was acute.

Mr. Parikh and Mr. Mitha proceeded to Delhi, where their first object will be to move some prominent members of the Central Assembly representing business interest to table a motion suggesting postponement of consideration of the Bill.—United Press.

TAXATION ON FOREIGN INCOME

Will Muslim League Vote With Congress?

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16.

The Muslim League Party this morning heard deputations from Rangoon, Madras, Bombay and Sind, who have arrived here in connection with the Income-Tax Bill now before the Central Legislative Assembly.

The Party will meet tomorrow during lunch interval to decide their attitude on Clause 4, which deals with the taxation of foreign income. While it is agreed that the foreign income should be taxed, the point at issue is whether the taxation should be on accrual or on remittance basis. The Select Committee has recommended taxation on accrual basis, and the Muslim League members on the Committee voted with the Government. In the Party, however there is a feeling for having remittance as the basis of taxation.

The issue will be decided tomorrow, and in case the Muslim League Party favour the remittance basis they will vote with the Congress Party on this point.—United Press.

INDIAN STAMP ACT AMENDMENT

The following is the statement of objects and reasons of the Bill to amend the Indian Stamp Act, 1899, in its application to the Province of Bombay:—

Section 17 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899, provides that all instruments chargeable with duty shall be stamped before or at the time of execution. In the case of a clearance list which has to be stamped under Article 20-A in Schedule I to the Indian Stamp Act, 1899, the duty is calculated on the making up prices which are filled in by the clearing house after the broker has signed the list and submitted it to the clearing house. It is, therefore, proposed to provide by an amendment of section 17 of the Act that in the case of a clearance list submitted by a member of a recognised stock exchange to the clearing house, it may be stamped after it is so submitted.

As many such clearance lists have already been stamped after they were executed, it is proposed to give retrospective effect to the amendment from 31st March, 1938, when the Bombay Finance (Amendment) Act, 1938, came into force.

MASANI'S CALL TO BEST WORKERS

"Rally to your Unions and make them hundred per cent Unions," observed Mr. M. R. Masani presiding over a meeting of the members of the B. E. S. T. Omnibus Drivers' Union held at Jinnah Hall on Monday night.

About three hundred bus drivers and conductors attended the meeting.

Mr. Masani narrated at great length the various efforts made by the Union's representatives to get redress for their grievances. He gave details of the important points secured in consultation with the General Manager and the Traffic Manager of the B. E. S. and Tramways Company Limited.

Referring to the major demands of the Unions, like reduction in hours of work from 8 hours to 6 hours, an increase in pay as well as the Union's right to collect their subscriptions on the Company's premises, as they were beyond the scope of the General Manager it was decided to submit a memorandum regarding them to the Board of Directors.

A number of Bus Drivers and Conductors then addressed the meeting. They also sounded a note of warning against persons who might try to break the Unions by false propaganda or provocative acts and asked the members not to play into their hands.

FOR PEACE OF KEMAL'S SOUL

Appeal To Indian Muslims To Offer Special Prayers On Ramzan Night

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16

Syed Murtaza Saheb, M.L.A. (Central), President of the Central Khilafat Committee and the Palestine Conference held at Lucknow, and Maulana Shaukat Ali, M.L.A., (Central), have issued an appeal through the "United Press" to the Indian Musalmans to offer special prayers in all mosques on the night of "Ramzan" (November 27) for peace of the soul of Mustafa Kemal Pasha and the "universallyy sympathised martyr of Palestine, who have been fighting a great Power with credit to themselves and to the whole Islamic world for their freedom and also for the fulfilment of their laudable object.—United Press.

'B.O.' *(Body-Odour)* attacks those who are careless about perspiration

People with Body-Odour seldom have friends; and anyone may have 'B.O.' without realising it. That's why it's so important to make *certain* of personal freshness.

Of course you can't stop perspiring. And there's no reason why you should. Perspiration is necessary, healthy, and in itself inoffensive. But if left to clog the pores of the skin and grow stale it soon leads to Body-Odour, which is offensive to others—especially in crowded places. Yet there's such an easy way of making sure of personal freshness—cleanse yourself frequently with Lifebuoy Toilet Soap. Its rich, penetrating lather, with the special antiseptic health element, goes deep down into the pores and washes away every trace of stale perspiration. And it leaves your skin tingling and gloriously healthy and refreshed.

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Stops 'B.O.' (Body-Odour)

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PANYON • The Finest Food Drink •

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Contains No added Sugar Starch—or artificial Flavouring

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Liver upset? Appetite gone?

1 Cleanse the System
2 Stimulate the Liver
3 Combat Acidity
with Sal Hepatica

A glass of sparkling Sal Hepatica each morning (in warm water if you prefer it) will cleanse the intestinal tract, stimulate the liver and gall bladder, and correct excess acids in the blood.

RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS

From all Chemists and Stores.

Wake up and drink

Sal Hepatica

The TONIC SPA LAXATIVE that checks BLOOD ACIDITY

MULLER & PHIPPS (INDIA) LTD. POST BOX 773, - - - - BOMBAY.

Doctors and Dentists Prescribe It

For headache and toothache, neuralgic and rheumatic pains, as well as for fever and discomfort due to colds.

ANACIN relieves pain promptly

Fast-working, yet it does not affect the heart or upset the stomach.

ANACIN contains quinine

A322

Workers' Standard Of Living

I. L. O. Analyses Indian Conditions

NEW DELHI, (By Mail).

A report of more than ordinary interest on Workers' Standard of Living just released by the I. L. O. serves to reinforce and sharpen convictions already held concerning the prevalence of poverty and an low standards of living the world over, and the insistent need for rethinking economic and social policies.

The omnibus term "standards of living" is defined as consisting of three main elements; first, the level of consumption, or the composite of goods and services of a specific quantity and quality consumed by an individual, family or group within a given period: secondly social services and free services particularly those which relate to health, education and recreation; and thirdly, working conditions which affect not only the worker's health and earning capacity, but also the size and regularity of his income.

The report carefully surveys available materials for an objective presentation of korkers' standards of living in different countries, expressed in terms of income levels, and expenditure under the broad heads of food and nutrition, housing, clothing, miscellaneous (amusements, wireless sets bus fares etc.) and certain social elements in the standard of living such as health and medical services, education, etc.

To give an approximate picture of actual living conditions in various parts of the world, data is presented regarding income and levels of living in four selected countries: the United States of America, a large and highly developed country; Poland, a country in Eastern Europe, predomanantly agricultural; India, a large area of 360 milion inhabitants with special problems and conditions; and Japan, a modern industrial country of the Far East.

The facts relating to India adduced in the report clearly indicate the need for all-round improvement of workers' living standards in the country. A report of an enquiry into working-class budgets in Bombay City undertaken in 1935 showed that the average monthly income per family surveyed in Bombay City was slightly above Rs. 50 in 1932-33 in Ahmedabad about Rs. 46 in 1933-35, and in Sholapur Rs. 40 in 1925. In these cities the average family size is about 4 persons of which 1½ to 2 are wage earners.

As to the distribution of the families by income groups, the data show that the monthly income of over 60 per cent of the families in Bombay and Ahmedabad ranged from Rs. 30 to Rs. 60, and in Sholapur from Rs. 20 to 50. The average monthly income per family in most of the other provinces varies between Rs. 25 and Rs. 35.

The monthly expenditure of the Bombay families was distributed on the average as follows: 46.6 per per cent. on fuel and lighting, 7.9 cent. on food excluding liquor, 7.1 per cent. on clothing and household necessities. 12.8 per cent. on house rent, and 25.6 per cent. on miscellaneous items. With the exception of house rent and miscellaneous, the percentage expenditure on the different items showed little or no variation between income groups. However, as income increased, the percentage expenditure on house rent declined and that for miscellaneous items steadily increased. The Bombay budget study showed that 75 per cent. of the workers were in debt and that the average amount of indebtedness was about 3½ times their monthly income. Marriages and festivals, unemployment and sickness, are reported to be the most important causes of debt.

As regards diet adequacy and malnutrition, it would appear that, under present agricultural conditions and methods of cultivation, India is barely able to supply enough food to ensure an adequate diet for the total population. During 1933-34, the total acreage under food crops amounted to only 0.72 acres per head of population in British India and, according to agricultural experts, it is impossible to provide a satisfactory diet for the present population from an acreage of this dimension. Nutrition studies conducted in the Madras Presidency in 1933-34, and in 1936 showed that the diet of the Madras population is largely composed of cereals and shows a great lack of protective foods; the Madras investigations, covering both agricultural and non-agricultural families with incomes varying from Rs. 50 to over Rs. 500 per year show that, except in the higher income groups, Rs. 350-500 per year, all had an insufficient diet.

Surveys taken in Northern India indicate a relatively greater food consumption and in general, more adequate diets. In the areas of North India where whole wheat is the staple cereal and relatively large quantities of milk are consumed, the state of nutrition is considerably better and symptoms of deficiency diseases are infrequent in school children.

Pointing out that housing and health standards are also low in India, the report concludes with the observation that the general low standard of living in India is largely ascribable to certain deep-rooted social attitudes, which make the average Indian peasant content to exert a minimum of effort and ask for little in return. It is also stressed that the Indian peasant's scale of values is such that he has scarcely come to recognise the idea of raising standards of living as an objective of policy, thus making it impossible to judge his level of living by European or American standards.

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Change to Passing Show and enjoy the smoothness of a cigarette blended from pure virginia tobaccos. You'll find Passing Show cooler from the minute you light up — and they smoke cooler right to the very end. Get Passing Show today—there's extra quality in every one.

2½ ANNAS FOR TEN

GOLDEN IN COLOUR
GOLDEN IN QUALITY

PS/

Site For Proposed Technical School At Bhagalpur

PATNA, Nov 14.

The Expert Committee appointed for the selection of a site for a Technical School proposed to be started at Bhagalpur have been visiting the different sites at Bhagalpur according to a report received from that centre.—A. P.

Prime Minister Leaves For Monghyr

PATNA, Nov 14.

Mr. S. K. Sinha, Prime Minister, left for Monghyr this morning. He is expected to return to Patna on November 16.—A. P.

FROM MASARYK TO HITLER

(Continued from page 6).

men responsible for acts of such shocking inhumanity.

Political Repercussions

The tragic irony of this latest outburst of anti-Jewish persecution is that so much suffering of the innocent and helpless victims of Nazi persecution should be necessary to create resistance to the Nazi drive practically everywhere in the civilised world because it certainly does not call for great powers of prophecy to predict the most unfavourable repercussions on the negotiations carried on for European appeasement. The governing class in England and France may conceivably have no conscience worth speaking of as recent events have already proved. But even the irresponsibly pro-Nazi Chamberlain had to yield in the Parliament to the mood of the moment and submit himself to the necessity of suitable discretion. The peacemakers will no doubt keep low for some time and engage themselves in the fervent prayer that the storm in public opinion might blow over as soon as possible.

The Nightmare

But the 'Nazi Jehad' against the Jews might equally as well prove the last straw that will still break finally the back of the long-suffering camel of world opinion. In any case, the time has come for making a stand against the forces of darkness that have plunged Europe and the whole world into an interminable nightmare that cannot possibly exist outside the experience of an opium addict or a lunatic—a nightmare of horrors that have abolished the boundaries of time, space and sensation and one that threatens to sound the doom of European civilisation.

Film Star Hair For All!

(From A Correspondent).

I am sure that you have often returned from the movies wishing you had hair like the actresses you see on the screen. But there is no need to envy the stars because your hair can be as lovely as theirs if you do as they do. Just keep it healthy and choose a style that suits the shape of your face.

One star, for example, believes that a good way to maintain a lovely sheen is to give her hair a final "polish" with a brush that has a piece of clean silk tied over the bristles, and many film favourites brush their hair vigorously in the open air with a similar object in mind. But most of them pin their faith to warm oil massage, because this loosens the scalp and keeps it in proper working order. Jean Arthur gives herself a scalp massage whenever she feels weary. She says it helps her to relax, and her glorious hair certainly bears testimony to its success as a beauty treatment.

Then there is the matter of the style of your hair. If you study your favourite film star you will see how cleverly she has suited her coiffure to the shape of her face, thus enhancing her loveliness. Kay Francis, for instance, has a beautiful example of a perfect oval face, and those of you who are lucky enough to have the same shaped face should study her coiffures. You will notice that they are invariably simple and avoid overshadowing the beauty of the facial form. A center parting suits this type, and the widow's peak which often goes with it should be emphasised.

Women who have long faces should take lovely Jean Arthur as their model. Note that she never piles her hair high on her head, as this would only increase the impression of length. For the same reason she never parts her hair in the centre. It is best dressed softly and loosely, with the fullness coming just below the ears.

If you have a round face you must at all costs avoid a coiffure that makes you a "baby face." Marion Davies belongs to this type, and she correctly wears her hair in soft loose waves, and keeps her forehead as clear as possible. The fullness comes above the ears and tapers down to give an illusion of length.

POST GRADUATE COURSE IN TUBERCULOSIS

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

The King George Thanksgiving (Anti-Tuberculosis) Fund has decided to hold a medical post-graduate course in tuberculosis at the All India Institute of Hygiene and Public Health, Calcutta, from January 30 to February 25, 1939.

Eminent tuberculosis specialists and medical superintendents of some of the tuberculosis sanatoria in India will deliver lectures on various aspects of the subject, in addition to practical demonstrations.—United Press.

RESTRICTED TURNOVER IN YARN MARKET

Limited Sales Of Italian Art Silks

Bombay, Nov. 16.

The cotton market has been rather a bright feature during the week under review. The prices of cotton in the market have been very steady for the last few days particularly after the publication of the last Government Bureau report on Tuesday the 8th instant and it is reported that as most of the cotton is going into loan and as there is a strong holding movement in the South prices in America are not likely to decline materially from the present level. Prices in Indian cotton markets have also remained very steady in sympathy with firmness in America. It was believed that such a very steady cotton position for the last few days will tend to create material improvement in demand for yarns particularly for Indian yarns from all important consuming districts. These hopes however have not been realised by the dealers so far and naturally they are getting disappointed. Offtake of yarn in the local market is very much restricted and stocks are naturally getting more and more accummulated with the dealers as well as with the mills. There has been yet no improvement in demand from any of the important consuming districts and although several enquiries have been received during the week, most of them are of a price testing nature and no business of importance has resulted. The future tendency continues to remain yet uncertain.

ENGLISH YARNS.

There has been practically no forward business in Manchester yarns during the week. Competition from Japanese Shanghai and Indian yarns continues as before.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI YARNS

After some improvement in prices reported in our last, market has continued steady with a slightly easier tendency at the close. Owing to rather large arrivals of two fold yarns by the incoming steamers and as a result of the pressure of sales by weak holders, prices have tended to be slightly easier. As regards Mercerised yarns speculative turnover has been very much restricted probably due to uncertainty of the future course of the prices. Japanese spinners however have been keeping rather firmer prices and therefore forward business during the week has been very limited. As regards Shanghai it is reported that further offers have been received from that part at somewhat lower prices and this has naturally unfavourably affected the local market, especially when stocks of Shanghai yarn are rather large and further arrivals have been increasing. Sampin have remained very steady in sympathy with the rise in cotton whereas exchange remains unchanged.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARNS.

There has been no change in the prices of Italian Syndicate during the week. Sales of Italian yarns however continue to remain very limited probably due to heavy arrivals from Italy and stocks with the dealers have been increasing rapidly. Demand from consuming centres continues to remain moderate and it is reported that in the course of next few days a further improvement in demand particularly from Northern markets will be in evidence. As regards Japanese yarns, prices have tended to remain slightly easy but the sales are very much restricted probably due to comparatively high prices of Japanese yarns and absence of fresh stocks in well-known deniers. Fresh forward business in Japanese yarns is very limited owing to higher prices quoted by the spinners. The future tendency remains uncertain.

INDIAN YARNS.

Turnover on the Bombay Yarn Exchange Ltd., has been rather restricted on account of continued unsatisfactory demand for all kinds of Indian yarns from consuming districts. Rates are practically unchanged and do not show any improvement inspite of very steady cotton.

WHEAT AND RUBBER OUTLOOK

Messrs. M. and B. Stern state:—

Wheat:—Liverpool was steadier in sympathy with American advices and reports of some frost in the Argentine. The fixing by the Argentine Government of minimum prices for linseed and wheat is believedly the indicated official entry of another country in the subsidy field.

The latest cable from Buenos Aires reads:—"Weather is threatening and cool Light frost in east Buenos Aires. Linseed harvest has started in south Entre Rios. Wheat showing good yields in Entre Rios and there are possibilities of a good crop in Santa Fe. The Government has fixed the minimum price for wheat at seven pesos and that for linseed at thirteen."

Rubber:—The I. R. C. yesterday fixed the export quota for the first quarter of 1939 at 50 per cent. The next meeting will be held on 14th February. After the announcement prices broke sharply but later the market recovered on short-covering and American buying. The opinion is held that the I.R.C.'s decision, made after a thorough investigation, indicates a strong statistical position and a gradual higher price level may be expected.

Metals:—Eased on lower American advices. With the improved trade outlook in the U.S.A. and an increased re-armament programme we feel advantage should be taken of the present setback to effect purchases especially Copper around £45.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Nov. 16.

Wheat	11,797 cwts.
Linseed	434 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	279 cwts
Gingellyseed	1,701 cwts.
Groundnuts	9,747 cwts
Castorseed	160 cwts.
Rice	27,241 cwts.
Myrabollams	1,168 cwts.
Cottonseed	5,732 cwts.
Gram	3,507 cwts.
Joowar	603 cwts.
Barley	384 cwts.
Bajree	807 cwts.
Indian Sugar	5,997 cwts.

The greatest danger TO LIFE IS DURING THE first six months.....

Mother! Safeguard your baby against the milk-borne diseases of cholera, dysentery, typhoid and malnutrition. Adulterated milk may even cause blindness.

Buy a tin of Glaxo to-day and start giving it to your baby. A 10 anna* tin will last a new-born baby for 9 days or for 18 if given in turn with the breast.

You will find in the tin full directions for the preparing of Glaxo printed in English.

If the breast can be given alternately with Glaxo, then a 10 anna* tin will last a new-born baby for 18 days.

Be safe, be wise—your baby's first six months are the most important of his life—his health for all times may well be founded there.

Feed him on Glaxo.

* Subject to Terminal tax. Outstations Extra. Under.

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THE WORLD'S MOST FAMOUS INFANT FOOD.

THAT'S NOT MUCH TO PAY FOR NEW HEALTH AND ENERGY

2 ANNAS

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When you have aches and pains, when you feel run down and irritable—it's constipation that is poisoning you. Get rid of it immediately. Until you do, you can never feel really well again. BEECHAM'S PILLS—2 annas a box—make it easy, and SURE! They will cleanse your bowels and revitalise your whole system.

783

Beecham's PILLS

YOUR DEALER STOCKS THEM

Made in England.

THE WORLD'S BEST VEGETABLE LAXATIVE.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

(Established—December, 1911).

Authorised Capital	Rs. 3,50,60,000
Subscribed Capital	Rs. 3,36,26,400
Paid-Up Capital	Rs. 1,68,13,200
Reserve & Other Funds	Rs. 94,19,895
Deposits as at 30th June 1938	Rs. 29,51,94,000

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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON THREE POINTS DOWN

Brighter Sentiment In London

LIVERPOOL WHEAT EASY ON FEARS OF REMOVAL OF DUTY

BOMBAY, Nov. 16.

NEW YORK COTTON

The sentiment was divided in New York due to Liverpool reports of the continuance of good demand for outside growth to the neglect of Americans. Further enquiry was restrained owing to foreign uncertainties.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

To-day, the brighter sentiment was in evidence. Internationals being firm and fairly active. Industrials and oils were rather firmer.

Gilt-edgeds were also in fair request.

WHEAT

Liverpool wheat prices eased on rumours of removal of duty in pending Anglo-American pact.

Chicago market was active with restricted business.

The price in the local market was slightly lower due to some selling and realising.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1939

New York, Nov 16

Previous closing	3.48
To-day's opening	3.48
Difference	nil
To-day's closing	3.45
Difference	—03

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1939

Liverpool, Nov 16

Previous closing	4.85
To-day's opening	4.83
Difference	—02
To-day's closing	4.85
Difference	nil

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May 1938	Rs. 158
July August	Rs. 159

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Nov 16

The New York cotton was quiet but steady with the sentiment divided and prices moving irregularly due to reports from Liverpool of the continuance of good demand for outside growths to the neglect of Americans.

The trading in March began at 3.48 i.e. unchanged from the previous closing. Prices steadied on scattered local purchases but the general enquiry was restrained by foreign uncertainties with the result that the price hovered around the opening level.

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay, Nov 16

The local cotton market remained closed for the night session.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Nov 16

The following were the opening ranges:—

December (8.63/8.63) 8.58/8.58
January (8.55/8.55) 8.53/8.53
March (8.53/8.53) 8.49/8.48

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Nov 16

American January (4.86) 4.82
American March (4.88) 4.85
Egyptian January (7.77) 7.68
Egyptian March (7.71) 7.62

LONDON COMMODITIES

TEAS

London, Nov 16

Indian Pekoe (0-11) 0-11
Indian Pekoe higher (1-2 1/2) 1-2 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0) 1-0 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-6) 1-5 3/4

JUTE

First Marks C. i. f. Continent New Crop November December (£19 3/16 sellers) £19 paid and value
Dundee November (£22 1/2) £22 1/2
Lightning November (£21) £21

RUBBER

Spot (8 1/16 buyers) 8 1/8 buyers
Forward January March (8 1/8 paid and buyers) 8 1/4 paid and buyers

SEEDS

Castorseed Bombay November December (£10 7/8 sellers) £10 7/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta November (£12 1/8 sellers) £12 sellers
Linseed La Plata November (£10 11/16 sellers) £10 3/4 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal December (£9 13/16 sellers) £9 13/16 sellers

METALS

Tin (£215 1/4 buyers £215 1/2 sellers. Quiet) £215 1/4 buyers £215 1/2 sellers. Quiet
Lead (£16 buyers £16 1/16 sellers. Easier) £15 15/16 buyers £16 1/16 sellers. Barely steady
Electrolytic Copper (£51 1/2 to £52 1/2) £51 1/2 to £52 1/2
Iron (112) 112

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Nov 16

Previous closing	4.71
To-day's opening	4.69 5/8
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.70

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Nov 16

Previous closing	4.71.12
To-day's opening	4.70.00
To-day's closing	4.70.43

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Nov 16

Previous closing	178.34
To-day's opening	178.31
To-day's closing	178.65

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Nov 16

London Exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.70 and then eased to 4.69.31 on further pressure, subsequent movements being small.

Franc opened at 178.31 and then weakened to 178.53 on scattered selling.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 15/16) 1-5 15/16
Paris on Bombay (13.342) 13.346
New York on Bombay (35.19) 35.18
Berlin on Bombay (87 3/8) 87 3/8
London on Milan (89.15) 89.31
London on Shanghai (0-8) 0-8
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£7-8-3) £7-8-1
Silver (19 15/16d) 20d.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (17/32 to 9/16 per cent) 17/32 to 9/16 per cent.
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (3/4 to 3/4 per cent) 3/4 to 3/4 per cent

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, Nov 16

The following cable regarding silver market was received in Bombay tonight:—

"Little general buying. Offerings small. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, Nov 16

Spot	(19 15/16d) 20d.
Forward	(19 9/16d) 19 5/8d

LONDON GOLD

London, Nov 16

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-8-3) £7-8-1.

WHEAT AND LINSEED Closing Quotations

Bombay, Nov 16

Wheat January	3 14 0
Wheat May	3 1 6
Linseed May	4 13 3

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Nov 16

Liverpool wheat opened quiet with March at 54d. After the early steadiness, prices gave way under scattered selling influenced by rumours of removal of duty in pending Anglo-American pact.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Nov 16

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 0.63 5/8. The market was moderately active on scattered purchases influenced by steadier foreign markets but business continued restricted with the price ruling at 0.63 3/4.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT Closing Quotations

Liverpool, Nov 16

Liverpool wheat closing quotation for December is 53d. The previous close was 54 1/8d.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Nov 16

General Motors (dol 50 3/4) dol 51 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 35 7/8) dol 36 1/2
U S Common New Stock (dol 67 3/4) dol 69 1/4
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted

3½% GOVT. PAPER Closing Quotations

Bombay, Nov 16

3 1/2 per cent Government paper closed at Rs. 98/5 at 5 p.m. for the current settlement.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

Bombay, Nov 16

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £91 3/4

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Monday Nov. 7 £92 1/2
Tuesday Nov. 8, £92 1/2
Wednesday, Nov. 9, £92 1/4
Thursday, Nov. 10, £92 1/4
Friday, November 11, £92 1/4
Monday, November 14, £92 1/4
Tuesday, November 15, £91 3/4

INDIAN LOANS

London, Nov 16
3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian (£99 1/2) £98 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£91 3/4) £91 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£111 1/2) £111 1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£115) £115
4 per cent Indian Stock 1948-53 (£106 Ex Div) £105 3/4
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£107 3/4 Ex Div) £107 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1945/59 (£102 Ex Div) £101 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£105 3/4) £105 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£72 1/4) £72
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99 3/8) £99 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£105 1/8) £105 1/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£109 1/8) £109 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£99) £99 1/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£108 1/8) £108 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Nov 16

The London Stock Exchange displayed improved sentiment on better enquiry.

Giltedged securities were also in fair request. Three and half per cent quoted at £91 3/4 i.e. unchanged from the previous closing.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (16-0) 16-4 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (57-6) 57-6
Hydro Electric (dol 5) dol 5
Elec Music Industry (11-7 1/2) 12
Princhin Johnson (26-4 1/2) 26-4 1/2
Imperial Chemical (31-9) 31-9
Woolsworth New Ordinary (57-7 1/2) 58-4 1/2
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£20) £20 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (24-4 1/2) 24-4 1/2
Unilever Ordinary (37-0) 37-0
Ford Motors (17) 17-4 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£41 3/4) £41 3/4
British American Tobacco Ordinary (101-3) 101-3
Carreas A (£7 5/8) £7 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (134-4 1/2) 135
P. and O. S. N. Company Deferred (23-6) 23-6
Distillers (90-6) 90-6
Bredford Dye (2-10 1/2) 2-10 1/2
British Celanese (3-3) 3-3
J and P Coates Ordinary (35-0) 35-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (30-0) 30-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-4 1/2) 2-4 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (24-4 1/2) 24-4 1/2
Inter Nickels (dol 58 5/8) dol 58 1/4
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (47-6) 48-9

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (16-10 1/2) 16-10 1/2
Donaro Tea (36-10 1/2) 36-10 1/2
Empire of India (23-9) 23-9

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9) £9

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (27-9) 27-9
Gula Kelampong (23-9) 23-1 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (29-9) 29-9

MINING SHARES

Nandydru g(40-7 1/2) 40-7 1/2
Burma Corporation (9-9) 9-9
Rio Tintos (£14 3/8) £14 3/8
East Rand Proprietors (55) 56-3
Rand Mines (£9 1/8) £9 1/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£16 7/8) £16 7/8
Associated Portland Cement (81-3) 81-3
Trinidad Leasehold (88-9) 90-0
Sub Nigel (£12) £12
Spring Mines Split Shares (30-0) 30-0
Union Corporation (£8 1/2) £8 5/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (23-1 1/2) 23-9
Anglo Iranian (93-9) 95-0
Burma Oil (85-10 1/2) 88-9
Mexican Eagle (5-0) 5-0
Shell Transport (85-0) 85-7 1/2
Royal Dutch (£37 7/8) £38

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£27 3/4) £27 3/4
London Midland and Ordinary (£12 5/8) £12
London North Eastern Def. (£2 3/8) £2 3/8
Southern Def (£13 1/8) £12 3/4
London Transport 5 per cent (£121 1/2) £121 1/2
London Transport 'C' (£75 1/4) £75 1/4

APPRECIABLE GAINS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Exchange Movements Erratic

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Nov 16

The Stock Exchange displayed a brighter sentiment, values in most sections tending higher with industrials occasionally recording appreciable gains. Gold minings were bought both on local and continental account.

On foreign exchanges movements were erratic but the turnover was generally small.

Wall Street opened firm and then became undecided.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, Nov 16

To-day's closing quotations:—

Sind Cotton January	15	2	3
Punjab January	13	3	3
Desi American January	18	5	9
Tone: Quiet.			
Wheat November	19	9	0
December	19	12	0
January	20	1	6
July	22	1	6
Tone: Quiet			
Gram November	28	1	9
December	27	15	9
January	28	3	9
July	23	10	0
Toria November	34	13	0
December	34	13	0
February	33	10	3
Cottonseed January	17	3	0
July	17	5	6

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Profit-Taking In Coals

CALCUTTA, Nov 16

In the share market Jutes were slightly easier. The volume of business was also on a limited scale. In coals profit taking still continued and only limited trading took place. Teas were unchanged. In the miscellaneous section, Indian Iron and other speculative issues were a shade easier in sympathy with weaker American market. Other industrials were however kept steady. Government securities were quiet.

The following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities: 3 per cent new loan 1963/65 98/4 small lot; 5 per cent loan 1940/43 105/15; 5 per cent 1939/44 102/2; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 116/8 small lot; 3 per cent U P loan 1961/66 97/14.

Banks: Central 31 small lot; Reserve 114/12.

Cottons: Dunbar ordy 167; Bengal Nagpur ordy 11/12; Kesoram 6/6; New Victoria ordy annas 14; do pref 4/6.

Coals: Aldih 5/2; Bansra 3/14; Bengal Giridih 2/8; Bhalgora 4/12; Bokaro and Ramgur 16/4; Dhemo Main 13/8; Equitable ord 36/8 small lot; do pref 135 small lot; Hurriladih 16; Munduipoor 9/14; New Manbhoom 35/8; New Beerbhoom 5/8; Parasea 1/4; Raneegunge 34; Singaran B 1/12; Searsole 5/6; West Jamuria 33/8.

Jutes: Anglo India 310; Bally 161; Belvedere 333; Caledonian 357 small lot; Gourepore 533 small lot; Hooghly pref 16/8; Howrah 51/12; Kamarhatty 478; Lawrence 332; National 20/12; Rameswara ord 4/12.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 6/9; Consolidated Tin 6/14; Indian Copper 2/8; Tavoy Tin 1/11; Dalmia Cement defd 2/14; Bareilly Electric 13/8 small lot; Bengal Telephone ordy 18/8; Upper Ganges Electric 10/2 ex div; Burn & Co 6 per cent pref 126; Indian Galvanizing 21 small lot; Indian Iron 32/11; Steel Corporation ordy 9; do pref 97/8; B I Corpn ordy 3/6; do pref 158; Indian Wood Products 24/11; Midnapore Zemindary pref 129/8 small lot; Digwarrah 6/14; Buland Sugar 14/4; Balrampore 10; Carew and Co Old 12/8; do pref 112; Dyre Meakin Brewery 32.

Teas: Gungaram 358; Pussimbing 4/2, Tyroon 11/8.

Debentures: 3 1/4 per cent 1966/76 Rangoon Municipal 100/6 small lot; 3 per cent 1951 Calcutta Port Trust 99/6; 6 per cent 196/21/56 Associated Hotel 106/8 small lots; 5 per cent 1933-43 Presidency Jute 105.—A. P.

THE MARCUS SHOW

(Continued from Page 6).

back the days of Manuel Pizzaro.

Dance of Nirska

There were two other individual efforts. The Clymas act was pretty, but the dance of Nirska was a fitting curtain to anything I have ever seen. Nirska was top-class, alpha double-plus, excellent, brilliant and anything else you may think of in that line. It would only spoil it to try and describe her dance; you will have to see it for yourself. And that goes for the Acrobas, Sylvia Lee included.

And so the Marcus show goes on from episode to episode. Smooth, clever, polished, clean. There is a beautiful lady back stage who comes from Boston way and in her you'll find the life and soul of the Marcus Show. The whole show seems to hang round her and in any "poisonality" test she'd score a high first. I should have said "foist". Her name is Mrs. Marcus.

The ladies of the troupe take you back to the Grosvenor House and the Dorchester. One in particular—well never mind, she went with a bunch of flowers. She has such pearly teeth that she could look a Kolynos tube in the eye and say: "Nerts to you"—or Cabots as the case may be!

So ended a very enjoyable evening. I must not forget to say something of the first-nighters. There were les petits et les grands—the small and the great, gypsies, authors of books that went over and under, cameramen and philanthropists, exponents of dancing from Manipura to Santos Casani, a gentleman who stayed in bed seventeen days to be fit for the Marcus Show, Zamindars and Seths, Simon (not Sir John), and so many familiar faces. Cochran's first night at the Palace or a premiere at the Chinese theatre could bear comparison. Only just bear!

Thank you, Marcus, for three most enjoyable hours, and for the compliment of smashing a cocoanut for luck in that essentially Indian fashion.

(Continued from col. 7)

Sapt T Products (India).

For Stockholm: 125 cases castor oil The Swastik Oil Mills.

For Thessaloniki: 74 bags henna powder D Abraham.

For Piracus: 22 bales d/s buffalo hides D Abraham.

For Port of Spain: 19 bales ctn grey piecegoods A Virji.

For Tripoli: 100 bales ctn grey yarn A El Ejel.

For Ghent: 110 bales raw cotton H Nensey.

For Malmo: 55 bales cotton waste M Chandulal.

For Antwerp: 30 bales ctn waste M Chandulal.

For Rotterdam: 427 bales gr nut oil cake A Oomerbhoy.

For Copenhagen: 25 bales cotton waste M Chandulal.

For Aho: 30 bales ctn waste clean P D Vora.

S S Panaghis for Port Said (for orders): 26460 bags linseed L Dreyfus; 27020 bags gr nut oil cake L Dreyfus; 592 bags limseed The Cotton Agents; 2669 bags gr nut oil cake The Cotton Agents.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 11th day of November, 1938.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	29,67,78,000
Notes in circulation:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	173,38,83,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	6,75,17,000
Total Notes issued	209,81,78,000
Total Liabilities	209,81,78,000
Ratio of Total of A to 50.795 per cent.	Liabilities:

ASSETS	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:	
(a) Held in India	41,54,53,000
(b) Held outside India	2,86,98,000
Sterling securities	62,16,25,000
Total of A.	106,57,76,000
B. Rupee Coin	70,87,96,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	32,36,06,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial paper	...
Total Assets	209,81,78,000

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 11th November, 1938.

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government—	
1. Central Govt of India	6,03,56,000
2. Govt of Burma	1,48,37,000
3. Other Govt Accounts	4,42,11,000
(b) Banks	15,93,89,000
(c) Others	1,11,37,000
Bills Payable	8,46,000
Other Liabilities	1,77,56,000
Rupees	40,85,32,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	29,67,67,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	11,000
Rupee Coin	5,42,000
Subsidiary Coin	6,53,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	...
(b) External	...
(c) Government Treasury Bills	18,71,000
Balances held abroad*	2,21,72,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	1,62,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	...
Investments	5,79,00,000
Other Assets	1,24,16,000
Rupees	40,85,32,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Nov. 15.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Amr. Power and Light Pfd. 5 p.c. A	38
Amr Forn Power Com.	4
Amr. Forn Power Gold D 5 p.c.	55
Amr. Forn Power Pfd. 7 p.c.	19
Electric Bond Common	12 1/4
Electric Bond 5 p.c. Pfd.	62
Int. Tel. and Tel (Foreign)	9
American Tel and Tel.	149 1/4
Western Union Telg.	27 1/2
Great North Pfd. Rly.	27 1/2
New York Central Rly.	20 1/4
Texas Corp.	44 3/4
Amr. Tobacco B.	89
Union Carbide	89 1/4
United Aircraft	36
Schenley Distillers 5 p.c. Pfd.	76
United States Steel	69
Bethlehem Steel	75
Bethlehem Steel 7 p.c. Pfd.	114
National Steel	81
Republic Steel	25
Anaconda Copper Mining	36 1/4
Int. Nickel of Canada	54
Chrysler Motors	85
General Motors XD	51 1/4
General Electric	45 3/4
Radio Corp	8 1/4
Douglas Aircraft	67 1/4
Consolidated Oil	8 7/8
Socony Oil	13 5/8
Chase Bank	32 1/4
National City Bank	24 3/4
Woolworth	52 1/2

Turnover 1,500,000 shares. Tone irregularley higher. Anaconda earned 65 cents for 9 months ending Sept. 30th. Dow Jones Industrial averages 154.66 against 155.61.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, Nov 16

L Triestino ss Conte Rosa of 9900 reg tons, Captain G Fabris arrived from Shanghai via Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

SAILED

B I S N ss Cranfield of 3213 reg tons Captain C A Vaughan sailed for Karachi via Bhavnagar and Kathiawar Coast Ports with same bottom cargo.

B I S N ss Binfield of 3170 reg tons, Captain S I Howe sailed for Quilon with local cargo.

B I S N ss Bankura of 1896 reg tons Captain R R Marsh sailed for Basra via Verawal, Kathiawar Coast Ports, Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

L Triestino ss Conte Rosso of 9900 reg tons, Captain G Fabris sailed for Trieste via Massowa with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 16-11-38.

S S Frienfels (L E) for Europe and American Ports.

S S Bamora (M M) for Kathiawar Ports, Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports

S S Toyama Maru (N Y K) for Karachi, Colombo and China Japan Ports.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Nov 16

2 Monte Santo 3699 Port Said 16-11 Ralli Bros.
3 Ireania 2905 Port Said, 17-11 Ralli Bros.
7 Toyama Maru 4396 Karachi 16-11 N Y Kaisha
8 City of Benares 6712 Karachi 17-11 J Finlay
11 Serbino 2647 Marmagoa 18-11 J Finlay
15 Westmoor 2638 Australia 24-11 Anchor Line.
16 Gazana 3191 Kobe 17-11 M M

VICTORIA DOCK

3 Bankura 1896 Persian Gulf 16-11 M M
4 Varela 1926 Busra 17-11 M M
12/13 Col di Lana 3709 Okha 16-11 L Triestino

PRINCE'S DOCK

F Jalabala 2211 Rangoon 19-11 Scindia S N
G Victoria Marie 882 Malabar Coast 16-11 Merchant S N
H Hashemi 298 tons N F N F S Hassum
M Khosrou 2471 N F N F T Morrison.
P/O Sophie Marie 677 N F N F Merchant S N

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Narkunda 1-12-38 P and O S N
Carthage 8-12-38 P and O S N
Bhutan 3-12-38 P and O S N
Cathay 24-11-38 P and O S N
Lahore 23-11-38 P and O S N

FROM HULL

Kioto 2-12-38 J Finlay

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Canterbury 28-11-38 K Nixon
City of Dunkerk 18-11-38 K Nixon
Circassia 18-11-38 Anchor Line
Clan Murdoch 15-11-38 J Finlay

FROM HAMBURG

Wertenfels 17-11-38 L Edwards
Almkerk 11-11-38 L Edwards

FROM GOTHENBURG

Rinda 16-11-38 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Pres. Garfield 15-11-38 F F Campbell
City of Bath 27-11-38 F F Campbell

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 19-12-38 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Conte Biancamand 5-12-38 Lloyd Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Ranpura 26-11-38 P and O S N
Conte Rosso 16-11-38 L Triestino
Ryfuku Maru 28-11-38 O S Kaisya
Victoria 30-11-38 L Triestino
Toyama Maru 18-11-38 N Y Kaisha
Tango Maru 29-11-38 N Y Kaisha
Tosan Maru 24-11-38 O S Kaisha

FROM RANGOON

Cranfield 14-11-38 M M

FROM BASHA

Bamora 17-11-38 M M
Varela 12-11-38 L Triestino

FROM SYDNEY

Strathden 19-11-38 P and O S N

FROM CALCUTTA

Gurna 25-11-38 M M

FROM DURBAN

Karanja 10-12-38 M M
Takliwa 26-11-38 M M

FROM KARACHI

Vita 17-11-38 M M
Dalgoma 16-11-38 M M
Takliwa 7-12-38 M M

FOR PORT SAID

Iracania 16-11-38 Ralli Bros.

FOR JEDDAH

Rizwani 28-11-38 T Morrison

FOR RANGOON

Khosrou 16-11-38 T Morrison
Jalabala 19-11-38 Sc. S N

FOR KARACHI

Vita 19-11-38 M M
Kidderpore 15-11-38 P and O S N
City of Benares 17-11-38 J Finlay
Toyama Maru 18-11-38 N Y Kaisha

B. P. T. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Gazana 14-11-38
S S Col di Lana 16-11-38

IMPORTS

S S City of Benares Agents K Nixon and Co from Liverpool: 140 drums oil varnish; 530 d/bags china clay; 40 cases bicarbonate of ammonia; 101 cases whisky; 438 cases quaker oats; 48 cases conserves; 267 drums sodium sulphide; 108 cases cottons; 53 cases biscuits; 45 cases cotton yarn; 50 bundles iron boot protectors; 160 loose pneum tyres; 220 pigs solders; 170 bags keen cement; 225 zales old newspapers; 510 bundles stl baling hoops; 40 cases sledge hammers; 70 drums paint; 50 cases cond milk; 65 kegs aniline dyes; 772 cases lubg oil; 151 cases machinery; 224 bales exhausted cloves; 60 bundles iron tubes; 334 drums flaked caustic soda; 179 coils m s wire; 38 bales wool tops; 159 bundles stl tubes; 200 loose fibrous cement pipes; 270 bundles y m sheets; 400 bundles bicycle rims; 51 cases brenthol; 65 casks alizarine; 125 lse e i cisterns; 134 bales water proof packing paper.

From Glasgow: 175 bales old newspaper; 47 cases printed books; 320 pcs e i cisterns; 50 cases wine; 100 cases beer; 101 bags cut nails; 50 cases lubg oil; 109 cases sewing ctn thread on reels.

From Marseilles: 120 cases iron bolts; 200 cases mineral water; 127 cases cond milk.

From Port Said: 30 bales cotton; 50 cases grape fruit.

M S Talisse Agents Volkart Bros from San Francisco: 710 dms lubg oil; 125 cases cud sardines; 368 cases cud fruit; 169 cases cud asparagus; 62 cases drugs; 57 bales scrap leather;

From Portland: 1154 bundles Douglas fir lumbesr; 1320 pcs pine plank.

From Los Angeles: 564 bags earth colour; 2000 bags soda ash;

From Manila: 50 cases hardened cocoanut oil; 50 bales manila hemp.

From Semarang: 3680 pcs teak planks 263 pcs teak flitchs.

From Sourabaya: 160 bags sizing starch; 40 bags betelnuts; 247 pcs teak flitches; 30 bags long pepper.

From Seattle: 54 cases printing paper

From Taudjong Prick: 557 casks tallow.

From Pasaroean: 97 cases sugar mill machinery.

From Cheribon: 300 bags tapieca flour; 250 drums arrack.

From Penang: 1236 bags pearl tapioca; 180 cases gum.

From Colombo: 10392 bags copra.

From Singapore: 125 bags betelnuts; 75 cases arecanuts.

S S Jalabala Agents Scindia Steam Navigation Co from Bassein: 25678 bags rice.

From Rangoon: 17377 bags rice; 650 tins safety matches.

From Cochin: 92 bags black pepper.

From Tuticorin: 200 bales cotton; 64 chests tea; 72 bags coread husk dust; 50 bales saroli mats; 64 bales cone yarn.

EXPORTS

S S Gazana for Kobe: 300 bales raw cotton C Jethabhai; 100 bales raw cotton B Factories; 100 bales raw cotton Kotak; 200 bales raw cotton N Rajaram; 162 bales raw cotton M Amersey; 200 bales raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading.

S S Strathnaver for Sydney: 40 bales ctn twist waste M Narotamdas; 65 bs ctn twist waste Barot Bros; 30 bales ctn twist waste Jessain Carpet; 16 dms magnesium chloride Pioneer Magnesia Works.

For Auckland: 11 bales ctn twist waste Barot Bros.

For Adelaide: 14 bales cotton twist waste B Uttamram.

S S Mito Maru for Kobe: 100 bales raw cotton The Birla Ctn Factory; 300 bales raw cotton The Nissho; 300 bales raw cotton The Cotton Agents Ltd; 110 tons old iron scrap C Manilal; 205 tons scrap iron Faiz and Co; 150 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros; 500 tons old steel scrap A Popatlal; 200 bales raw cotton L Ramji; 100 bales raw cotton B Gangadhar; 300 bales raw cotton A Clayton; 1700 bales raw cotton N Nagsee; 422 bales raw cotton M Amersey; 450 bales raw cotton Langley; 100 bales raw cotton Kotak; 2200 bales raw cotton T M Kaisha; 500 bales raw cotton K Devchand; 1100 bales raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading; 620 bales raw cotton N Futehally.

For Yokkaichi: 150 bales raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading.

For Osaka: 300 bales cotton raw S Karamsi; 200 bales cotton raw A Khimji; 500 bales cotton raw S R Tulshan; 350 bales cotton raw V Ladha; 254 bs cotton raw N Nagsee; 500 bales raw cotton Kotak; 500 bales raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading.

For Moji: 500 bales raw cotton T M Kaisha.

For Yokohama: 100 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros.

For Shanghai: 300 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros.

S S Conte Rosso for Tripoli: 15 bales ctn grey yarn M A Al Abdul Razzak; 25 bales ctn grey yarn A El Ejel.

For Beyrouth: 12 bales ctn grey yarn M A Al Abdul Razzak; 10 bales ctn grey yarn A El Ejel.

For Trieste: 85 bales raw cotton A H Diab.

S S City of Worcester for Liverpool: 100 bales wool raw H Harji; 32 bales wool raw K Lalbhai; 115 bales cottor raw G Dossa.

S S Frienfels for Hamburg: 545 dms gr nut oil The Swastik Oil Mills; 125 bales cotton rags The Overseas Cotton Waste; 6 bales cowhides D Abraham; 7000 bags gr nut oil cake H Rawji; 2262 bags gr nut oil cake The Swastik Oil Mills; 1335 bags gr nut oil cake The Cotton Agents; 1360 bags gr nut oil cake P Surchand; 57 bales cotton waste N D Kaikini; 23 bales cotton waste M Chandulal.

For Gdynia: 27 bales raw cotton Supt TProducts (India).

For Oslo: 50 bales ctn twist waste T Laxmidas.

For Gothenburg: 125 cases castor oil The Swastik Oil Mills.

For Khaipeda: 13 bales raw cotton

(Continued in col. 5)

New York Cotton Market Nervous Over European Political Situation

MODERATE LONG LIQUIDATION AND HEDGING

Textiles Firm And Market Awaiting Farm Policy

BOMBAY, Nov. 16.

The New York Cotton Market was not cheerful on Tuesday with developments in Europe and easiness of Wall Street discouraging new buying.

Foreign orders were on both sides but sold on balance, while hedging was light and mostly in late months.

Textiles were firm and operators are inclined to await the farm policy. It is said that area under cotton cultivation will be permitted 27 to 29 million acres.

The New York cotton market opened steady but was inactive. Prices declined on nervousness over sterling and the European political situation together with easiness of the Stock market which caused moderate liquidation. Trading later chiefly consisted of December liquidation and exchanging Spot cotton was slow. Textiles were firm and the market closed barely steady.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York market opened at a decline of 3 points with March 8.53. There was scattered buying and prices improved to 8.54 which was the highest level. Later on there was increased selling and March declined to 8.48 which was the lowest level. The market closed at a decline of 3 to 10 points. Spot cotton prices declined 2 points at 9.28c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet with scattered selling and closed at a decline of 3 to 6 points. Spot cotton prices declined 5 points at 8.81c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool market opened unchanged with March 4.87. There was local support on strength of dollar which absorbed hedging. Outside speculative interest was lacking There was local liquidation and hedging with a very small demand. Less favourable International atmosphere restricted outside business. The market closed at a decline of 2 points Middling American spot cotton prices declined 2 points at 5.11d. per lb

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton market was quiet Giza futures declined 7 points and Uppers closed 4 points lower. The Alexandria market was irregular. Sakels closed 9 points down to 5 points up and Ashmouni futures closed 1 to 6 points up.

HEDGE SELLING

Near months have been relatively firm under the influence of the strength in the spot situation derived from the Government loan. Spot prices are very firmly maintained, as much cotton is going into the loan and producers are indifferent sellers. Mills are paying premiums over the loan price for the cotton they require. Distant months are under pressure, especially next October, which is selling at 70 points under December, reflecting the growing conviction that there will be new farm legislation during the next session of Congress, which will possibly omit a loan against the next crop. The Co-operative Association have been the leading sellers of October—sales being believed to be on hedging account—with Bombay the most conspicuous buyer, attracted by the relatively low price.

FARM ACT

Numerous press comments are coming from many sources complaining of the unfavourable results of the present Farm Act, combined with the Administration's evident efforts to improve the situation through the disposal of surplus supplies which have reduced prices for American cotton and are largey responsible for the waning confidence in the future. There has been nothing official from Washington to indicate any change in future plans, and much interest is being displayed in the referendum in December, when farmers will be asked to approve or reject the allotments for next season which Mr. Wallace, the Secretary of Agriculture, is to announce on November 15. The result is expected to give the first real indication of the attitude of producers, and it will possibly have a bearing on developments in Congress. A meeting of American cotton shippers and manufacturers has been called at New York on October 27 to consider the advisability of establishing staple premiums for cotton over 1in. for contracts, so as to conform with the spot markets.—"M. G."

PRIVATE CABLES

N. Y. March Highest (10-3 a.m.)	8.54—02
N. Y. March Lowest (1-54 p.m.)	8.48—08
Liverpool March Highest	4.89+02
Liverpool March Lowest	4.85—02

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from Messrs Geo. H. McFadden and Bro.

Market little reactionary owing December liquidation and European situation. On further reaction around March 8.35 would buy.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends,—

New York.—Market easier on erratic fluctuations in foreign exchanges and unsettled political conditions abroad.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cable from their New York friends:—

"Market affected unfavourably by political situation in Europe. December liquidation. Increased hedge selling. Indifferent demand. Entitled to a reaction after such an advance."

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co., New York cable:—

Government aiming at acreage year 1939, 27-29 millions. Proposed price adjustment and soil conserving payments to farmers 3.5 to 3.8 cents per pound subject to approval of farmers voting 10th December. December cotton New York first notice day November 25th. Copper New York July 10.07.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Nov. 15.

December	8.58—08
January	8.55—03
March	8.48—08
May	8.29—07
July	8.15—05
October	7.88—10
Middling spot	9.28—08

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, Nov. 15.

December	8.71—06
January	8.66—03
March	8.60—05
Middling spot	8.81—05

NEW YORK
New York, Nov. 15.

11 a.m. Ranges—

December	8.59/8.59
January	8.53/8.53
March	8.50/8.50
Noon Call—	
December	8.59
March	8.50

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, Nov. 15.

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports	21,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	2,000
Day's exports to the Continent	2,000
Day's exports to China and Japan	3,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, Nov. 15.

November	4.79—05
December	4.81—02
January	4.82—02
February	4.83—02
March	4.85—02
April	4.85—02
May	4.85—02
June	4.84—02
July	4.84—02
August	4.80—02
September	4.76—02
October	4.72—03
November	4.73—03
Middling spot	5.11—02
10-12 a.m. quotations—	
January	4.84
March	4.87

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, Nov. 15.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£72 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£77 3/4
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£91 3/4
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	111 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£71 1/2
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£99 1/4
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952 £99	
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£109
Victory Bonds	£108
Chartered Bank of I.A. and China	£9 3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	£82
National Bank of India	£33 7/8
P and O Banking Corporation	£7

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, Nov. 15.

T. T. London on:—	
New York	4.71.12
Paris	178.34
Berlin	11.76
Madrid	100.00
Montreal	4.75
Amsterdam	8.70 1/4
Brussels	27.84 1/2
Milan	29.56
Berne	20.85

NEW YORK COFFEE
New York, Nov. 15.

Fair Rio Coffee No. 7 quality	5 3/4

LONDON SEEDS.
London, Nov. 15.

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton Nov. sellers	10/13/9
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton Nov. sellers	12/0/0
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton Nov. sellers	12/5/0
Rapeseed Toria Hull-Cont. c.i.f. ton Nov-Dec. sellers	11/12/6
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton Nov-Dec. sellers	10/17/6

LONDON PRODUCE
London, Nov. 15.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels Nov-Dec. sellers	22/7 1/2
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels Nov-Dec. sellers	23/7 1/2
Wheat South Australia parcels Nov. sellers	23/9

LINSEED OIL
London, Nov. 15.

Linseed Oil London per cwt. naked Nov. paid sellers	22/9
Linseed Oil London per cwt. naked Jan-Apr. paid	22/3

LONDON SPELTER
London, Nov. 15.

Spelter hard (Indian Brand) f.o.b.	13 3/4 to 14 3/4

LONDON RUBBER
London, Nov. 15.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. sellers	8 3/16

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Nov. 16.

Following a decline of 8 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 158/8 for Broach A/M. delivery and declined to Rs. 158 on general long liquidation. Business was restricted and the tone of the market was quiet.

Liverpool market opened at a decline of 2 points. The local market was quiet with Broach A/M quoted at Rs. 158. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:

F. G. M. G.—	
Broach A/M	Rs. 158 12 0
Broach J/A	160 0 0
Fine M. G.—	
Oomra D/J	145 0 0
Oomra March	145 0 0
F. G. M. G.—	
Bengal D/J	121 12 0
Bengal March	123 0 0

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Nov 16

Bengal Superfine 124/25 Nov +7 Dec +5

Bengal Fine 121/22 Nov +5 Dec +4 1/2

Bengal F G 118/19

C P 1 149/50 Nov +15 Dec +13 1/2

C P 2 147/48 Nov +7 1/2 Dec +6 1/2

Arvi 147/48

Amraoti 144/46

Ellichpur 145/47

Berar 146/47 Nov +5 Dec +2 1/2

Khandesh 139/41 Nov —2 Dec —4

Jalna Sailu 139/41

Burwah Sanavad 146/47

Khandwa 146/47

Harda Khirkiya 146/47

Mathia 125/30 Dec —11

Malkapur 141/43

Broach 146/50 Feb +3 March +2 1/2

Punjab 4 F Feb No/Dc.

Punjab 289 F Feb +55

Sindh N T 183/88 Feb +45

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Nov 16

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Khandesh		426	656
Central India	641	27,676	11
Barsi and Nagar	300	4,488	795
Hyderabad Gaorani		254	
Berar	861	7,374	138
Central Provinces	132	10,034	92
Total Oomras	1,934	50,252	1,692
Dholera	1,292	26,545	1,465
N W Provinces		2	459
Rajputana		2,507	
Sind Punjab	2,268	30,915	39,254
Broach	44	9,505	1,406
Coompta & Dharwar	103	7,563	4,749
Westerns Northerns	12	5,780	723
Cocoanada			12
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		1,387	809
American		512	317
Egyptian, African and Sudan		92,037	75,163
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		6	268
Total		5,653 227,001	126,317

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 10th Nov

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Europe	165	38,592	36,278
Japan and China	5,157	195,873	50,656
Coast Ports		9,051	18,517
Up-country by Rail		58,560	63,553
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		7,262	809
Total	5,322	304,338	169,813

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1938-39	1937-38
Receipts to date 15-11-38	2420000	4527000
Receipts yesterday 15-11-38	21000	42000
Exports to date 15-11-38	1342000	2171000
Stock at Ports 12-11-38	3203000	3234000
Stock at Interior Towns 12-11-38	3502000	2385000
Stock at Liverpool 11-11-38	1098000	781000
Visible Supply 12-11-38	8074000	7199000
Quantity in sight 12-11-38	5850000	8016000
Quantity out of sight 12-11-38	3411000	3698000

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 13th/14th Nov.	3,910
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1938	221,358
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	125,430
Increase	95,928

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—

Dec. 86 Jan. 91 March 104 May 123 July 135 Oct. 138 at Cross Rate 4.71

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M. 1939 158/8—Liverpool May 1939 4.85 Rs. 52 3/4 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach J/A 1939 160/8—Liverpool July 1939 4.84 Rs. 50 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach A/M. 1939 158/8—New York May 8.29 Rs. 37 at Cross Rate 4.71.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach J/A. 1939 160/8—New York July 8.15 Rs. 31 3/4 at Cross Rate 4.71.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Nov. 15.

Broach A/M. 1939 op 159 3/4; highest 159 3/4; lowest 159 1/4; closing 159 3/4.

Broach J/A. op 161 1/2; highest 161 3/4; lowest 161 1/8; closing 161 3/4.

Oomra D/J op 145 1/8; highest 145 1/8; lowest 145 1/8; closing 146 1/8.

Oomra March op 145 5/8; highest 146 3/4; lowest 145 5/8; closing 146 3/4.

Bengal D/J. op 122 1/8; highest 122 1/2; lowest 122 1/8; closing 122 1/2.

Bengal Mar. op 123 1/4; highest 123 7/8; lowest 123 1/4; closing 123 7/8.

T/Mandi for Broach A/May 1939 (21-11-38) Rs. 2 1/8.

T/Mandi for Broach A/May 1939 (24-3-39) Rs. 10 1/8

T/Mandi for Broach J/Aug. 1939 (24-6-39) Rs. 14

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Nov. 16.

Yesterday London gold prices advanced 17d. to £7-8-3 London Paris Exchange rate was 37 points down at 178.34. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.71. London silver prices advanced 1/4d to 19 15/16d. There was American trade buying India and speculators bought. Offerings were small and owing to erratic fluctuations in exchange business was restricted. New York silver was unchanged and Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 0.8 1/16. The local market was fairly firm with increased demand for gold while silver prices fluctuated with a narrow range.

GOLD

Reacy	51 0 0
Magsar	51 0 6
Magsar Tejimandi	0 4 6
Posh delivery	50 15 6
Posh Tejimandi	0 7 0

SILVER

Ready	36 14 3
Magsar	36 14 6
Magsar Tejimandi	0 10 0
Posh delivery	36 14 9
Posh Tejimandi	1 1 0

LONDON SILVER
London, Nov. 15.

Spot	19 15/16
Forward	19 9/16

LONDON GOLD
London, Nov. 15.

Gold bars fine per oz	£7-8-3

ABSENCE OF STRENGTH IN LONDON SILVER

A cable received here states:—

Market advanced under influence of Dollar Sterling Exchange only moderate volume business done at fixing. At the moment America possible official buyer fixed immediate deliveries. Future largely depends Dollar Sterling Exchange but apart from influence Dollar Sterling Exchange General undertone appears to lack strength.

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Nov. 16.

London Market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£45/7/6
Standard copper 3 months	£45/15/0
Electrolytic copper	£52/10/0
Bombay Market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 40/12/0
Copper sheets	Rs. 49/0

Tone:—Steady.

LONDON METALS

London, Nov. 15.

Copper	£45 12 6
Lead	£16 5 0
Spelter	£14 8 9
Tin	£125 12 6

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Nov. 15.

December	£9-16-3.
January	£9-15-0.

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Nov. 15.

December	54 1/8d.
March	54d.
May	54 5/8d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Nov. 15.

December	dol 0.64.
May	dol 0.66 1/8.
July	dol 0.66 1/8.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Nov. 16.

Castorseeds May—	
Opening	28 2 0
Highest	28 3 0
Lowest	28 2 0
Closing	28 3 0
Groundnuts Feb—	
Opening	26 6 0
Highest	26 6 0
Lowest	26 4 6
Closing	26 5 3
Cottonseeds Jan.—	
Opening	20 2 6
Highest	20 2 6
Lowest	20 1 0
Closing	20 1 6

New York Sugar

New York, Nov. 15.

January	2.07.
March	2.08.
May	2.11.
July	2.13.

Bombay Sugar

Ready Javas Rs. 15-4-0.

Shipment Dec. Rs. 5-7-0.

Shipment Jan.-March Rs. 5-11-0.

Shipment July.-Sept. Rs. 5-15-0.

Kesar Rs. 14-8-0.

Saraya Rs. 14-6-0.

Java Spot F. 6.10.

LONDON SUGAR

London, Nov. 15.

December	5s. 8 3/4d.

U. S. A. Cotton Mills Consumption

Total cotton consumption during October amounted 543000 bales in U. S. A. mills comparative figures are as under:—

	Bales.
1938	543,000
1937	526,000
1936	646,000
1935	552,000
1934	520,000

Alexandria Cottor

Alexandria, Nov. 15.

SAKEL—	
November	13.95—6.
January	14.22—0.
March	14.40+5.
ASHMOUNI—	
December	11.15—1.
February	11.24+1.
GIZA—	
November	14.00—3.
January	14.10—3.
March	14.18—2.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Nov. 16.

3 1/2 per cent G P Notes (Cash)	98/3
2 3/4 per cent 1940/52 Loan	99/10
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan	111/12
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	102/14
3 per cent 1963/65	98/2
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50	105/6
4 per cent 1940/43 Bonds	108/6
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	111/6
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	119
5 per cent U P Bonds	98
5 per cent 1939/44 Loan	102/6
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan	106/2
TAX FREES	
5 per cent 1945/55 Loan	116/12
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore	111/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	124
CORPURATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent 1974 B P T	110/4
4 per cent 1974 M Deb	109/8
4 per cent 1974 M Deb	118
5 per cent 1954 M Deb	130

Note:—No change. Market steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Nov. 16.

B C RATES—

T T D D 1/5 27/32

LONDON—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 29/32

Bank's buying T T 1/5 15/16

Bank's buying D D 1/5 31/32

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/32 to March 1/6 1/16 April/October

NEW YORK—

Bank's selling T T 285 7/8

Bank's buying T T 282 5/8

Bank's buying D D 281 1/8

PARIS—

Bank's selling T T 1,315

Bank's buying T T 1,349

JAPAN—

Bank's selling T T 78 5/8

Bank's buying T T 78

Bank's buying 60 days 77

AMSTERDAM—

Bank's selling D D 64 3/8

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 64 1/4

HONGKONG—

Bank's selling D D 85

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 47 3/8

SINGAPORE—

Bank's selling D D 157 1/4

BERLIN—

Bank's selling D D 86 1/2

CROSS RATE—

New York/London 4.70.50 15th inst.

Japan/London. 1/2 1/64 16th inst.

Hongkong/London 1/2 31/32 16th Inst.

Shanghai/London 0/8 1/16 16th inst.

Java/London 8.68 16th inst.

London/Paris 178.34 15th inst.

London/Belgium 27.64 1/2 15th inst.

London/Switzerland 20.85 15th inst.

London/Berlin 11.76 15th inst.

London/Stockholm 19.41 1/2 15th inst.

London/New York 4.71.12 15th inst.

London/Amsterdam 8.69 1/2 15th inst.

London/Italy 89.56 15th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet, Dull.

Gold £1-6-8 14th inst.

Gold £7-8-3 15th inst.

Silver London Ready 19 11/16 14th inst.

Silver London Ready 19 15/16 15th inst.

Silver London Forward 19 3/8 14th inst.

Silver London Forward 19 9/16 15th inst.

Silver New York Ready 43 14th inst.

Silver New York Ready 43 15th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 17/32 to 9/16 per cent 14th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 17/32 to 9/16 per cent 15th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 3/4 per cent 14th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 3/4 per cent 15th inst.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—

Call 1/4 per cent.

3 months 1 per cent.

6 months 1 1/4 per cent

Tone:—Easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Nov. 15.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	77 3/4
3 1/2 per cent	91 3/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59 X.D.	101 3/4
4 per cent 1948/53 X.D.	105 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	111 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	115
5 per cent 1942/47 X.D.	107 3/4
3 per cent 1949/52	98 3/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	71 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	99
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	109
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary Steady	47/6

BOMBAY YARN EXCHANGE

Bombay, Nov. 16.

Yarn No. 6 1/2s.—	
December	98 0 0
February	98 0 0
Yarn No. 10 1/2s—	
December	111 0 0
February	111 0 0
Yarn No. 20 1/2s—	
December	151 0 0
February	150 0 0
Yarn No. 40s—	
December	233 0 0
February	233 0 0

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, Nov. 15.

GIZA—	
Spot	8.21+2.
November	7.54—7.
January	7.70—7.
March	7.64—7.
May	7.60—7.
Giza No. 2	
January	7.83—7.
March	7.83—7.
May	7.82—8.
UPPERS—	
Spot	6.48+1.
November	6.30—4.
January	6.32—4.
March	6.33—4.
May	6.35—4.
July	6.36—4.
October	6.24—4.
November	6.16—4.

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, Nov. 16.

January	53.70
February	53.70

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Nov. 16.

November	204.10—40

Tata Steel Shares Rule Fairly Steady

REALISING AND COVERING RESULT IN NARROW FLUCTUATIONS

Undertone Very Steady

BOMBAY: November 16.

Yesterday the Wall-Street Market was steady with American business news a sustaining factor. Operators were, however, cautious owing to European developments and U. S. Steel shares closed dol 1/8 up and Anaconda Coppers were unchanged.

The local market was fairly steady with a moderate turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. The tone of the market was steady throughout the session.

During the middle of the session there was some realising and prices declined from the opening level but the losses were mostly recovered during the later part of the session.

Following small change in Wall Street Market, there was little fresh business. Outside business continues small.

At the opening Tata Steel Dfds. were quoted at Rs. 1,522 and prices eased off to Rs. 1,500, when short covering appeared and prices rallied to Rs. 1,527-8. It appears that at about Rs. 1,500 level the market is receiving good support from Professionals.

Cotton Mill shares fluctuated within a narrow range and other scrips on the forward list failed to show very marked change.

Dow Industrial averages were 154.66 yesterday against 155.61 on the previous day.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, Nov. 16

100	Ahmd. Advance	426	4
200	BOMBAY DYEING	895	0
100	CENTURY	267	0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	244	8
100	COLABA	150	0
100	Coorla	95	0
250	David	75	0
250	Dawn	325	0
1.	E D Sassoon	0	5 9
100	Finlay	117	8
100	GOKAK	156	8
1,000	Hindustan	1,700	0
100	Indore	55	0
100	Khatau	117	8
100	KOHINOOR	266	8
150	Laxmi	525	0
250	Madras United	35	0
100	Morarji	136	0
250	Model	47	8
50	MYSORE	92	8
200	NEW GREAT	238	0
100	Oosmanshahi	40	0
100	PHOENIX	230	0
25	Sassoon Silk	73	0
1,000	Sholapur	3100	0
50	SIMPLEX	81	8
100	SWADESHI	224	0
100	Swan	102	0
500	Vishnu	1225	0
1,000	Western	860	0
	BANKS.		
50-100	Baroda	112	12
25-50	Central	30	0
500	Imperial	1,577	8
125-500	Imp Conty.	385	10
50-100	India	146	8
100	Reserve Bank	115	12
5	Unions	5	13 0
	CEMENTS.		
100	Associated	110	8
	INSURANCE.		
100-500	Empire	696	4
15-100	Jupitor	13	4
20	Mercantile	52	0
15-100	New India	38	2
200	Oriental	4325	0
10-50	Vulcan	7	2
	ELECTRIC		
100	Ah. Old	140	0
1,000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1,442	8
10	Ajmer	12	2
10	Amalgmd.	13	0
50	Bombay Tram	122	4
100	Bombay Suburban	142	8
10	Broach	10	4
100	Karachi	185	0
100	Poona	156	4
100	Surat	167	8
100	TATA HYDRO	158	8
1,000	TATA POWER	1,332	8
	RAILWAYS.		
100	Ahmedabad Prantij	940	0
100	C. Province	100	4
100	Dn. Baramati	103	4
100	Gujarat	100	4
100	Mandra Bhon	99	4
100	Pachora Jamner	97	4
100	Sara Serajgunj	101	0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Nov. 16.

Bombay Dyeing (898/12) 900 895 890 892 895

Century (267/8) 267 266 267

Central India (245) 244 243 244 244/8

Kohinoor (267) 267 266/8

New Great (239) 240 239 237 238

Simplex (82/8) 82/8 81/8

Swadeshi (225) 225 222 223 224

Associated Cement (111/4) 111 110

Andhra (1447/8) 1442/8

Tram. Ord. (122/8) 122/8 122/4

Tata Hydro (157/8) 158

Tata Power (1335) 1335 1331 1335 1339 1332

T. Steel Dfd. (1520) 1520 1513 1515 1500 1512 1502 1520 1517 1527 1525 1527/8

T. Steel Ord. (316) 316 313/8 314 312/8 316/8 315/8 316/8

Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (160) 159 162 160

Bellapur (184/8) 184 183 184

B. Steam (223) 223 224

B. Burma (535) 532 527 531 528 532 535

500	Tapti Valley	726	4
	MINING.		
9	Burma Corp.	6	8
2sh.	Indian Copper	2	9
10	Indian Iron and Steel	32	6
10	Shivrajpur	52	8
75	TATA STEEL DFDS.	1,527	6
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	316	8
	MISCELLANEOUS		
100	ALCOCK	320	0
60	BELAPUR SUGAR	184	0
200-250	Bombay Safe Dep.	340	0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	224	0
125	B. BURMA	535	0
50	Bombay Conty.	185	10
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3	7 9
50	BOM. TELEPHONE	83	0
100	I. BLEACHING	127	0
50	I. Invest Trust	42	0
100	I. Radio Defd	390	0
100	I. Radio Ord.	385	10
100	Port Canning	74	0
30	Premier Con. XD	66	0
15	Scindia	20	2
25	Tata Oil Mill (nil)	42	8
	PREFERENCE		
5	1/2 Amalgmad (T. F.)	106	0
7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1,492	8
6	p.c. Bombay Steam XD	293	12
7	p.c. Bombay Tram (T.F.)	72	8
5	p.c. Central India (T.F.)	576	4
6	1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 1st	109	0
6	1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd	97	0
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	150	10
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1,583	12
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	296	0
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd.	160	0
7	p.c Vishnu	717	8
	DEBENTURES		
3	3/4 p.c Andhra Valley	102	8
6	p.c Andhra Valley	107	12
4	p.c. Bombay Telephone	52	12
7	p.c. Sholapur	80	8
6	p.c. Tata Hydro.	108	8

(Capital) Letters indicate Shares on Forward List.)

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Nov. 16.

GOVT. SECURITIES.	
3 1/2 per cent Paper	98/3
4 per cent 1960-70	111/6
5 per cent 1945-55	116/11
BANKS.	
Bank of Baroda	112/12
Bank of Hindusthan	29/12
Bank of India	146/8
Central Bank	30
Imperial Bank F.P.	1577/8
Imperial Bank P.P.	385/10
Indian Overseas Bank	44/4
Reserve Bank	115/12
Union Bank	5/13
TEXTILES	
Ahmd. New Textiles	505
Ambica	230
Arun	227/8
Arvind	1225
Asok	223/12
Bharatkhand	2510
Bombay Dyeing	892/8
Buckingham and Carnatics	202
Calico	612/8
Central India	243/12
Century	266/4
Colaba	149/6
Delhi Cloth and Gen. Mills	372/8
Elgin	212/8
Gokak	155/10
Hukumchand	168/2
Indore	55
Jubilee	206/4
Khatau Makanji	117/8
Kohinoor	265
Laxmi Cotton	525
Madhusudan	200
Marsden	103/2
Morarji	135
Mysore	95/10
Nandlal Bhandari	77/4
New Great	237/8
Raipur XD	700
Rajnagar	230
Sajjan	97/8
Sholapur	3100
Simplex	81/4
Swadeshi	223/2
Vishnu	1225
HYDRO ELECTRICS.	
Andhra Valley Ord.	1440
Tata Hydro Ord.	157/13
Tata Power Ord.	1330
ELECTRICS.	
Ahmedabad Electrics	140
Ajmer Electrics	12/8
Bombay Suburban	142/8
Bombay Tram.	122/3
Surat Electrics	167/8
MISCELLANEOUS.	
Air Services of India	5/8
Alcock Ashdown	319/6
Associated Cements	110/4
Belapur	183/2
Bombay Burma New	188/12
Bombay Burma Old	532/8
Bombay Steam	223/2
Bombay Telephone	83
Br. B. Petrol	3/9
Burma Corporation	6/8
Dalmia Cement	10
Indian Bleaching	126/4
Industrial Investment Tr.	42
Indian Radio Ord.	385/10
Indian Radio Defd.	390
Indian Copper	2/9
Indian Iron	32/6
Mysore Sugar	27/4
Port Canning	73/4
Premier Construction	66
Rohtas Industries	26/4
Scindia Steam	20/2
Shivrajpur	52/4
Tata Oil	42/8
Tata Steel Ordy.	315/12
Tata Steel Defd.	1522/8
JUTES.	
Birla Jute	15/12
Howrah	52
Hukumchand	6/12
Kamarhatty	480
Kankanarrah	360
Lawrence	337
Reliance	80

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BOMBAY: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1938

Grigg Challenges Sardar's Figures

TRUTH ABOUT DOUBLE TAXATION RELIEF

Income-tax Bill Before Assembly: Tribute To Bhulabhai

NEW DELHI: November 16.

Consideration of the Income-tax Bill began to-day with a speech by the Finance Member, Sir James Grigg, to which the Legislative Assembly listened in cordial humour.

Sir James began with an expression of gratitude to the Members of the Select Committee.

THE HOUSE, HE SAID, WOULD BE INTERESTED, IF NOT SURPRISED, GIVEN THE CHARACTER OF THE FINANCE MEMBER AND THE QUALITY OF THE SUBJECT (LAUGHTER), TO BE TOLD THAT NEVER AT ANY TIME WAS THERE A JARRING OR ILL-TEMPERED NOTE.

The Finance Member paid a tribute to the contribution made by the Leader of the Opposition and referred to the immense knowledge, skill and energy that he threw into the common pool. Whether Mr. Desai would be proud of the work he had done, the Finance Member could not say; but if the Bill was passed into Law in anything like its present form, it would bear the impress of his skill and knowledge.

It was true that on some of the questions Mr. Desai came with a closed mind. "But then, so did I." (Laughter). "My gratitude to him is coloured with a tinge of regret that my time in India has been spent so largely in public controversy with him instead of collaboration, but the regret is tempered by what I hope he will allow me to call private friendship."

THE HONEST HAVE NO FEAR

The Select Committee, continued the Finance Member, had in general made no fundamental alteration in the Bill. It had been stiffened up against the tax dodger and its rigours softened in the interest of the honest taxpayer where it has been safe to do so. It was not the intention to make the machine harsher for the honest and the dishonest alike. The intention was to make it harsher against the dishonest and it was also the intention so to improve the administration that none but the evasive and the dishonest had anything to fear. The powers to deal with obstruction and dishonesty must be there, but in the long run decent administration and supervision must be relied upon to ensure that they are not being used against the righteous.

DOUBLE INCOME-TAX RELIEF

Referring to double income-tax relief Sir James said now that the Congress High Command had associated itself with the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce, a good deal was bound to be heard about it; and he hoped they would be able to discuss the matter in an uncontroversial spirit. He gave some figures which he suggested would help the House to view the question in its proper perspective. An Indian Company operating in India under the present law paid in all 3¼ anna in the rupee; while an English Company operating in India paid in all 4¼ annas in the rupee.

IF SECTION 49 IS REPEALED

If Section 49 of the original Act giving double income-tax relief were repealed, an English Company in India would pay five and a half annas in the rupee and if the United Kingdom repealed the reciprocal relief the English Company would pay 7 3/4 annas. At present for every lakh of relief that India gave, the United Kingdom gave to the doubly taxed companies two lakhs.

RELIEF FIGURES

He pointed out that the relief figures at the present moment, according to the latest statistics, was not 1,30,00,000 though this figure had been reached in the past—but 85 lakhs of which 25 lakhs was company super-tax or corporation tax so that the amount available for distribution to the provinces, if this relief was repealed, would not be 130 lakhs as had been claimed, but 60 lakhs and this amount was not appreciably different from what he hoped to get if the present Clause Four (proposing to tax the foreign income of a resident Indian) was passed into Law with the concommitant repeal of exemption of leave salaries from income-tax.

SLAB FOR STEP

Sir James dealt with the danger of over-simplification of Income-tax Law and proceeded to mention some of the consequences of the adoption of the slab system in place of the step system. He defined the step system which was now followed as the system of charging income-tax on the whole income of a person, while the slab system was the system of taxing successive slices of income at progressively higher rates. Under the slab system basing the calculation on the specimen scale of taxes given by the Income-tax Committee upto an income of Rs. 8,000 a year, everybody would pay less than at present; of those with incomes be-

(Continued on page 10, col. 1)

KEEP PACE WITH MARCH OF TIME

Tagore On Need Of New Philosophy For India

SANTINIKETAN, Nov. 15.

"We cannot go on blindly following the advice of so-called friends of our country and let them exploit our resources for themselves. We need keeping pace with the march of time and specially require industrial enterprise and scientific culture. Days of courting poverty and plagues in the name of spiritualism are gone for ever and we must realise, however great our civilisation might be, it will crumble to dust unless we have adequate power to maintain it."

Thus said Dr. Rabindranath Tagore in the course of a speech presiding over a meeting held here to-day where Prof. Maghnad Saha gave a discourse to the students and staff of Viswa-Bharati on the "need for a new philosophy of life for India."

NEED OF NEW PHILOSOPHY

Prof. Saha in the course of his speech made a vehement protest against blind adherence to useless traditions and customs of the past and made a strong plea for evolving a new philosophy of life for the nation centred round political, social and industrial uplift.

He said that the key for industrial uplift lay in harnessing forces of Nature and making it available for industrial work by co-ordinated State effort.—United Press.

DACOIT SHOT DEAD, ANOTHER ARRESTED

(From A Correspondent)

GWALIOR, Nov. 15.

News has been received of the shooting of one dacoit and arrest of another by the Gwalior Police. The two outlaws, after serving a long sentence of imprisonment, came out of jail and murdered two persons, whose evidence, it is said, had led to their conviction. They started committing dacoities in the country-side and became a menace to public security.

On receiving information that the dacoits were hiding in a jungle in Guna district, the Superintendent of Police with a posse of constables surrounded the dacoits and succeeded in arresting one and killing the other.

KISAN WORKERS ORDERED TO QUIT

(From Our Correspondent).

PATNA, Nov. 16.

I understood, four Kisan Sabha workers, namely Jadunandan Sharma, Raghunath Brahmachari Bharti and Ganguli have been served notices under Section 144 to quit Warisaliganj police station, Reora, District Gaya.

The order is a sequel to the alleged agitation made for the forcible possession of 1,000 bighas of bakast lands.

Tea party was given by prominent businessmen of Bombay, subjects of Porebunder State, to the Maharaja and Maharani of Porebunder at the Cricket Club of India, Bombay, on Tuesday evening. Mr. Pranlal Devkaran Nanji is seen introducing the Maharaja to the invitees.

MUNICIPAL TAX ON FOREIGN GOODS

Suggestion At Municipalities Conference

PATNA, Nov. 14.

A suggestion that Municipalities be empowered to levy tax on foreign goods imported within the limits of Municipal areas and grants be given by Provincial Government to Municipalities for the introduction of free and compulsory primary education within their jurisdictions was made by Mr. Bindheshwari Prasad Varma in his presidential address at the Bihar Municipalities Conference.

The Bihar Municipalities Conference which was opened by the Minister for Local Self-Government began its deliberations at Bhagalpur day before yesterday with a large gathering of representative of all the Municipal bodies in the Province.—A. P.

Industrial Home In Saran Village

PATNA, Nov 14.

Foundation stone has been laid to open industrial home in village Bhopatpur in the district of Saran. The industrial home which was started some time back with a view to train village people in cottage industries.—A. P.

Military School Arrangements

PATNA, Nov 14.

The temporary appointment of Mr. G. M. Jadav for a period of five months from October 15, 1938 for drawing up a "concrete scheme and making preliminary arrangements for starting a military school in Bihar" is notified by the Government of Bihar today.—A. P.

It is understood an Agency Dafedar was fined departmentally for taking Agency Sawards without the permission of higher authorities.

INDUSTRIAL SURVEY OF BENGAL

Govt. Set Up Experts Committee To Report Within Year

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

With a view to formulating a scheme for the improvement and development of the industries of the province, the Government of Bengal have set up a Committee of Expert with Dr. John Mathai, Director General of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, as Chairman to carry out extensive industrial surveys in the province and make recommendations.

The scope of the surveys will include exploration of new possibilities and investigation of problems and difficulties of existing industries in the province, both large and small and cottage industries Mr. J. N. Sen Gupta, Secretary of the Bengal National Chamber of Commerce, will be secretary of the Committee. The surveys are expected to be completed within one year.—United Press.

With a view to discussing the present political situation in Rajkot and devising ways and means to give necessary help to the people of Rajkot in their present struggle, a meeting of the people of Kathiawar residing in Baroda will be held here shortly.

(Continued from col. 7)

the Premier of Madras at the Secretariat this afternoon requesting him to enlarge them on bail, in view of the appeal which is pending before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council.

The petition is under the consideration of the Government.

It is learnt the Madras Government are in communication with the India Office Solicitors to ascertain the exact position of the proceedings in the Privy Council in respect of this case.—A. P.

Reserve Bank Governor Found Guilty

Madras High Court's Judgment

MADRAS, Nov. 16.

"To commit on a case which is about to come before the court with knowledge of the fact is, in our opinion, just as much a contempt as comment on a case actually launched", observed the Chief Justice delivering judgment to-day on behalf of the full bench in the application filed in the Madras High Court to take out contempt proceedings against Sir James Taylor, Governor of the Reserve Bank, Mr. M. M. Bhargava, Manager of the Madras branch of the Reserve Bank and the editors of certain Madras newspapers in respect of the publication of the letter dated 22nd July by Sir James Taylor to the Prime Minister of Madras and other matters connected with the Travancore National and Quilon Bank Ltd., (now in liquidation).

The Chief Justice in the course of the judgment said that at the time when Sir James's letter of 22nd July was published the reconstruction scheme had not been placed before the court but it was known that a committee of creditors proposed to put forward a scheme.

"The Court does not in any way doubt that the first respondent (Sir James Taylor) was actuated by the best motives, but inasmuch as he publicly advised the acceptance of the petition for winding up, a matter which the Court was being called upon to decide, and as a reconstruction scheme was about to be put before the Court, we are constrained to hold that there was in law contempt of Court.

"The second respondent (Mr. M. M. Bhargava) played a less important part in the matter and in writing to the Prime Minister on August 9 he was acting on the instructions of the first respondent. He, however, shared in securing the release for publication of the letter complained of, and while the Court also acquits him of any intention to act in contempt and accepts that he acted in good faith, he did in fact share in the contempt.

Referring to the position of the editors of the respective papers, the Chief Justice said, "they all published the first respondent's letter of July 22 and as the publication of the letter constitutes contempt of court, the editor of each paper in which it appeared must be deemed to share in the contempt. "We do not think it is necessary to enter upon a detailed discussion of the other matters which appeared in these papers relating to the affairs of the Bank. The Court regards the publication by the "Madras Mail" of the leading article of July 22nd and the letter from 'A Creditor' and the publication by the "Hindu" of the statement of the Managing Editor of the "Indian Finance" as also constituting contempt of court, but will treat the other published statements as not being in contempt. As in the case of the first and second respondent, the court accepts the statement that the editors had no intention of acting in contempt and that their 'bona fides' are not in any way in question.

The Chief Justice referring to committal in the judgment said: "The power to commit for contempt of Court is not to be lightly used and should be reserved for cases where the contempt is deliberate and of such a nature that committal is called for.

"In the present case all that can be said, is that the respondents acted without due consideration. They have all expressed their regret to the Court and we think that the matter may be left there. Sufficient has probably been said to prevent a similar situation arising in future.

Pointing out to the action of the Government in this matter the Chief Justice said "at the conclusion of the arguments the learned Advocate General addressed the court on behalf of the Government of Madras. He stated that the Government accepted responsibility for the publication of the letter of the first respondent, and that the Government felt it would be failing in its duty to the shareholders and depositors scattered in different parts of India and Ceylon if it did not release the letter of the 1st respondent.

'There can be no duty to release for publication in the press the letter advising on a matter which is 'sub judice' and the release itself constituted a technical contempt, but no complaint has been made of this and we, of course, accept learned Advocate General's statement that the Government felt it its duty to publish the letter."—

The Court has been asked to give an indication of what may and what may not be published in circumstances such as this. It is impossible for the Court to do so. It would mean traversing a very long distance and even then it would not lead to a complete statement It is, however, fundamental that a discussion in a newspaper of the rights and wrongs of a case when pending before a Court is improper and constitutes Contempt of Court. This does not mean that reference cannot be made to pending cases or that items of news which are connected with pending cases should not be published. No objection, could for instance be taken to the publication in a press of the statement that the creditors of the company in respect of which a winding up order has been passed have put forward a scheme for re-construction, but what cannot be permitted is a discussion of the attitude which the Court should adopt when considering the scheme.—A. P.

PLEA FOR BAIL OF BANK DIRECTORS

Madras Govt. Considers Advocate's Petition

MADRAS, Nov. 16.

On behalf of the four arrested directors of the Travancore National and Quilon Bank (now in liquidation), Mr. K. Bashyam (Advocate) presented a petition to

(Continued in col. 5)

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — *GUNMAN'S BLUFF*

A SMART ONE YOU ARE! INSPECTOR WADE OF SCOTLAND YARD RIGHT IN YOUR HANDS — AND YOU DON'T EVEN KNOW IT!
I THOUGHT THEY WERE WORKMEN....
BUT REMEMBER, MY DEAR LIL-I DON'T LIKE TO BE LAUGHED AT... BY WADE, OR BY YOU! I MIGHT FORGET TO BE A GENTLEMAN!
THERE THEY GO, SLICK! I'LL GET 'EM!
DON'T BE A FOOL- IT'S TOO LONG A CHANCE! MR. WADE'S HEADING FOR A SURER FATE THAN THAT!
PUTTIN' GREASE ON SURE SAVED US, WADE....WHERE WE GOIN' NOW?
WE'RE GOING TO HIT THE HAY! EVEN A DETECTIVE NEEDS SLEEP, DONAVAN!
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8-17

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